

INDIA: WESTERN GHATS AND NILGIRI ENDEMICS SET DEPARTURE TRIP REPORT

12 - 25 JANUARY 2020

By Dylan Vasapolli



Malabar Trogon was one of the trip's main targets and showed well on a number of occasions.

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Overview

This two-week set-departure tour takes in the best of southern Indian birding and gives one access to nearly all of the Western Ghats endemics. Beginning in Bangalore the tour gradually moves southward, first to Mysore and the excellent Mudumalai area, and, following some time here, to the high-elevation town of Ooty, where a number of prized endemics await in the Nilgiri Mountains. Continuing on our southward trajectory we move across the Palghat Gap into the Anaimalai Hills to the south, which have their own suite of endemics, and we focus our time on birding around Topslip, Chinnar Wildlife Sanctuary, and the town of Munnar. The tour then progresses to the Kerala coast, where our remaining days are spent birding arguably *the* best birding area in southern India, Thattekad Bird Sanctuary, before the tour comes to an end in Kochi.



The Critically Endangered (IUCN) White-rumped Vulture is perhaps best sought in southern India.

This tour would see a small group joining, with only two participants, Danny and Ira. The tour went smoothly, with little interruptions from the weather; however, the Pongal festival did prevent us from gaining entry into several areas, although fortunately in the end this didn't cost us any particular bird species. The birding was extremely successful, and we did very well throughout the tour, finding almost all of the possible Western Ghats endemics and our targets generally, as evidenced by our commendable trip list, totaling over 270 species. Some of the highlights included the likes of Painted Bush Quail, Red Spurfowl, Nilgiri Wood Pigeon, Great Eared Nightjar, Sri Lanka Frogmouth, Sri Lanka Bay Owl, Indian Pitta, Malabar Barbet, White-bellied Treepie, Malabar Trogon, White-bellied Minivet, Black-and-orange and Nilgiri Flycatchers, Indian Blue, White-bellied Blue, and Nilgiri Blue Robins, Nilgiri Thrush, Nilgiri and Palani



Laughingthrushes, **Nilgiri Pipit**, and many more. Seeing a large flock of some 50+ of both the Critically Endangered (IUCN) **Indian** and **White-rumped Vultures** was a major privilege and one of the ultimate highlights, as was our great run on various nocturnal birds, noting all of the possible nightjars and almost all of the possible owls.

Mammals weren't to be forgotten, and we found the bulk of the expected species, which included **Chital** (Spotted Deer), **Sambar**, **Bonnet Macaque**, and **Nilgiri Langur**, with one of the highlights being a few separate sightings of **Asian Elephants**. Species lists can be found at the end of this report.

Detailed Report

Day 1, January 12, 2020. Arrival in Bangalore and transfer to Mysore, birding en-route

Danny arrived yesterday evening, while Ira had clocked in earlier in the morning, and at 6 a.m. we had all convened at our hotel and were loaded up in the car, ready to begin. It took a little while to negotiate the mega-city of Bangalore, but we arrived at our first birding site, the Ramanagara Ramdevara Betta Vulture Sanctuary, in good time. We immediately set off to a good vantage point to wait for the vultures (Indian and Egyptian Vultures – which are the major targets here) to begin moving about. It was still a little hazy in the early stages, and not much was moving, but a patient vigil eventually began to pay off as birds started becoming active. As if on cue two Egyptian Vultures came into view and spent a short while flying around just above us, while a number of other raptors were also visible - Black, Brahminy, Black-winged Kites, Besra, Oriental Honey Buzzard, and Booted Eagle were all noted, along with two Woolly-necked Storks. Despite our patience we were to luck out with the Indian Vulture, though. While waiting we enjoyed many other species in the surrounding area, top of which was the scarce and localized Yellow-throated Bulbul, which showed well in the end, along with Laughing and Spotted Doves, our first individual of the endemic White-cheeked Barbet, Indian Golden Oriole, Common Woodshrike, Long-tailed Shrike, Jerdon's Bush Lark, Ashy Prinia, Dusky Crag Martin, Indian Robin, Tickell's Blue Flycatcher, Purple-rumped and Purple Sunbirds, and an assortment of small seedeaters including Red Avadavat, Indian Silverbill, and Scaly-breasted Munia. After this great start we continued toward the Ranganathittu Bird Sanctuary, where we undertook a boat ride on the Kavery River to see all the nesting waterbirds. Boat rides are usually always excellent, and this one was certainly no different, giving us excellent looks and photo opportunities at all the various species present. These included Great Stone-curlew (Thick-knee), Red-wattled Lapwing, Asian Openbill, Painted Stork, Oriental Darter, Indian and Little Cormorants, Spot-billed Pelican, Purple and Grey Herons, and Black-crowned Night Heron, Great, Little, and Intermediate Egrets, Black-headed and Red-naped Ibises, Eurasian Spoonbill, and White-throated Kingfisher. A number of Muggers (Marsh Crocodiles) were also in evidence along the river. The surrounding scrub and bushes held a few other species, which included Indian Grey Hornbill, Common Iora, White-spotted (Spot-breasted) Fantail, Cinerous Tit, Tickell's Blue Flycatcher, and Pale-billed Flowerpecker.

We had a late lunch before checking into our hotel in Mysore, where we relaxed for a short while before venturing out once again for the remainder of the day. We called in at the nearby Kukkarahalli Lake, where we birded parts of this large dam's shoreline. There were a number of



similar waterbirds to those we had seen at Ranganathittu earlier in the day, nesting here as well (albeit much more distantly), but we also picked up a few different species such as Indian Spotbilled Duck, Greater Coucal, Grey-headed Swamphen, White-breasted Waterhen, Blackwinged Stilt, Common Sandpiper, and Common Kingfisher, while the surrounding trees and scrub played host to Green and Blue-tailed Bee-eaters, Coppersmith Barbet, Rose-ringed Parakeet, Common Tailorbird, Blyth's Reed Warbler, Jungle Myna, Tickell's Blue Flycatcher, and Purple-rumped Sunbird. We ended a great first day with a wonderful meal.



The attractive Painted Stork showed well at Ranganathittu.

Day 2, January 13, 2020. Transfer from Mysore to Masinagudi, birding en-route.

We had a light travel day, transiting to Masinagudi in the Mudumalai Tiger Reserve area, which plays host to a number of southern Indian specialties. Following breakfast we checked out and began the drive to Masinagudi, where we eventually arrived for lunch. We had a number of stops along the way, which included a few dams and some dry roadside scrub and fields, which produced a fine array of species. The top birds seen along the way were a small flock of **Bar-headed Geese**, **Woolly-necked Stork**, **Asian Openbill**, **Spot-billed Pelican**, **Red-naped** and **Glossy Ibises**, **Short-toed Snake Eagle**, **Booted Eagle**, **Indian Spotted Eagle**, **Shikra**, **Besra**, **Green Beeeater**, **Indian Golden Oriole**, **Long-tailed Shrike**, **Ashy-crowned Sparrow-Lark**, **Jerdon's Bush Lark**, **Pied Bush Chat**, **Booted Warbler**, **Yellow-billed Babbler**, and **Red Avadavat** among many others. Following our arrival and lunch at our stunning lodge we had a brief siesta before venturing out on an afternoon walk around the property and the nearby vicinity. Although afternoon birding can sometimes be a bit on the slower side, we were fortunately privy to an action-packed afternoon, filled with many birds and some glorious sightings. We began things with the likes of **Orange Minivet**, **Bar-winged Flycatcher-shrike**, and **Greenish Warbler** before we



added a whole suite of new woodpeckers in quick succession, **Rufous Woodpecker**, **Greater** and **Black-rumped Flamebacks**, **Lesser Yellownape**, and **Brown-capped Pygmy Woodpecker**, followed by a suite of new **Drongos**, namely **Bronzed**, **Ashy**, the spectacular **Greater Racket-tailed**, and **White-bellied**, all also in a rapid sequence. We spent a while admiring some of the glorious **Plum-headed Parakeets** and picked up a few other species such as **Bay-backed Shrike**, **Jungle Babbler**, **White-browed Bulbul**, **Golden-fronted Leafbird**, **Grey Wagtail**, **Brahminy Starling**, and **Common Rosefinch** among others, before ending the day in a blaze of glory, finding a stunning **Changeable Hawk-Eagle** that perched for ages, giving us excellent views, along with a pair of the sought **Indian Nuthatches**. We enjoyed our first **Chital** (Spotted Deer) along with **Sambar**, the huge **Indian** (Malabar) **Giant Squirrel**, our first of many **Bonnet Macaques**, the large **Black-footed Gray Langur**, **Wild Boar**, and **Indian Grey Mongoose** on the mammalian side. Following a great day we retired to a wonderful meal, following which we took a brief night walk, which produced a stunning and confiding **Brown Fish Owl**! We settled in for the evening, high with anticipation for what the following day would hold.



We had a wonderful encounter with a confiding Brown Fish Owl.

Day 3, January 14, 2020. Birding Masinagudi and surroundings

We had a full day at our disposal to bird the diverse area around Masinagudi and set off into the nearby dry-scrub forests, where we'd begin the day. We attempted to track down the localized and rare White-bellied Minivet, but were somewhat hampered by unusual thick fog, which kept the visibility down and made this a tall order. We spent a long while working all the main haunts for this species, but sadly came up empty-handed, although we did have a wide array of other species to keep us entertained during our search. These included our first **Indian Peafowl**, **Grey Francolin**, the regional endemic **Grey Junglefowl**, **Asian Koel**, **Crested Treeswift**, **White-**



cheeked Barbet, Small Minivet, Black-headed Cuckooshrike, White-browed Fantail, Brown and Bay-backed Shrikes, Grey-breasted Prinia, White-browed Bulbul, Yellow-eyed Babbler, Indian White-eve, Yellow-billed Babbler, and Chestnut-tailed Starling among others. We called a halt to the minivet search and instead turned our efforts to **Spot-bellied Eagle-Owl**, which was supposed to be on a nest in the area. We set off on a short walk to the nesting area and soon afterwards were reveling in views of this absolutely majestic owl, perched on its nest in a hole in a tree. Having had our fill of the owl we turned our attention to some of the other birds in the area and picked up many more exciting species, including Yellow-footed Green Pigeon, Spotted Owlet, our first endemic Blue-winged (Malabar) Parakeet, Large Cuckooshrike, Bar-winged Flycatcher-shrike, Indian Scimitar Babbler, Puff-throated Babbler, and Yellow-throated Sparrow. With smiles all around we decided to give the White-bellied Minivet another try, and sure enough we struck gold when we picked up a pair perched quietly low to the ground, right next to the road. We had glorious views of this difficult bird before continuing onward and picking up a large number of vultures in the sky. We headed to an area where we could get out of the car, and working through the large flock showed the bulk to be **Indian Vultures**, but there were a few White-rumped Vultures in between. It was a real privilege to see these Critically Endangered (IUCN) birds. A soaring Indian Spotted Eagle was the last bird of note we found before calling it a morning, and heading back to our lodge.



The scarce White-bellied Minivet eventually showed.

Having been cooped up in a car for most of the morning we opted to take a short walk around the lodge grounds to stretch the legs, and, although it was on the quiet side, we did well to pick up many of the same species we had seen yesterday afternoon, along with a stunning low-flying **Black Eagle**. We took a rest over the hottest part of the day and headed out later in the afternoon to some more open habitats, where we tried for a few of our outstanding targets. First up was **Malabar**

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Lark, and we found an individual with minimal effort, which showed well, and present in the same area were Yellow-wattled Lapwing, Blyth's Reed and Booted Warblers, Yellow-eyed Babbler, Indian Silverbill, Scalv-breasted Munia, and several Paddyfield Pipits. We headed to another area to search for White-naped Woodpecker, but despite working the area extensively, the closest we came was hearing a distant bird call for a bit. However, one of the surprises of the day came while we were trying for the woodpecker, when an Indian Pitta hopped to the edge of the road right in front us. Unfortunately, only a few of us managed to see it before it scurried off back into the thick brush, never to be seen again. We didn't have to wait long, however, as we picked up another individual perched quietly in the open at the edge of some thick brush, which showed well for all of us. Any day is a good day with a pitta in it! We had a quick break for some coffee and cookies before loading up again and heading off, this time on a night drive. We spent a long while working various areas, and our time was rewarded with stunning, close views of Indian, Savanna, and Jungle Nightjars, while Jerdon's Nightjar only showed briefly and Oriental Scops Owl was only heard. On the mammalian side vast numbers of **Indian Hares** kept us company, but, try as we might, we just couldn't find anything else except a few Indian Chameleons. We eventually called it a day and retired for a late dinner following a good and successful day out in the field.

Day 4, January 15, 2020. Birding Masinagudi and transfer to Ooty

We had a short transfer to the old colonial hill station of Ooty and spent our morning trying to clean up on some of the species we had missed yesterday - notably White-naped Woodpecker and Jungle Bush Quail. We had woken to another morning of dense fog, which fortunately cleared much earlier that yesterday and didn't hamper us too much as we set about tracking down our targets. It was a fairly difficult start, not having any luck, but we transferred to another area and immediately picked up some vocal White-naped Woodpeckers. But we had to suffer through a few tense moments as we only picked up the birds in flight as they moved about almost continuously, but they soon settled down, and we enjoyed lengthy scope studies of these scarce woodpeckers, with a few of the similar **Black-rumped Flameback** present nearby, allowing for a great comparison. Jungle Bush Quail was proving difficult to find, and we had all but given up, having searched many fields and open areas, when we arrived at our last field in a village and somehow struck gold, first picking up on some calling birds and then seeing a group of them scuttling between bushes. A few local dogs were around, noticed the birds, charged right into the bushes, and flushed a fairly large flock (of around 12 birds) from the brush - we had good flight views rather fortuitously. During our early-morning birding we also picked up a number of other birds, some of which included Yellow-footed Green Pigeon, Yellow-wattled Lapwing, Crested Honey Buzzard, Plum-headed and Blue-winged (Malabar) Parakeets, White-browed Fantail, Bay-backed Shrike, Jerdon's Bush Lark, Booted Warbler, Indian Nuthatch, Pale-billed Flowerpecker, and Jerdon's Leafbird. We eventually called in for breakfast, after which we gathered our things, checked out of our comfortable lodge, and pressed on to Ooty.



We wound our way upward through 36-odd switchbacks and soon found ourselves in this highaltitude town and checked into our grand hotel before taking a break. Later we headed out for the afternoon and spent it birding various sites around Ooty. We did extremely well and had our main target, **Nilgiri Blue Robin**, in the bag at our first stop. It took a little while and some patience, but after having had only a few glimpses we were rewarded with good views of this skulking and highly localized bird. **Black-and-orange Flycatcher** was less cooperative and frustrated us throughout the afternoon, remaining a heard-only bird. The forested areas were relatively quiet, but the few birds we saw included **White-spotted Fantail**, **Grey-headed Canary-flycatcher**, **Greenish Warbler**, **Nilgiri Flowerpecker**, and **Common Rosefinch**. Then a dam livened things up with **Garganey**, **Northern Shoveler**, **Indian Spot-billed Duck**, and **Northern Pintail** in a large raft, while **Common** and **Green Sandpipers**, **White-breasted Waterhen**, and **Whitethroated Kingfisher** patrolled the edges. A group of **Nilgiri Langurs** was seen on the mammalian side. With the sun going down we retired for the evening.



The prized Nilgiri Blue Robin is one of the denizens of the Ooty area.

Day 5, January 16, 2020. Birding Ooty and transfer to Sethumadai

Following a good breakfast we began our morning with a visit to the nearby Doddabetta Peak, hoping to beat the crowds. This peak is the highest in the Nilgiri Mountains, rising to over 2600 meters (8530 feet) above sea level. We enjoyed birding the area for a short while before it started to get a bit too busy, so we headed farther down the mountain to some quieter areas. We did extremely well this morning and on our birding sites enjoyed the likes of **Nilgiri Wood Pigeon**, **Hill Swallow**, **Square-tailed Bulbul**, **Tickell's Leaf Warbler**, **Nilgiri Laughingthrush**, **Velvet-fronted Nuthatch**, and both the endemic **Nilgiri** and **Black-and-orange Flycatchers**, among others. We then transferred to Kotagiri, where we tried to get into one of the sholas (patches of



stunted tropical montane forest), but due to the ongoing Pongal festival this area was unfortunately closed. So we continued birding in some of the outskirts of the town. The area was a bit on the quiet side, as the time was approaching midday, but we did find species such as **Grey Junglefowl**, **White-spotted Fantail**, **Indian Scimitar Babbler**, and **Nilgiri Flowerpecker**, along with flybys from **Black** and **Booted Eagles** and **Shikra**, while **Tytler's Leaf Warbler** frustrated us by calling incessantly from a tree a short way up the slope from us, but despite our best efforts it remained unseen. We eventually left the highlands and made our way to the lowlands, where we crossed the Palghat Gap and completed our long journey to the Sethumadai area, where we arrived in the late afternoon, eagerly looking forward to exploring the Topslip area the following day. A walk around the lodge after checking in was very quiet, but we did enjoy a small family of **Spotted Owlets**.

Day 6, January 17, 2020. Birding Parambikulam Tiger Reserve

Following an early breakfast we set off to Topslip in the Anamalai Tiger Reserve, where we planned to spend the morning birding. A brief wait at the entrance gate while checking in gave us a family of Large Grey Babblers, along with Common Hawk-Cuckoo, Plain Prinia, and Loten's Sunbird. Before long we were on our way, but sadly, on arrival at Topslip, we learned what they had failed to tell us at the gate, namely that due to the ongoing Pongal festival all park activities were suspended for the day, meaning that we couldn't walk around on the trails. We headed over to the nearby Parambikulam Tiger Reserve (which is effectively the same reserve, except just across the border in Kerala rather than in Tamil Nadu) to try our luck, but since everyone had been turned away from Anamalai and had gone to Parambikulam there were no guides available for any activities. We were resigned to birding from the car along the public access road, much to our dismay, but we made the most of the situation and very slowly drove around, stopping regularly. Our efforts were somewhat rewarded, and we enjoyed a wide array of species seen from the car, which far exceeded what we had expected to see. We did well, finding a number of Western Ghats endemics, such as Grey-fronted Green Pigeon, Malabar Barbet, Malabar Grey Hornbill, Flame-throated and Yellow-browed Bulbuls, Rufous Babbler, and Malabar Whistling Thrush. In addition to these specials we also saw a number of other species like Indian Swiftlet, Black Eagle, Crested Goshawk, Brown-headed Barbet, Plum-headed and Bluewinged Parakeets, Ashy Woodswallow, Bronzed and Greater Racket-tailed Drongos, Brownbreasted Flycatcher, and Jerdon's Leafbird. Satisfied with our efforts we returned to our lodge for lunch and some rest before heading out later in the afternoon to some nearby areas. Although it was still quite hot and humid there was quite a bit of bird activity, and we did well while exploring the woods along some of the canals running through the area. We picked up Common Emerald Dove, Asian Koel, Crested Serpent Eagle, Chestnut-headed Bee-eater, Blackrumped Flameback, Indian Golden and Black-hooded Orioles, more Ashy Woodswallows, Common Woodshrike, Indian Paradise Flycatcher, White-browed Bulbul, Chestnut-tailed Starling, Pale-billed and Nilgiri Flowerpeckers, Loten's Sunbird, and Grey Wagtail before calling it a day. Following dinner we set out on a brief owling stint and were eventually rewarded with excellent views of a close Indian Scops Owl and a vocal pair of Mottled Wood Owls - a great way to end the day!



Day 7, January 18, 2020. Transfer to Munnar, birding Chinnar Wildlife Sanctuary en-route

We were out early this morning, still smiling from our excellent end to the previous day, and made good progress to our first birding site, the Chinnar Wildlife Sanctuary. We had a short wait before they opened, and then immediately set off on a walk through some of the drier, acacia-dominated sections of the sanctuary with some time along the river as well. It was an overcast morning, and the birdlife was absolutely brimming with activity. Over the course of our two-odd-hour walk we recorded over 80 species, showing the great diversity of this area. The open, scrubby areas produced Asian Koel, a brief Grev-bellied Cuckoo that left us wanting more, great looks at the handsome Crested Treeswift, perched Crested Honey Buzzard and Changeable Hawk-Eagle, Chestnut-headed Bee-eater, Brown-headed Barbet, Yellow-crowned Woodpecker at long last, numbers of Small Minivets, Bar-winged Flycatcher-shrike, Bay-backed Shrike, Jungle White-browed Bulbul. Tawny-bellied Babbler, Thick-billed Prinia. and **Nilgiri** Flowerpeckers, Jerdon's Leafbird, White-rumped Munia, and Yellow-throated Sparrow. Banded Bay Cuckoo and Black-throated Munia eluded us, though, and had to remain heardonly. The riverine scrub didn't exhibit as much activity, but we did well to pick up Common Kingfisher, Black-hooded Oriole, Indian Paradise Flycatcher, Large-billed Leaf Warbler, Puff-throated Babbler, Brown-breasted Flycatcher, White-rumped Shama, Tickell's Blue Flycatcher, and Asian Fairy-bluebird. This is only a short list of some of the better species seen here, while the others were species we had seen many times on the trip already. We were able to add Tufted Gray Langur to our mammal list here as well. We slowly continued toward Munnar, and a brief roadside stop gave us calling **Red Spurfowl** and **Malabar Woodshrike**, but we had to be content with only hearing them before continuing. The road around Eravikulam National Park to Munnar was jam-packed and made for a slightly frustrating transit, as it took quite some time to negotiate around the cars and busses all parked on the roadside. Following a much-needed lunch we checked into our glorious lodge near Munnar and set out to explore the surrounding area for the remainder of the day. The small patches of forest that line the area were brimming with birds, much like in the morning, and we made slow progress just because there were too many birds to look at. A wonderful male Indian Blue Robin started things, parading around our lodge, before we picked up the shy **Dark-fronted Babbler**, a species which could soon find itself on the Western Ghats endemic list, Grey-headed Canary-flycatcher, Greater Flameback, Yellow-browed and Square-tailed Bulbuls, and Black-and-orange Flycatcher. A lovely pair of adult and juvenile Bonelli's Eagles gave us great views as they flew low overhead. Then we ended the day in a flurry of birds, finding the stunning Blue-capped Rock Thrush and Southern Hill Myna, and also enjoyed Nilgiri Wood Pigeon, Blue-tailed Bee-eater, Malabar Barbet, Blue-winged Parakeet, Golden-fronted Leafbird, and numbers of Common Rosefinches.





The stunning Indian Blue Robin gave us wonderful views.

Day 8, January 19, 2020. Birding Eravikulam National Park and Pothamedu View Point

Following an early breakfast we left our hotel and made our way to the Eravikulam National Park, wary of the crowds that would show due to it being a weekend and the last day the park would be open before it would be closed for a few months due to the Nilgiri Tahr's breeding season (which commences at this rime). We had a little while to wait before the park opened and enjoyed some brief birding around the outside, but we were soon on our way by the shuttle busses to Rajamala. As we arrived, quite early, we decided to rather walk up to the top and try out hand at the grassland species before returning to the bus station, which is often a great stakeout for many species. We did well at the top, finding the scarce Nilgiri Pipit with minimal effort and enjoying prolonged scope views before finding a confiding White-bellied Blue Robin that showed well at length. But sadly Broad-tailed Grassbird remained absent. Some of the other species seen here during our brief presence included Plain Prinia, Hill Swallow, Tickell's Leaf Warbler, and Nilgiri and Blackand-orange Flycatchers. We then got a call that some of our other targets had been seen at the main stakeout and quickly made our way back down. We arrived only to be told that the Nilgiri Thrush that had just been seen had been chased away, but a short while later we were able to observe a stunning Nilgiri Thrush feeding quietly in the leaf litter. We had barely even had our fill of the thrush when a small family of the prized **Painted Bush Quails** strolled into sight, giving us excellent and prolonged views - what more could we ask for? During our time here we also picked up a number of other species, which included Indian Scimitar Babbler, Palani Laughingthrush, Indian Blackbird, another White-bellied Blue Robin, and Malabar Whistling Thrush, among others. Then we ended our time in the park and made our way back to the lodge. Just before leaving, however, we ran into a small family of Asian Elephants feeding next to the road, and we finally laid eyes on Nilgiri Tahr - the protection of which is the main objective of this reserve. Following a bit of a rest after lunch we headed out for the afternoon for



a walk around the Deshadan Mountain Resort, including the Pothamedu View Point. Bird activity, as it was yesterday, was high, and we enjoyed a wealth of birds on our walk, including finding some of our missing targets such as **Brown-cheeked Fulvetta**, **Verditer Flycatcher**, **Indian Black-lored Tit**, and **Crimson-backed Sunbird**. Other species we saw were **Nilgiri Wood Pigeon**, **Grey-fronted Green Pigeon**, **Malabar Barbet**, **Orange Minivet**, **Grey-headed Canary-flycatcher**, **Yellow-browed** and **Square-tailed Bulbuls**, **Tickell's Leaf Warbler**, **Palani Laughingthrush**, **Velvet-fronted Nuthatch**, **Indian Blackbird**, **Indian Blue Robin**, **Malabar Whistling Thrush**, and **Blue-capped Rock Thrush**, among others. At the end of a good day with a productive afternoon walk we retired for the evening.



We had some great views of the sought-after Painted Bush Quail.

Day 9, January 20, 2020. Birding Munnar and surroundings

We had another full day at our disposal around Munnar, but woke to cool and windy conditions. Following breakfast we set off to explore some areas different from those we had visited during the past few days. But with the poor weather conditions it was a slow morning. We eventually made our way to a river, and some sunshine there seemed to help, making the birds more active. We spent some time working this area before heading to Munnar to pick up a few things. Our morning was saved, however, with an incredible show of raptors, with a pair of **Black Eagles**, **Bonelli's Eagle, Crested Honey Buzzard, Common Buzzard**, and **Shikra** all moving above us at one point, while a **Peregrine Falcon** sat perched on a pylon nearby. Other species seen included **Indian Spot-billed Duck, Little Swift, White-breasted Waterhen, Common** and **Whitethroated Kingfishers, Dusky Crag Martin, Large-billed Leaf Warbler, Indian Scimitar Babbler, Palani Laughingthrush, Nilgiri Flycatcher, Malabar Whistling Thrush, Nilgiri Flowerpecker, and Common Rosefinch. We took it easy over the midday period before resuming**



birding later in the afternoon with a walk above our lodge and then to the Deshadan area. It was a quiet afternoon, and we had to work hard to pick up any birds, with the windy conditions not helping much. We persisted until the early evening, picking up many of the same species that we had seen the last few days, with a few **Tytler's Leaf Warblers** frustrating us by remaining out of sight, one of these sightings not being helped by a **Shikra** that came flying into the same tree from which the bird was calling. As soon as we arrived back at our lodge we got word that a **Large-scaled Pit Viper** had been seen nearby, and we headed off to see whether we could find it. It took a short while, but soon we were enjoying great looks at this handsome species, as it sat quietly on some branches near the road. We could hardly believe our luck! Following a good dinner we took a brief night walk, but the wind hampered us regarding the birds; so we did not find any owls or nightjars. But we did run into a stunning **Brown Palm Civet**, which gave us great and extended views.



The stunning Large-scaled Pit Viper was a major highlight.

Day 10, January 21, 2020. Transfer to Thattekad and birding the surroundings

Following breakfast we checked out and began the drive to the Thattekad Bird Sanctuary area, where we would be based for the next four nights. We made good progress, arrived in the late morning, and immediately set out for a short birding walk. Our chief quarry was **Streak-throated Woodpecker**, and after a bit of a search we eventually found an individual that showed well. While searching for this species we also picked up a few others, such as our first **Jungle Owlet**, **Crested Serpent Eagle**, **Whiskered** and **River Terns**, a huge raft of **Lesser Whistling Ducks**, **Rufous Treepie**, **Black-hooded Oriole**, **Oriental Dollarbird**, **Plum-headed Parakeet**, **Ashy Woodswallow**, and **Southern Hill Myna**. What a great start to the day! We then headed over to our comfortable lodge, where we checked in and relaxed for a little while during the heat before



continued birding later in the afternoon. We visited a nearby site and enjoyed a glorious afternoon's birding, enjoying some of our most-wanted species. First was the prized Malabar Trogon, of which both male and female showed well, before a Fork-tailed Drongo-Cuckoo flew in and stole the show for a while. Malabar Grey Hornbill and a noisy Lesser Yellownape kept us distracted along with the likes of Green Imperial Pigeon, Black-headed Cuckooshrike, and Brownbreasted Flycatcher. A small group of Malabar Woodshrikes were next and showed well before we picked up the incredible White-bellied Treepie – this must be one of the best-looking Western Ghats endemics! It took a little while, but we finally got good views of one of the many Orangeheaded Thrushes in the area, along with Blue-throated Blue Flycatcher. We tried our luck at finding day-roosting owls, but sadly none were home. All was not lost, however, as we picked up two tiny **Gray Slender Lorises** roosting in a tree – incredible! It took some special maneuvering, but everyone eventually was able to enjoy good looks at this scarce nocturnal mammal – during the day! Another fabulous sighting! With the light fading we moved to a nearby open area, where we tried for night birds, and right on cue we picked up a vocal Great Eared Nightjar. Within no time we had spotted the bird, and enjoyed both perched, and flight views of this huge nightjar! Next was Jerdon's Nightjar; it took a little while to track down one of the calling individuals, but we too enjoyed excellent views at this nightjar, making up for somewhat poor views earlier during the trip. Then we called it a day and settled in for the evening after another good day in the field.



Malabar Grey Hornbill was common in the Thattekad area.

Day 11, January 22. Full day birding in and around Thattekad

Due to an audit of the sanctuary area by authorities (which meant no access for the public) we had to adapt our plans for the day and spend it outside the sanctuary area itself. We started the day at a similar area to where we had been the previous afternoon, and while we enjoyed some good



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birding it was definitely a morning on the slower side. We tried again for roosting owls in the area and even got close, having fleeting looks at a Brown Wood Owl as it flew off, while the resident Brown Hawk-Owl showed exceptionally well, much to our pleasure. While working the area we also picked up Grey Junglefowl, Grey-fronted Green Pigeon, the strange Heart-spotted Woodpecker, Streak-throated Woodpecker, Greater Flameback, Malabar Woodshrike, Bronzed Drongo, the stunning White-bellied Treepie (which allowed much better views than the one we had seen previous day), Malabar Starling, Southern Hill Myna, Orange-headed Thrush, Asian Brown Flycatcher, Blue-throated Blue Flycatcher, and Asian Fairy-bluebird. A midday walk around our lodge provided a few others, such as Asian Openbill, Purple Heron, a number of other egrets, Common and White-throated Kingfishers, a large flock of Chestnutheaded Bee-eaters, and Green Warbler. Again we took a break during the heat and headed out later in the day for our afternoon birding. We were sadly privy to an exceptionally slow afternoon, as it sometimes goes, with next to no birds calling and hardly any activity in general while we were working the area very hard. We did manage to see a few birds, though, which included Green Imperial Pigeon, Malabar Grey Hornbill, Blue-winged Parakeet, White-bellied Treepie, and Golden-fronted Leafbird. A good dinner followed after a hard day's toil.

Day 12, January 23, 2020. Full day birding in and around Thattekad

Following our tough day yesterday we went into the morning with a bit more optimism, and fortunately weren't disappointed – we had an excellent morning's birding, filled with a number of our outstanding targets. Our first stop was a vigil over a river for **Black Baza**, and after a patient wait we found three birds perched on some trees, giving good scope views! A surprise Blacknaped Oriole was another highlight here before we searched through a huge flock of Indian Swiftlets that produced a few of the tricky White-rumped Spinetails among them, which we saw a few other times during the day as well. We then headed into the Urulanthanni area, where we spent the rest of the morning, slowly exploring the network of trails and roads that runs through the area. The birds never seemed to let up, starting with a large White-bellied Woodpecker, which showed just after we had stepped out of the car. A pair of the prized Sri Lanka Frogmouth was next and gave us splendid, open views, showcasing their comical shuffling, before we finally connected with the endemic White-bellied Blue Flycatcher. We spent a long time searching for the near-mythical Sri Lanka Bay Owl, but sadly returned empty-handed. But our efforts weren't for naught as we enjoyed a great many other birds, such as Green Imperial Pigeon, Grey-fronted Green Pigeon, Crested Honey Buzzard, Brown Fish Owl, stunning Malabar Trogons, Heartspotted Woodpecker, Greater Flameback, Lesser Yellownape, Malabar Woodshrike, Blacknaped Monarch, Flame-throated Bulbul, Dark-fronted Babbler, Malabar Starling, Rustytailed Flycatcher, Crimson-backed Sunbird, Little Spiderhunter, and Asian Fairy-bluebird. We took our customary break over the sweltering midday period and resumed birding in the afternoon, with our efforts focused on two species, both of which had given us a bit of a run-around recently, Grey-headed Bulbul and Red Spurfowl. The prime area for the bulbul had seen a recent influx of Asian Elephants into the area, and the forest department weren't allowing many/any folks in, but we were able to get ourselves in for a quick go. What a move it proved, as a short way down the trail we finally found a Grey-headed Bulbul calling, and after a patient wait we had views of the skulking bulbul as it flitted about, perching occasionally in its bamboo thickets. Red Spurfowl would prove trickier, and it took the rest of the afternoon to connect with it, trying a number of sites, and eventually getting tipped off by another birding group of some birds feeding nearby –



we headed to the area, and fortunately a pair were still around and we reveled in finally laying eyes on this species. Other species seen during our afternoon session included **Common Hawk-Cuckoo**, **River Tern**, **Blue-tailed** and **Chestnut-headed Bee-eaters**, far better looks at **Blacknaped Oriole**, **Dusky Crag Martin**, and **Flame-throated Bulbul**, among others. We settled in for the evening and enjoyed a wonderful dinner after another good day in the field.



We enjoyed excellent views of the strange Sri Lanka Frogmouth.

Day 13, January 24, 2020. Full day birding in and around Thattekad

Today was our last full day birding the area, and we still had a few targets to find. We started the day in Urulanthanni again. A few stops en-route eventually provided Stork-billed Kingfisher, which had somehow been missing from the trip until now, and we enjoyed further views of **River** Tern, Great Cormorant, Crested Goshawk, and Ashy Woodswallow as well. We then started walking, following a similar route to yesterday, and almost immediately found the massive Bluebearded Bee-eater, perched in the open, before staking out a calling Banded Bay Cuckoo. We heard the cuckoo call for a long time before it gradually came closer, and we then picked it up flying into one the nearby trees and giving us great scope looks, at long last! We then headed off to try for some of the more difficult outstanding species, such as Blue-eared Kingfisher and Sri Lanka Bay Owl, and we struck gold when word of a Sri Lanka Bay Owl reached us. We headed a short distance up the road and into the woods and soon found ourselves face to face with this glorious and highly prized owl! We spent some time admiring this rare bird, reveling in our good fortune, before leaving the bird in peace and continuing on. A stop en-route back to the lodge gave us excellent looks at White-rumped Spinetail. Other birds seen over the course of the morning included a similar array to the species we saw yesterday, such as Green Imperial Pigeon, Sri Lanka Frogmouth, Crested Serpent Eagle, Indian Scops Owl, Brown Fish Owl, Greater



Flameback, Malabar Woodshrike, Flame-throated Bulbul, Crimson-backed Sunbird, and Asian Fairy-bluebird, among others. We retired for a bit of a rest over the midday period, and following lunch we were whisked away to try for Brown Wood Owl, which was roosting nearby. Sadly, the wood owls were still as skittish as before, and we had to be content with flight views, while Bronze-winged Jacana was a bonus near the road. We resumed birding a bit later in the day, but with the humidity high it was slow going with little bird activity. We tried for some of the few species that were still outstanding, but our efforts went without reward. We did, however, manage to enjoy a few great species that we had seen many times before, such as Asian Koel, Changeable Hawk-Eagle, and Malabar Grey Hornbill, among others, before we retired to our local guide's home nearby for a quick rest and some of the local toddi (palm wine) before giving Oriental Scops Owl one more try in the evening. Right on cue at dusk we heard a few birds calling, but despite working the area for some time and getting close, with a bird calling from a line of trees in front of us, we just couldn't lay eyes on the birds and had to call it a day. We reminisced over our last dinner on what had been an incredibly successful tour.



The mythical Sri Lanka Bay Owl was one of the birds of the trip!

Day 14, January 25, 2020. Morning birding around Thattekad and departure

Our departure day had sadly arrived, but we still had the better part of the day available before we all departed in the late afternoon. Following an early breakfast we headed out to our stakeout over the river and settled in, awaiting what would be flying around. The activity was good, and during our vigil here we improved on our earlier views of **Black Baza** and found a **Malabar Pied Hornbill** perched distantly but offering good scope views, along with **Crested Honey Buzzard**, **River Tern**, **Pied** and **Stork-billed Kingfishers**, **Heart-spotted Woodpecker**, **Black-naped Oriole**, **Large Cuckooshrike**, and **Malabar Starling**. **Mountain Imperial Pigeon** frustrated us



by calling from a concealed perch. We soon headed onward and called in at Urulanthanni once more for one final walk. We headed up to an open viewpoint, where we finally connected with **Mountain Imperial Pigeon** while also enjoying **Malabar Barbet**, **Grey-headed** and **Flamethroated Bulbuls**, **Asian Fairy-bluebird**, **Malabar Trogon**, and many more before having another try for Blue-eared Kingfisher. We were unsuccessful with this species, but great looks at the endemic **White-bellied Blue Flycatcher** were a good consolation prize! Following our good last morning we headed back to the lodge to pack our things, and following lunch we headed to the airport with a last few birding stops en route. We visited some wetlands and spent some time working them, as they were absolutely heaving with birds, dominated by large numbers of egrets, **Asian Openbills, Wood Sandpipers**, and **Western Yellow Wagtails**, and among them them we saw **Little Ringed Plover**, **Ruff**, **Common Greenshank**, **Marsh Sandpiper**, and a trio of **Stints**, namely **Temminck's**, **Little**, and a rarity in form of **Long-toed**. All too soon our time was up, however, and we headed to the airport, where the tour concluded and we all went our separate ways.



The stunning Nilgiri Flycatcher always adds a splash of color to the environment.

I just want to thank Danny and Ira for joining the tour and for being excellent clients that made the tour all the more enjoyable and the birding a delight! Overall we did have a successful tour, filled with far too many highlights to list, but some were finding the mythical Sri Lanka Bay Owl after a huge amount of effort and our impressive list of other owls, along with a host of difficult species such as White-bellied Minivet, Indian Pitta, Painted Bush Quail, and Nilgiri Thrush. Thanks must also go to our trusty local guide, Abilesh, whose knowledge of the area and route gave us the best chances at trying for all our targets, with nearly all of which we were successful. Looking forward to doing this again come 2021!



Bird List - Following IOC (10.1)

Birds 'heard only' are marked with (H) after the common name, all other species were seen.

The following notation after species names is used to show conservation status following BirdLife International: CE = Critically Endangered, EN = Endangered, VU = Vulnerable. India endemics are bolded.

Common name	Scientific name
Pheasants & Allies (Phasianidae	e)
Grey Francolin	Francolinus pondicerianus
Jungle Bush Quail	Perdicula asiatica
Painted Bush Quail	Perdicula erythrorhyncha
Red Spurfowl	Galloperdix spadicea
Grey Junglefowl	Gallus sonneratii
Indian Peafowl	Pavo cristatus
Ducks, Geese, Swans (Anatidae))
Lesser Whistling Duck	Dendrocygna javanica
Bar-headed Goose	Anser indicus
Garganey	Spatula querquedula
Northern Shoveler	Spatula clypeata
Indian Spot-billed Duck	Anas poecilorhyncha
Northern Pintail	Anas acuta
Frogmouths (Podargidae)	
Sri Lanka Frogmouth	Batrachostomus moniliger
Nightjars (Caprimulgidae)	
Great Eared Nightjar	Lyncornis macrotis
Jungle Nightjar	Caprimulgus indicus
Jerdon's Nightjar	Caprimulgus atripennis
Indian Nightjar	Caprimulgus asiaticus
Savanna Nightjar	Caprimulgus affinis
Treeswifts (Hemiprocnidae)	
Crested Treeswift	Hemiprocne coronata
Swifts (Apodidae)	



Aerodramus unicolor Zoonavena sylvatica Cypsiurus balasiensis Tachymarptis melba Apus affinis Centropus sinensis Eudynamys scolopaceus Cacomantis sonneratii Cacomantis passerinus Surniculus dicruroides Hierococcyx varius
Cypsiurus balasiensis Tachymarptis melba Apus affinis Centropus sinensis Eudynamys scolopaceus Cacomantis sonneratii Cacomantis passerinus Surniculus dicruroides Hierococcyx varius
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Surniculus dicruroides Hierococcyx varius
Hierococcyx varius
Columba livia
Columba elphinstonii
Streptopelia decaocto
Spilopelia chinensis
Spilopelia senegalensis
Chalcophaps indica
Treron affinis
Treron phoenicopterus
Ducula aenea
Ducula badia
Amaurornis phoenicurus
Porphyrio poliocephalus
Gallinula chloropus
Fulica atra
Tachybaptus ruficollis
idae)
Esacus recurvirostris

Stilts, Avocets (Recurvirostridae)



Common name	Scientific name
Black-winged Stilt	Himantopus himantopus
Plovers (Charadriidae)	
Yellow-wattled Lapwing	Vanellus malabaricus
Red-wattled Lapwing	Vanellus indicus
Little Ringed Plover	Charadrius dubius
Jacanas (Jacanidae)	
Bronze-winged Jacana	Metopidius indicus
Sandpipers, Snipes (Scolopacio	lae)
Ruff	Calidris pugnax
Temminck's Stint	Calidris temminckii
Long-toed Stint	Calidris subminuta
Little Stint	Calidris minuta
Common Sandpiper	Actitis hypoleucos
Green Sandpiper	Tringa ochropus
Marsh Sandpiper	Tringa stagnatilis
Wood Sandpiper	Tringa glareola
Common Greenshank	Tringa nebularia
Gulls, Terns, Skimmers (Larid	ae)
River Tern	Sterna aurantia
Whiskered Tern	Chlidonias hybrida
Storks (Ciconiidae)	
Painted Stork	Mycteria leucocephala
Asian Openbill	Anastomus oscitans
Woolly-necked Stork - VU	Ciconia episcopus
Cormorants, Shags (Phalacroc	oracidae)
Little Cormorant	Microcarbo niger
Indian Cormorant	Phalacrocorax fuscicollis
Great Cormorant	Phalacrocorax carbo
Anhingas, Darters (Anhingida	e)
Oriental Darter	Anhinga melanogaster



Common name	Scientific name
Black-headed Ibis	Threskiornis melanocephalus
Red-naped Ibis	Pseudibis papillosa
Glossy Ibis	Plegadis falcinellus
Eurasian Spoonbill	Platalea leucorodia
Herons, Bitterns (Ardeidae)	
Black-crowned Night Heron	Nycticorax nycticorax
Indian Pond Heron	Ardeola grayii
Eastern Cattle Egret	Bubulcus coromandus
Grey Heron	Ardea cinerea
Purple Heron	Ardea purpurea
Great Egret	Ardea alba
Intermediate Egret	Ardea intermedia
Little Egret	Egretta garzetta
Pelicans (Pelecanidae)	
Spot-billed Pelican	Pelecanus philippensis
Kites, Hawks, Eagles (Accipitric	dae)
Black-winged Kite	Elanus caeruleus
Egyptian Vulture - EN	Neophron percnopterus
Crested Honey Buzzard	Pernis ptilorhynchus
Black Baza	Aviceda leuphotes
White-rumped Vulture - CR	Gyps bengalensis
Indian Vulture - CR	Gyps indicus
Crested Serpent Eagle	Spilornis cheela
Short-toed Snake Eagle	Circaetus gallicus
Changeable Hawk-Eagle	Nisaetus cirrhatus
Black Eagle	Ictinaetus malaiensis
Indian Spotted Eagle - VU	Clanga hastata
Booted Eagle	Hieraaetus pennatus
Bonelli's Eagle	Aquila fasciata
Crested Goshawk	Accipiter trivirgatus
Shikra	Accipiter badius
Besra	Accipiter virgatus
Black Kite	Milvus migrans
Brahminy Kite	Haliastur indus
Common Buzzard	Buteo buteo



Common name	Scientific name	
Barn Owls (Tytonidae)		
Sri Lanka Bay Owl	Phodilus assimilis	
	· · ·	
Owls (Strigidae)		
Indian Scops Owl	Otus bakkamoena	
Oriental Scops Owl (H)	Otus sunia	
Spot-bellied Eagle-Owl	Bubo nipalensis	
Brown Fish Owl	Ketupa zeylonensis	
Mottled Wood Owl	Strix ocellata	
Brown Wood Owl	Strix leptogrammica	
Jungle Owlet	Glaucidium radiatum	
Spotted Owlet	Athene brama	
Brown Hawk-Owl	Ninox scutulata	
Trogons (Trogonidae)		
Malabar Trogon	Harpactes fasciatus	
Hoopoes (Upupidae)		
Eurasian Hoopoe	Upupa epops	
Hornbills (Bucerotidae)		
Malabar Pied Hornbill	Anthracoceros coronatus	
Malabar Grey Hornbill	Ocyceros griseus	
Indian Grey Hornbill	Ocyceros birostris	
Rollers (Coraciidae)		
Indian Roller	Coracias benghalensis	
Oriental Dollarbird	Eurystomus orientalis	
Kingfishers (Alcedinidae)		
Stork-billed Kingfisher	Pelargopsis capensis	
White-throated Kingfisher	Halcyon smyrnensis	
Common Kingfisher	Alcedo atthis	
Oriental Dwarf Kingfisher	Ceyx erithaca	
Pied Kingfisher	Ceryle rudis	
Bee-eaters (Meropidae)		
Blue-bearded Bee-eater	Nyctyornis athertoni	
Green Bee-eater	Merops orientalis	



Common name	Scientific name
Blue-tailed Bee-eater	Merops philippinus
Chestnut-headed Bee-eater	Merops leschenaulti
	1 1
Asian Barbets (Megalaimidae)	
Brown-headed Barbet	Psilopogon zeylanicus
White-cheeked Barbet	Psilopogon viridis
Malabar Barbet	Psilopogon malabaricus
Coppersmith Barbet	Psilopogon haemacephalus
Woodpeckers (Picidae)	
Heart-spotted Woodpecker	Hemicircus canente
Brown-capped Pygmy Woodpecker	Yungipicus nanus
Yellow-crowned Woodpecker	Leiopicus mahrattensis
White-bellied Woodpecker	Dryocopus javensis
Lesser Yellownape	Picus chlorolophus
Streak-throated Woodpecker	Picus xanthopygaeus
Black-rumped Flameback	Dinopium benghalense
Greater Flameback	Chrysocolaptes guttacristatus
White-naped Woodpecker	Chrysocolaptes festivus
Rufous Woodpecker	Micropternus brachyurus
Caracaras, Falcons (Falconidae)	1
Common Kestrel	Falco tinnunculus
Peregrine Falcon	Falco peregrinus
Old World Parrots (Psittaculidae)	1
Plum-headed Parakeet	Psittacula cyanocephala
Blue-winged Parakeet	Psittacula columboides
Rose-ringed Parakeet	Psittacula krameri
Vernal Hanging Parrot	Loriculus vernalis
Pittas (Pittidae)	
Indian Pitta	Pitta brachyura
Vangas & Allies (Vangidae)	II. · · · · ·
Bar-winged Flycatcher-shrike	Hemipus picatus
Malabar Woodshrike	Tephrodornis sylvicola
Common Woodshrike	Tephrodornis pondicerianus



Common name	Scientific name
Woodswallows, Butcherbirds &	
Ashy Woodswallow	Artamus fuscus
Ioras (Aegithinidae)	
Common Iora	Aegithina tiphia
Cuckooshrikes (Campephagidae	2)
White-bellied Minivet	Pericrocotus erythropygius
Small Minivet	Pericrocotus cinnamomeus
Orange Minivet	Pericrocotus flammeus
Large Cuckooshrike	Coracina macei
Black-headed Cuckooshrike	Lalage melanoptera
Shrikes (Laniidae)	
Brown Shrike	Lanius cristatus
Bay-backed Shrike	Lanius vittatus
Long-tailed Shrike	Lanius schach
Figbirds, Orioles, Turnagra (Ori	iolidae)
Black-hooded Oriole	Oriolus xanthornus
Indian Golden Oriole	Oriolus kundoo
Black-naped Oriole	Oriolus chinensis
Drongos (Dicruridae)	
Black Drongo	Dicrurus macrocercus
Ashy Drongo	Dicrurus leucophaeus
White-bellied Drongo	Dicrurus caerulescens
Bronzed Drongo	Dicrurus aeneus
Greater Racket-tailed Drongo	Dicrurus paradiseus
Fantails (Rhipiduridae)	
White-spotted Fantail	Rhipidura albogularis
White-browed Fantail	Rhipidura aureola
Monarchs (Monarchidae)	
Black-naped Monarch	Hypothymis azurea
Indian Paradise Flycatcher	Terpsiphone paradisi
Crows, Jays (Corvidae)	



Common name	Scientific name
Rufous Treepie	Dendrocitta vagabunda
White-bellied Treepie	Dendrocitta leucogastra
House Crow	Corvus splendens
Indian Jungle Crow	Corvus culminatus
Fairy Flycatchers (Stenostiridae)	
Grey-headed Canary-flycatcher	Culicicapa ceylonensis
Tits, Chickadees (Paridae)	
Cinereous Tit	Parus cinereus
Indian Black-lored Tit	Machlolophus aplonotus
Larks (Alaudidae)	
Ashy-crowned Sparrow-Lark	Eremopterix griseus
Jerdon's Bush Lark	Mirafra affinis
Malabar Lark	Galerida malabarica
Bulbuls (Pycnonotidae)	
Grey-headed Bulbul	Pycnonotus priocephalus
Flame-throated Bulbul	Pycnonotus gularis
Red-whiskered Bulbul Red-vented Bulbul	Pycnonotus jocosus
	Pycnonotus cafer
Yellow-throated Bulbul - VU White-browed Bulbul	Pycnonotus xantholaemus Pycnonotus luteolus
	T ychoholus luleolus
Vellow-browed Rulbul	Acritillas indica
Yellow-browed Bulbul	Acritillas indica
Yellow-browed Bulbul Square-tailed Bulbul	Acritillas indica Hypsipetes ganeesa
Square-tailed Bulbul	Hypsipetes ganeesa
	Hypsipetes ganeesa
Square-tailed Bulbul Swallows, Martins (Hirundinidae)	Hypsipetes ganeesa
Square-tailed Bulbul Swallows, Martins (Hirundinidae) Barn Swallow	Hypsipetes ganeesa Hirundo rustica
Square-tailed Bulbul Swallows, Martins (Hirundinidae) Barn Swallow Hill Swallow	Hypsipetes ganeesa Hirundo rustica Hirundo domicola
Square-tailed Bulbul Swallows, Martins (Hirundinidae) Barn Swallow Hill Swallow Wire-tailed Swallow	Hypsipetes ganeesa Hirundo rustica Hirundo domicola Hirundo smithii
Square-tailed Bulbul Swallows, Martins (Hirundinidae) Barn Swallow Hill Swallow Wire-tailed Swallow Dusky Crag Martin	Hypsipetes ganeesaHirundo rusticaHirundo domicolaHirundo smithiiPtyonoprogne concolor
Square-tailed Bulbul Swallows, Martins (Hirundinidae) Barn Swallow Hill Swallow Wire-tailed Swallow Dusky Crag Martin	Hypsipetes ganeesaHirundo rusticaHirundo domicolaHirundo smithiiPtyonoprogne concolorCecropis daurica
Square-tailed Bulbul Swallows, Martins (Hirundinidae) Barn Swallow Hill Swallow Wire-tailed Swallow Dusky Crag Martin Red-rumped Swallow	Hypsipetes ganeesaHirundo rusticaHirundo domicolaHirundo smithiiPtyonoprogne concolorCecropis daurica
Square-tailed Bulbul Swallows, Martins (Hirundinidae) Barn Swallow Hill Swallow Wire-tailed Swallow Dusky Crag Martin Red-rumped Swallow Leaf Warblers & Allies (Phyllosco	Hypsipetes ganeesa Hirundo rustica Hirundo domicola Hirundo smithii Ptyonoprogne concolor Cecropis daurica



Common name	Scientific name	
Greenish Warbler	Phylloscopus trochiloides	
Large-billed Leaf Warbler	Phylloscopus magnirostris	
Reed Warblers & Allies (Acrocephalidae)		
Blyth's Reed Warbler	Acrocephalus dumetorum	
Booted Warbler	Iduna caligata	
Cisticolas & Allies (Cisticolidae)	1	
Grey-breasted Prinia	Prinia hodgsonii	
Jungle Prinia	Prinia sylvatica	
Ashy Prinia	Prinia socialis	
Plain Prinia	Prinia inornata	
Common Tailorbird	Orthotomus sutorius	
Babblers, Scimitar Babblers (Tima	aliidae)	
Indian Scimitar Babbler	Pomatorhinus horsfieldii	
Tawny-bellied Babbler	Dumetia hyperythra	
Dark-fronted Babbler	Rhopocichla atriceps	
Fulvettas, Ground Babblers (Pello		
Brown-cheeked Fulvetta	Alcippe poioicephala	
Puff-throated Babbler	Pellorneum ruficeps	
Laughingthrushes & Allies (Leioth		
Nilgiri Laughingthrush - EN	Montecincla cachinnans	
Palani Laughingthrush	Montecincla fairbanki	
Large Grey Babbler	Argya malcolmi	
Yellow-billed Babbler	Argya affinis	
Jungle Babbler	Argya striata	
Rufous Babbler	Argya subrufa	
Sylviid Babblers (Sylviidae)		
Yellow-eyed Babbler	Chrysomma sinense	
White aver (7 estavoridae)		
White-eyes (Zosteropidae)	Zostanons nala chucaus	
Indian White-eye	Zosterops palpebrosus	
Fairy-bluebirds (Irenidae)		
Asian Fairy-bluebird	Irena puella	
Asiali Fally-Ulucullu		

Common name	Scientific name
	<u> </u>
Nuthatches (Sittidae)	
Indian Nuthatch	Sitta castanea
Velvet-fronted Nuthatch	Sitta frontalis
Starlings, Rhabdornis (Sturnidae)	
Southern Hill Myna	Gracula indica
Jungle Myna	Acridotheres fuscus
Common Myna	Acridotheres tristis
Chestnut-tailed Starling	Sturnia malabarica
Malabar Starling	Sturnia blythii
Brahminy Starling	Sturnia pagodarum
Thrushes (Turdidae)	1
Orange-headed Thrush	Geokichla citrina
Nilgiri Thrush	Zoothera neilgherriensis
Indian Blackbird	Turdus simillimus
Chats, Old World Flycatchers (Mu	scicapidae)
Indian Robin	Copsychus fulicatus
Oriental Magpie-Robin	Copsychus saularis
White-rumped Shama	Copsychus malabaricus
Asian Brown Flycatcher	Muscicapa dauurica
Brown-breasted Flycatcher	Muscicapa muttui
White-bellied Blue Flycatcher	Cyornis pallidipes
Tickell's Blue Flycatcher	Cyornis tickelliae
Blue-throated Blue Flycatcher	Cyornis rubeculoides
Verditer Flycatcher	Eumyias thalassinus
Nilgiri Flycatcher	Eumyias albicaudatus
Indian Blue Robin	Larvivora brunnea
Nilgiri Blue Robin - EN	Sholicola major
White-bellied Blue Robin - VU	Sholicola albiventris
Malabar Whistling Thrush	Myophonus horsfieldii
Rusty-tailed Flycatcher	Ficedula ruficauda
Black-and-orange Flycatcher	Ficedula nigrorufa
Blue-capped Rock Thrush	Monticola cinclorhyncha
Pied Bush Chat	Saxicola caprata



Common name	Scientific name
Leafbirds (Chloropseidae)	
Jerdon's Leafbird	Chloropsis jerdoni
Golden-fronted Leafbird	Chloropsis aurifrons
Flowerpeckers (Dicaeidae)	
Thick-billed Flowerpecker	Dicaeum agile
Pale-billed Flowerpecker	Dicaeum erythrorhynchos
Nilgiri Flowerpecker	Dicaeum concolor
Sunbirds (Nectariniidae)	
Purple-rumped Sunbird	Leptocoma zeylonica
Crimson-backed Sunbird	Leptocoma minima
Purple Sunbird	Cinnyris asiaticus
Loten's Sunbird	Cinnyris lotenius
Little Spiderhunter	Arachnothera longirostra
Old World Sparrows, Snowfinch	es (Passeridae)
House Sparrow	Passer domesticus
Yellow-throated Sparrow	Gymnoris xanthocollis
Waxbills, Munias & Allies (Estri	ldidae)
Red Avadavat	Amandava amandava
Indian Silverbill	Euodice malabarica
White-rumped Munia	Lonchura striata
Scaly-breasted Munia	Lonchura punctulata
Black-throated Munia (H)	Lonchura kelaarti
Wagtails, Pipits (Motacillidae)	
Western Yellow Wagtail	Motacilla flava
Grey Wagtail	Motacilla cinerea
White-browed Wagtail	Motacilla maderaspatensis
Paddyfield Pipit	Anthus rufulus
Nilgiri Pipit - VU	Anthus nilghiriensis
Finches, Euphonias (Fringillidae	
Common Rosefinch	Carpodacus erythrinus



Total seen	271
Total heard	3
Total recorded	274

Mammal List

Common name	Scientific name
Elephants (Elephantidae)	
Asian Elephant	Elephas maximus
Lorises and Pottos (Lorisidae)	
Gray Slender Loris	Loris lydekkerianus
Old Warld Markovs (Coroori	(hasidas)
Old World Monkeys (Cercopit	
Bonnet Macaque	Macaca radiata
Black-footed Gray Langur	Semnopithecus hypoleucos
Tufted Gray Langur	Semnopithecus priam
Nilgiri Langur	Trachypithecus johnii
Squirrels and relatives (Sciuri	dae)
Common Palm Squirrel	Funambulus palmarum
Dusky-striped Squirrel	Funambulus sublineatus
Indian Giant Squirrel	Ratufa indica
Rabbits and Hares (Leporidae	
Indian Hare	Lepus nigricollis
Data (Chinantana)	
Bats (Chiroptera)	Discourse aig autous
Indian Flying Fox	Pteropus giganteus
Civets, Genets, Linsangs and a	llies (Viverridae)
Brown Palm Civet	Paradoxurus jerdoni
Mongooses and Fossa (Herpes	tidae)
Indian Grey Mongoose	Herpestes edwardsii
Hogs and Pigs (Suidae)	
Wild Boar	Sus scrofa
	5us scr0ju



Common name	Scientific name
Deer, Elk and Moos (Cervid	lae)
Chital	Axis axis
Sambar	Rusa unicolor
Bovids (Bovidae)	
Nilgiri Tahr	Nilgiritragus hylocrius
Total	17

<u>Reptile List</u>

Common name	Scientific name
Crocodiles (Crocodylidae)	
Marsh Crocodile (Mugger)	Crocodylus palustris
Chameleons (Chamaeleonidae)	
Indian Chameleon	Chamaeleo zeylanicus
Agamid lizards (Agamidae)	
Peninsular Rock Agama	Psammophilus dorsalis
Oriental Garden Lizard	Calotes versicolor
Southern Flying Lizard	Draco dussumieri
Vipers (Viperidae)	
Large-scaled Pit Viper	Trimeresurus macrolepis
Total	6

