



## COMPREHENSIVE MALAWI TRIP REPORT

15 – 29 NOVEMBER 2017

By Dylan Vasapolli



Malawi's only endemic, **Yellow-throated Apalis**, showed well.

## Overview

Following the same route and itinerary as our set-departure Malawi tour, this tour was run specifically for our clients and saw us attempting to find as many new species as possible for them. This comprehensive tour takes in the best of Malawi. Beginning in the southern lowlands we explore a few national parks and the montane forests of the Zomba Plateau. We then move to the miombo-clad hills of the Dzalanyama Forest Reserve before continuing to the famous Nyika National Park in the north of the country. Our final destination is the Chintheche area on the shores of Lake Malawi before ending the tour in the capital, Lilongwe. Since the tour was run at the beginning of the austral summer, rain was expected during the tour and did hamper us somewhat, although it was a price that we paid happily in exchange for the excellent birding we enjoyed throughout the tour – a result of birding during the peak breeding season. A testament to the good birding saw us ending the tour on 380 species (plus 16 heard only) despite the rain challenges and the target-based nature of the trip, with us not focusing on widespread species.

## Day 1, November 15. Arrival in Lilongwe

Art and Alicia landed in Lilongwe in the early afternoon, and after collecting them we made our way to our comfortable lodge on the outskirts of town, where we checked in, dropped our things, and prepared for a bit of afternoon birding.

A short ride later and we were at the Lilongwe Wildlife Centre, where we spent the remainder of the afternoon until closing. It was rather quiet, but as we progressed along the walk we made some headway. Some thickets early on held a pair of **Black-throated Wattle-eyes** that showed well, along with **White-browed Robin-Chat** and **Olive Sunbird**. Some scanning of the river produced a pair of **African Black Ducks** along with **Hamerkop**, **Common** and **Green Sandpipers**, and **Pied Kingfisher**. As we progressed we picked up on the raucous notes of **Schalow's Turaco**, and had the bird within view in no time. We enjoyed great scope views of it as it sat contently, calling occasionally. Other species seen here included **Emerald-spotted Wood Dove**, **Black-backed Puffback**, **Tropical Boubou**, **Black Cuckooshrike**, **African Paradise Flycatcher**, **Yellow-breasted Apalis**, and **Kurrichane Thrush**.

## Day 2, November 16. Lilongwe to Lengwe National Park

With a long drive ahead of us today we had only a small bit of time in the morning to bird locally before having to set off. We concentrated our efforts in the gardens of our lodge and the surrounding woodlands. The birding was excellent to put it simply, and we never ran out of getting more species. The lush lodge gardens and thickets provided us with many species, including **Speckled Mousebird**, **Willow Warbler**, **Grey-backed Camaroptera**, **Arrow-marked Babbler**, **African Yellow White-eye**, **Southern Black** and **Ashy Flycatchers**, **Collared**, **Olive**, and **Variable Sunbirds**, **Spectacled Weaver**, **Red-billed Firefinch**, **Bronze** and **Red-backed Mannikins**, and a small group of the truly spectacular **Red-throated Twinspots**.

Moving into the surrounding mixed woodland the good birding continued, and here we added **African Green Pigeon**, **Striped** and **Woodland Kingfishers**, **Yellow-fronted Tinkerbird**, **Black-collared Barbet**, **Cardinal Woodpecker**, **Chinspot Batis**, **Long-billed Crombec**, **Garden Warbler**, an excited group of the prized **Green-capped Eremomelas**, **Violet-backed Starling**, **Scarlet-chested Sunbird**, **Golden-breasted Bunting**, and a mixed group of canaries made up of **Southern Citril** and **Yellow-fronted** and **Brimstone Canaries**.

With that excellent start behind us our breakfast went down well before we got onto the road for our long drive to Lengwe National Park in the lowlands of the southern part of the country. We made good progress and arrived at the entrance gate in the mid-afternoon. We made our way over to Nyala Lodge where we checked in and then headed out for an afternoon walk. The combination of thickets and open woodland here made for excellent birding, and we got a good taste of it this afternoon. A **White-backed Vulture** perched atop its nest got us off to a good start, while we added to our **Kingfisher** tally with finding **Grey-headed. Little Bee-eaters** hawked insects over an opening, while a noisy **Broad-billed Roller** kept watch over a small pond. The open woodlands held **Red-faced Mousebird**, **Green Wood Hoopoe**, **Bearded Woodpecker**, **Orange-breasted Bushshrike**, **Brubru**, **Sombre Greenbul**, and **Greater Blue-eared Starling**. Suddenly a large raptor flew in, and although it landed somewhat obscured, we were able to see enough of it to confirm that it was a magnificent **Crowned Eagle**. A final run-through of some thickets on the edge of the lodge produced **Bearded Scrub Robin** and **Collared Palm Thrush**. Some of the mammals encountered on our walk included Nyala (for which the lodge and reserve is perhaps best known), Impala, Smith's Bush Squirrel, and Vervet Monkey. We enjoyed the first of many sundowners as dusk came!



A pair of Red-throated Twinspots paused for a few seconds.

### Day 3, November 17. Lengwe National Park

We had a full day to spend exploring the depths of this park and began with a morning walk, taking us into some of the proper 'lowland thickets', before returning back to the lodge for a much-needed and delicious breakfast. Before we actually got into the thickets we passed through some mature open woodland and enjoyed some more widespread species, including a surprise **Namaqua Dove**, **Levaillant's** and **Jacobin Cuckoos**, **Common Scimitarbill**, **Greater Honeyguide**, **Eurasian Golden Oriole**, **Southern Black Tit**, **Yellow-bellied Greenbul**, and **Grey Tit-Flycatcher**. The thickets were pretty quiet, but some persistence paid off with the sought-after **Böhm's Bee-eater**, **Crowned Hornbill**, **Retz's Helmetshrike**, **African Golden Oriole**, **Terrestrial Brownbul**, **Square-tailed Drongo**, and **Dark-backed Weaver**, while **Eastern Nicator** called at regular intervals but refused to show. En route back to camp the open



woodland again held a few different species, with the best being **Marabou Stork**, **African Harrier-Hawk**, a regal **Martial Eagle**, **Rattling Cisticola**, and **Pin-tailed Whydah**.

Following a break over the midday period we resumed birding on an afternoon drive, exploring other areas. A small ephemeral pond on the edge of a large patch of thicket held numbers of **Knob-billed Ducks**, **Egyptian** and **Spur-winged Geese**, **Yellow-billed** and **White Storks**, **African Openbill**, **Grey Heron**, **Hamerkop**, and many **Wood Sandpipers**. Our stop here also provided the difficult **Green Malkoha**, and we enjoyed some good views of this skulker. **African Emerald Cuckoo** taunted us but refused to show. As we pressed onward we enjoyed a number of raptors, including **White-backed Vulture**, **Black-chested** and **Brown Snake Eagles**, **Bateleur**, and **Wahlberg's Eagle**, before the track began turning less and less drivable. We should have taken our cue at this point but continued onwards and soon found ourselves embedded in a mud patch, which was carefully hidden under a mat of grass. We spent a little while trying to dig ourselves out and eventually came free. With smiles all around we made our way back to camp, but not before picking up the stunning **Livingstone's Flycatcher** and **Hildebrandt's Francolin** as a bonus. We added a few more mammals during the course of the day, including Yellow Baboon, Samango Monkey, Common Warthog, Cape Buffalo, and Suni.

#### **Day 4, November 18. Lengwe National Park to Zomba.**

With not too much ground to cover today we made the most of the morning in Lengwe with another morning walk. We focused on an area near to where we spent the previous afternoon and with overcast conditions enjoyed a productive walk. Highlights went to glorious views of a perched **Crowned Eagle**, **Western Banded Snake Eagle**, an **African Goshawk** displaying overhead, **Black**, **Red-chested**, **African**, and **Common Cuckoos**, **Grey-headed Kingfisher**, **Blue-cheeked Bee-eater**, **African Grey Hornbill**, **Golden-tailed Woodpecker**, **Grey-headed Bushshrike**, the localized **Pale Batis**, **Lesser Masked** and **Village Weavers**, and **Jameson's Firefinch**.

After breakfast we picked up a flock of **Crested Guinea-fowls** just outside the camp before gathering our things, packing, and beginning our journey to Zomba. On our way out of Lengwe the agricultural fields produced **Variable Sunbird** and **Southern Brown-throated Weaver**. We made good ground, and after a quick car-wash in Blantyre (to get rid of all the mud from yesterday) we arrived in Zomba and checked into our comfortable hotel on top of the plateau. We enjoyed a good lunch before beginning birding around the hotel gardens. Here we enjoyed our first montane forest specials, including **Tambourine Dove**, **Livingstone's Turaco**, **White-eared Barbet**, **Yellow-rumped Tinkerbird**, **Olive-headed Greenbul**, **Black-headed Apalis**, **African Dusky Flycatcher**, **Cape Robin-Chat**, and **Forest Double-collared Sunbird**.

With the hotel grounds exhausted we extended our search to a nearby tract of forest. We were off to a great start when we picked up a skittish **White-starred Robin**, and while we were trying to get some decent views of the robin a stunning **Yellow-throated Apalis** popped out of a bush and put on a great show for us. So Malawi's only endemic was out of the way! As we continued we added **African Olive Pigeon**, **Little** and **Placid Greenbuls**, and **Evergreen Forest Warbler** – with the latter only showing for the briefest period of time, leaving us wanting more, despite following up on many calling individuals. All too soon the heavens opened and promptly ended our birding for the day, and we made our way back to the hotel. The rain didn't relent until after dark, while we enjoyed a good, warm meal before retiring for the evening.

**Day 5, November 19. Zomba Plateau**

We woke to an overcast morning once again and set off to bird some of the remnant montane forest patches still remaining on the plateau. The weather held for the morning, and we enjoyed some truly excellent birding in a short span of time. Our main target was the rare and difficult **Thyolo Alethe**, and we began searching some prime tracts of forest. In no time, we were onto a calling bird, and time seemed to stop as I got onto it briefly before the bird moved off, with Art and Alicia having missed it. Fortunately, we were given a second chance as we picked it up again perched in the mid-strata, completely in the open. We enjoyed the bird and our great views for a time before it moved off, leaving us elated with our views! Then we focused our efforts on another highly-prized bird, White-winged Apalis, and while the apalis proved elusive, our efforts were rewarded with a number of other species. These included **Long-crested Eagle**, **Livingstone's Turaco**, **Cape Batis**, **Square-tailed Drongo**, **White-tailed Crested Flycatcher**, **Olive-headed, Little**, and **Placid Greenbuls**, **Yellow-throated Woodland Warbler**, **Yellow-throated** and **Black-headed Apalises**, **Garden Warbler**, **African Yellow White-eye**, a far more cooperative **White-starred Robin**, **Collared Sunbird**, **Red-faced Crimsonwing**, **Yellow-bellied Waxbill**, and **Mountain Wagtail**. Just as we were about to give up we struck gold and found a showy pair of **White-winged Apalis** that put on a great show for us.



After some searching, we managed to locate the prized White-winged Apalis.

After our highly successful morning we headed back for breakfast and afterwards set off on a drive around the plateau. **Augur** and **Common Buzzards** were seen in flight, while birding in the rank grasslands gave us **African Yellow Warbler**, **Singing** and **Wailing Cisticolas**, **African Stonechat**, **Yellow Bishop**, a surprise group of **Green Twinspots**, many groups of **Yellow-bellied Waxbills**, **Bronze** and **Red-backed Mannikins**, and **Southern Citril**. As we ascended above a certain altitude, we were plunged into some of the densest fog I have ever been in, and we could scarcely see the road in front of us. We made our way back down to below the fog line and emerged into a world we could once again see. Right on the verge we decided to try our luck at yet another calling **Evergreen Forest Warbler**, and this proved to be a good move, as we had a pair showing very well almost immediately. While driving alongside a tract of forest I heard

the distinctive song of **Orange Ground Thrush**, and we headed in search of it. It didn't take us too long before we found the bird, calling from high up in the canopy, as this species so often does. We enjoyed it for some time before it moved off, and we were amazed at how many great birds we had already seen today.

With rain predicted for the afternoon period, we set off to bird the southern slopes of the Zomba Massive, searching for primarily Bertram's Weaver, one of our last remaining targets here, but, sadly, without success. But as soon as we arrived on site we had time enough to enjoy **Red-throated Twinspot** before the rain started, well earlier than it had been predicted. Similar to yesterday the rain didn't relent and put an early end to our birding efforts. Mammals are scarce here, and species seen during the day were limited to Yellow Baboon, Samango Monkey, and Red Bush Squirrel.

### Day 6, November 20. Zomba to Liwonde National Park

Owing to our immensely successful day yesterday we needed only the morning around the greater Zomba area before continuing to our next destination, Liwonde National Park. A morning walk, searching for our missing Bertram's Weaver, sadly failed, but we did enjoy a plethora of other great species, similar to what we managed yesterday. Standout sightings went to **Black Sparrowhawk**, **Livingstone's Turaco**, **Black Saw-wing**, **Yellow-throated Apalis**, and **Red-faced Crimsonwing**.

After enjoying a good breakfast, we packed and headed down the mountain to try another area for the weaver, enjoying a showy **Striped Pipit** en route. Not being rained out allowed us to properly work the area for a time, but we sadly had to leave without finding our target. However, we still had some great birding, with highlights being **Augur Buzzard** and **White-necked Ravens** regularly moving overhead, the difficult **Pallid Honeyguide** perched and calling from within a massive Eucalyptus tree, **Singing** and **Red-faced Cisticolas**, **African Firefinch**, and **Red-throated Twinspot** all present, while some of the larger trees held a gaudy pair of **White-winged Apalis**. Before long we were at the entrance to the famous Liwonde National Park, only to be told that after recent rains the roads within the reserve were closed, and we had to head to an alternate entrance, from where we had to take a boat to our lodge.

After arriving and meeting up with our local guide Duncan we settled for lunch and a slight rest before our drive later in the afternoon. A stroll around the grounds gave us some better views of species we had seen already, such as **Woodland Kingfisher**, **Böhm's Bee-eater**, **Tropical Boubou**, **Spotted Flycatcher**, **White-browed Robin-Chat**, **Collared Palm Thrush**, **Scarlet-chested Sunbird**, and **Southern Brown-throated Weaver**.

Our afternoon drive was incredibly productive as we worked the mosaic of open floodplains, thicket, and mopane edge together with the majestic Shire River. The thicket areas held **Purple-crested Turaco**, **Trumpeter Hornbill**, **Dickinson's Kestrel**, **Brown-headed Parrot**, the sought-after **Lilian's Lovebird**, and a pair of the unpredictable **Orange-winged Pytilia**. The woodland edges and the dry floodplain were very productive and provided **Palm-nut Vulture**, **Western Banded Snake Eagle**, **Bateleur**, **Wahlberg's Eagle**, **Little Bee-eater**, **Meves's Starling**, **White-browed Sparrow-Weaver**, and **Yellow-throated Longclaw**. The river was our last port of call, when we settled in and enjoyed a spectacular sundowner, with all the many waterbirds going about their business before the day ended. Species seen here included **Yellow-billed** and **Saddle-billed Storks**, **Black-crowned Night** and **Squacco Herons**, **Great Egret**, **White-breasted Cormorant**, **African Darter**, **African Fish Eagle**, **Water Thick-knee**, **Spur-winged Lapwing**, **Common** and **Green Sandpipers**, **Common Greenshank**, a small number of



**African Skimmers**, and **Pied** and **Malachite Kingfishers**. A night drive back to the lodge saw us connecting with Large-spotted Genet along with White-tailed, Marsh, and Meller's Mongooses and Scrub Hare.

#### **Day 7, November 21. Liwonde National Park**

With a full day available for us to explore this great reserve, we began with a morning walk through some riverine frontage, searching for, among others, primarily Pel's Fishing Owl. It was a rather quiet morning with not much activity. Species we eked out included **African Cuckoo-Hawk**, **Grey Go-away-bird**, **Green Malkoha**, **Klaas's Cuckoo**, a family of **African Wood Owls** at their day roost, **Giant Kingfisher**, **Southern Ground Hornbill**, **Livingstone's Flycatcher**, and **Bearded Scrub Robin**. **African Barred Owlet** was heard only as we transferred to the other side of the river to resume our search, along with a try for the incredibly localized Brown-breasted Barbet. We enjoyed a roost of the prized **White-backed Night Herons** en route. We tried a few stakeouts for the barbet and were eventually rewarded when a **Brown-breasted Barbet** came to a fruiting tree. Although it moved around a lot and was pretty skittish, we enjoyed some excellent views of this sought-after species. Following our success here we resumed our search for the **Pel's Fishing Owl**, and, as if on cue, successfully managed to find one. Although the bird was mostly obscured, some careful positioning saw us enjoying some fine scope views of this glorious species before retiring for our (much needed) breakfast.



Pel's Fishing Owl was a bird high on our target list.

Following a midday break we regrouped for the afternoon stint and headed into the mature mopane woodland, searching for a few of our outstanding targets. The afternoon was excellent and saw us finding **Brown Snake Eagle**, **Swallow-tailed Bee-eater**, **Southern Red-billed Hornbill**, **Speckle-throated Woodpecker** (one of our primary targets), **Lilian's Lovebird**, **Marsh Warbler**, **Violet-backed** and **Greater Blue-eared Starlings**, and **Arnott's Chat**. We again settled in for our sundowners with a majestic view of the river and enjoyed among others a **Eurasian Hobby** hunting overhead.

We once again went on a night drive back to the lodge and enjoyed a stunning **Verreaux's Eagle-Owl**, while **African Scops Owl** was heard only. Today had also been a day for mammals, and species seen included the sought-after Sable Antelope along with African Elephant, Hippopotamus, Greater Kudu, Plains Zebra, Waterbuck, Bushbuck, and Short-snouted Sengi (Elephant-shrew), while our night drive added a calling Thick-tailed Greater Galago (Bushbaby) and excellent views of African Civet.

#### **Day 8, November 22. Liwonde National Park to Dzalanyama Forest Reserve**

We began the day with a morning boat cruise along the Shire River and enjoyed a wealth of life. Some of the birds seen included **Yellow-billed Stork**, **African Openbill**, **African Spoonbill**, **Glossy Ibis**, **Squacco Heron**, **Western Osprey**, **Spur-winged Lapwing**, **Common Ringed Plover**, a pair of **Greater Painted-snipes** feeding along the edges, **African Jacana**, **Ruff**, **Gull-billed** and **Whiskered Terns**, **Giant Kingfisher**, both **Dickinson's Kestrel** and **Eurasian Hobby**, a surprise **Banded Martin**, **Lesser Masked Weaver**, and **African Pied Wagtail**. Ever-present mammals were Hippopotamus and African Elephant.

We sadly had to gather our things, transfer back to our car, and continue onward, bringing our stay at this fantastic national park to an end. We made good ground as we transferred first back to Lilongwe and from there to the Dzalanyama Forest Reserve. We arrived in the mid-afternoon, and birded our way through the fantastic miombo woodland en route to the lodge. Our first stop for a party was a good one on the right on the woodland edge. We quickly acquainted ourselves with such specials as **Pale-billed Hornbill**, **Yellow-fronted Tinkerbird**, **Green-capped Eremomela**, **Yellow-bellied Hyliota**, **Yellow-throated Petronia**, and **Reichard's** and **Black-eared Seedeaters** among other more common party members.

After we had checked into the basic Dzalanyama Forest Lodge the heavens opened up, and we took it easy, waiting for the rain to stop. Eventually it did, and we headed off on a late-afternoon walk through some of the mature miombo close to the lodge. It was a slow walk, and we managed to eke out a calling **African Barred Owlet** that showed well, along with a showy pair of **Miombo Rock Thrushes** and a **Cabanis's Bunting**. We enjoyed an excellent home-cooked meal before retiring for the evening.

#### **Day 9, November 23. Dzalanyama Forest Reserve**

Dzalanyama is quite simply a magical place and an area I adore and love birding within. We had a full day to explore the reserve at our leisure, and with a number of target birds for the day we set off early and were off to a flying start. Birding in miombo woodland can be difficult at times, as one relies to be successful on finding bird parties that normally host the specials, and simply walking and spending as much time as possible in the woodland is the ultimate key to success. Very soon after leaving the lodge on our morning walk a few calls alerted us to a nearby party, and in no time we were surrounded by birds as the party moved through. It was an exceptionally exciting first party, as it contained species such as the highly-prized **Stierling's Woodpecker**, **Miombo Tit**, **Red-capped Crombec**, **Stierling's Wren-Warbler**, **Yellow-bellied** and **Southern Hyliotas**, and a group of **African Spotted Creepers**, among others. Having had our fill and enjoying the views of the various species we pressed onwards to our final point at a dambo (a grassy/wetland break in the woodland). Our main target at the dambo was the difficult **Lesser Seedcracker**, of which we only managed brief views after a lengthy search, leaving us wanting more. Our time around the dambo wasn't without reward, though, as we enjoyed the



likes of **Schalow's Turaco**, **Short-winged Cisticola**, **Red-winged Warbler**, **Black-winged Red Bishop**, **Yellow-mantled Widowbird**, and another highly prized species, **Anchieta's Sunbird**.

We eventually began making our way back for breakfast but not before running into another party. Not as exciting as the first one, it still gave us a few new additions, namely **White-breasted Cuckooshrike**, **Miombo Scrub Robin**, and **Wood Pipit**.

Our midday period saw us tackling the many large rocky outcrops in the reserve, targeting a very unusual and highly-desired species, **Boulder Chat**. Our great day continued as we found and had great views of a small group of **Boulder Chats** at our first site. After having enjoyed them we came down from the hills and focused once again on the miombo. Approaching midday, activity was generally low, but we did quite well adding the difficult **Böhm's Flycatcher** and **Western Violet-backed Sunbird** to the list. We were also privy to finding a nest of the flycatcher and watched them at leisure around their nest.

We took a break over the lunch period and resumed birding in the afternoon, hoping to better our views of **Lesser Seedcracker**. After much effort we eventually tracked down a calling bird, but it was just hidden from sight, no matter where we positioned ourselves, and, frustratingly, went unseen. But after we had just about given up a last-ditch effort saw us find a stunning male **Lesser Seedcracker**, quietly perched in some nearby bushes, and fortunately it stuck around for us to enjoy it for a few moments before it disappeared into the vegetation once more. During our time here we added **African Harrier-Hawk**, **Lizard Buzzard**, **Burchell's Coucal**, **Grey-olive Greenbul**, **Sand Martin**, **Holub's Golden Weaver**, **African Firefinch**, and **Brimstone Canary**. On our walk back to the lodge we flushed a **European Nightjar**, and working a bird party further along we could add **Souza's Shrike** to the list, one of the last true miombo specials we had been missing so far. This brought an end to a truly fantastic day where everything seemed to go to plan!



Miombo birding at its finest: African Spotted Creeper ...



... and Stierling's Woodpecker

#### **Day 10, November 24. Dzalanyama to Luwawa Forest Lodge**

With our spectacular day of birding yesterday our list of targets was short, and we focused our efforts toward the edge of the miombo, where we'd be looking for chiefly Whyte's and Miombo Pied Barbets. We had a surprisingly slow morning and had to work hard for any birds, and our targets went wanting. Highlights of the morning were **Western Banded Snake Eagle**, **Shikra**, **Bearded Woodpecker**, **Black-throated Wattle-eye**, **White-breasted Cuckooshrike**, **Red-winged Warbler**, **Miombo Scrub Robin**, **Wood Pipit**, and great looks at **Grey-olive Greenbul**, while **Rufous-bellied Tit** eluded us and was heard only.

We bade Dzalanyama farewell and undertook our long drive northwards to Luwawa Forest Lodge, on the Viphya Plateau. A quick detour via Lifupa Dam in Kasungu National Park gave us a few common waterbirds such as **Abdim's Stork**, **White-faced Whistling** and **Yellow-billed Ducks**, **Red-billed Teal**, **Red-knobbed Coot** and our special target, **Lesser Jacana**.

In the mid-afternoon we arrived at the entrance track to Luwawa Forest Lodge and birded our way to the lodge. Some of the species seen included **Blue-spotted Wood Dove**, **Singing Cisticola**, **Bertram's Weaver** (which sadly didn't hang around very long), **Orange-breasted Waxbill**, and **African Pipit**.

After arriving at the lodge and checking in we joined one of the local birders who knew a spot for Whyte's Barbet. After being cooped up in the car for most of the day we opted to walk to/from the site. This proved a good move, as we were able to bird on the way and enjoyed both **African Marsh Harrier** and a few **Pallid Harriers** floating over the grasslands. We arrived in the stunted miombo and almost immediately got onto a bird perched atop some dead branches – **Whyte's Barbet**! Success, and we enjoyed some scope views before the bird disappeared. We headed up to a nesting spot to see if we could get better views, but alas, the bird wouldn't show again. Other species present here included **Red-chested Cuckoo**, **Lesser Honeyguide**, **Northern Fiscal**, **Trilling Cisticola**, **Garden Warbler**, and **African Firefinch**.

We made our way back to the lodge and investigated a grassy area near the lodge, which produced **Moustached Grass** and **African Yellow Warblers** along with **Fan-tailed Grassbird** and **Croaking Cisticola**. All too soon darkness came, and we settled in for a good meal.

**Day 11, November 25. Luwawa Forest Lodge to Nyika National Park**

With today going to be a tight day time-wise, we had only a brief period of birding available around the lodge before we had to get going. We focused initially on the forested areas adjacent to the lodge, which was excellent, and here we recorded **Schalow's Turaco**, **Fülleborn's Boubou**, **Black-browed Greenbul**, **Bar-throated** and **Chapin's Apalises**, **Green Twinspot**, and **Red-faced Crimsonwing** before the mechanical purring of **African Broadbill** started. We aligned ourselves and managed to pick up an individual displaying, enjoying good scope views of this highly-desired species! We then birded through some scrub habitat and wetland fringes before making our way through another patch of forest. Species seen included **Blue-spotted Wood Dove**, **African Pygmy Kingfisher**, **Scaly-throated Honeyguide**, **Olive Woodpecker**, **Evergreen Forest** and **Red-winged Warblers**, **White-starred Robin**, **Bronzy** and **Forest Double-collared Sunbirds**, **Bertram's**, **Spectacled**, and **Holub's Golden Weavers**, **Black-winged Red Bishop**, **Yellow-bellied Waxbill**, and **Southern Citril**. The large dam held little besides **Malachite Kingfisher**, while an inlet had calling **African Rail**, **Red-chested Flufftail** and **Little Rush Warblers**, but, try as we might, we were unable to get views.

Before long we were on the road, heading for Nyika National Park. While the park wasn't too far away it took a good few hours to get to the camp after entering. This large park is one of the country's 'best-kept secrets' and one of my all-time favorite places to visit, harboring not only a wealth of biodiversity but also a great number of sought-after species and generally excellent birding – not to mention its unique setting.

We arrived at the park around midday and immediately started looking for our first target, **Black-backed Barbet**, which eventually cooperated after giving us only brief views a number of times initially. Rain clouds had been building up throughout the morning, and they were now looking as though they would burst. Luckily we got back to the car just in time as the heavens opened up shortly after.



We eventually managed good views of the difficult Black-backed Barbet.



We continued the drive to Chelinda Camp, and as soon as the rain stopped a wealth of bird activity arose and we set out to investigate. We were in some stunted miombo, and one of our main targets on this stretch, **Rufous-bellied Tit**, began calling, and we enjoyed a few individuals a few moments later as they bounced around the trees. We also enjoyed other species such as **Miombo Tit**, **Red-capped Crombec**, **Willow Warbler**, **Stierling's Wren-Warbler**, **Miombo Scrub Robin**, and **Tree Pipit**, before forcing ourselves away.

We eventually exited the miombo and saw the rapid change in habitat as we neared the top of the plateau. Small forest patches surrounded by rolling grasslands were now the order of the day, and we stopped to investigate one of the first forest patches we found. We had quite a bit of excitement here, as both **Olive-flanked Ground Robin** and **White-chested Alethe** began calling not far away. Sadly, we were to only hear these two 'ghost' birds for now.

We continued our way to the lodge, stopping occasionally for a few more new birds, and arrived at our comfortable lodge shortly before sunset. Species seen along the way included **Hildebrandt's Francolin**, **Lizard Buzzard**, **African Olive Pigeon**, **Moustached Tinkerbird**, **Olive Woodpecker**, **White-tailed Crested Flycatcher**, **Black-browed Greenbul**, **Grey-rumped** and **Red-rumped Swallows**, **Mountain Yellow** and **Cinnamon Bracken Warblers**, **Fan-tailed Grassbird**, a plethora of **Cisticolas** including **Singing**, **Trilling**, **Wailing**, **Croaking** and **Short-winged**, **Chapin's Apalis**, **Waller's Starling**, **Yellow-billed Oxpecker**, **White-eyed Slaty Flycatcher** and **Malachite** and **Whyte's Double-collared Sunbirds**. We also enjoyed a large herd of Roan Antelope, Common Eland, and Plains Zebra, along with a lone Oribi.

### Day 12, November 26. Full day at Nyika National Park

We had the day to spend within Nyika, and we headed off on a morning walk to start the day with local guide Alam. It didn't take us long before we had our first flyby of **Blue Swallow**, and it is encouraging to note how well this species seems to be doing here. We also managed to find the two localized **Cisticolas** of the area, **Black-lored** and **Churring**. **Montane Widowbird** was next before we found a large flock of **Yellow-crowned Canaries** and the difficult **Yellow-browed Seedeater**. **White-necked Ravens** were a regular sight overhead, and just as we started making our way back for breakfast we located a nearby covey of **Red-winged Francolin** before a mighty **Denham's Bustard** flew overhead and landed on the opposite hillside.

Following breakfast we joined up with Steven and headed to the Zovo Chipolo Forest, where we would try for Bar-tailed Trogon, among others. Upon arrival at the forest a vocal **Olive-flanked Ground Robin** was first to appear, giving us incredible views, before a **Fülleborn's Boubou** popped up, giving us better views than on the previous day. We enjoyed other forest species such as **Schalow's Turaco**, **White-tailed Crested Flycatcher**, **Black-browed Greenbul**, **Chapin's** and **Brown-headed Apalises**, **White-starred Robin**, and **Moustached Tinkerbird** before we found a calling **Bar-tailed Trogon**. We managed to track the bird down, but it was mostly obscured, but then we noticed another individual, much closer and completely in the open. We enjoyed breathtaking views of this prized species, as both birds went about their business, unperturbed by us, before we left them be. **Abyssinian Thrush** went by unseen. As we exited the forest we enjoyed a flyby **European Honey Buzzard** along with **Rufous-breasted Sparrowhawk**, before a glorious **White-headed Saw-wing** floated into view and stuck around at the forest edge.

Our afternoon saw us undertake a drive into the grasslands, bound for a rocky hill where we hoped to find Scarlet-tufted Sunbird. The regular **Angolan Swallow** showed well, and we encountered a number of coveys of **Red-winged Francolin** along with an unexpected group of

**Temminck's Coursers.** The dam held little besides **African Black Duck** and **Green Sandpiper**, but then a **Lanner Falcon** graced the sky. **Rufous-naped Larks** and **African Pipits** showed at regular intervals, while I was the only one to get view of a flushed **Common Quail** that exploded off the road. **Banded Martins** were seen quartering the grass, but we were unable to see the small specks that were **Wing-snapping Cisticolas**, despite their call persisting throughout the afternoon. We arrived at the **Scarlet-tufted Sunbird** site just in time for the clouds and rain to move in. Only Steven and I caught a fleeting sight of a distant sunbird, which otherwise remained heard only, before we called it quits here and slowly made our way back to the lodge.

Mammals seen throughout the day included the same species as yesterday with the addition of Common Duiker.

We undertook a night drive coming back, and although it was slow going we did manage to find **Spotted Eagle-Owl** and a skittish **Montane (Ruwenzori) Nightjar**, while a Side-striped Jackal was the mammal highlight, rounding up another fantastic day.



The exquisite Bar-tailed Trogon never fails to impress.

### **Day 13, November 27. Nyika National Park to Chintheche**

With our main goal to get as soon as possible into the Vwaza Marsh Wildlife Reserve to search for some localized specials we started early from Chelinda Camp. Our trip out of the reserve was quick going for the most part, although we did have a few stops, where we were able to pick up species such as **Dusky Turtle Dove**, **Lemon Dove**, **Moustached Tinkerbird**, **Olive Woodpecker**, **Cape Batis**, **Pearl-breasted** and **Mosque Swallows**, **Black-lored** and **Churring Cisticolas**, **Pale Flycatcher**, **White-chested Alethe** (finally, some brief views obtained of this master skulker!), **Whyte's Double-collared Sunbird**, **Yellow Bishop**, **Montane Widowbird**, and **Tree Pipit**, among others. As we approached the exit gate the heaven opened up again and an absolute deluge came down.

We headed to the now reasonably close Vwaza Marsh Wildlife Reserve, within which the road deteriorated rapidly until we reached an impassable section now flooded from the recent rains.

We decided to not head further and retraced our steps for a bit to bird a few of the remnant patches of miombo further up on the access road. As it turned out this proved to be a good move, as the rain stopped and the birds came alive. We began working the tall hillside miombo and encountered our first party consisting mainly of **Rufous-bellied Tits**, but we also noted **Crowned Hornbill**, **Stierling's Wren-Warbler**, **Miombo Blue-eared Starling**, **Miombo** and **White-browed Scrub Robins**, **Collared Flycatcher**, **Miombo Rock Thrush**, **Scarlet-chested Sunbird**, **Yellow-throated Petronia**, and **Cinnamon-breasted Bunting**. Try as we might, though, we could not find the two big Vwaza specials, Babbling Starling and Chestnut-backed Sparrow-Weaver. **Broad-billed Rollers** were in evidence, as was **Meyer's Parrot**, while a **Narina Trogon** called from a distant valley and both **White-headed Saw-wings** and **Lesser Striped Swallows** flitted about overhead.

We were trying for better views of the parrots when a distant, but very distinct **African Pitta** called. I couldn't believe it, as not only is this one of the most-wanted birds within Africa, but also a rare summer visitor to the region and here completely out of habitat -- I fumbled at getting the words out. After composing myself we immediately set off after the bird, and fortunately for us it continued calling and displaying, leading us right to it. It was within a massive tree along a riverbed, and it took a little while to get some good views of the bird as it kept jumping around and displaying near the top of the tree, mostly obscured. But bit of patience ensured that we finally had excellent views of **African Pitta**. Eventually we had to pull ourselves out of the riverbed, after having our fill, with now two birds calling along this stretch of the dry riverbed.



African Pitta just about to launch into its display – a truly unforgettable experience!

A **Senegal Coucal** was the last noteworthy bird before we called it quits here to continue onwards to Chintheche, where we would stay overnight. Following an uneventful drive we arrived in the late afternoon shortly before dusk, when we settled in and enjoyed sundowners, looking over the beautiful Lake Malawi from our comfortable lodge.

Mammal highlights for the day included Slender Mongoose and Southern Reedbuck, both in Nyika.



**Day 14, November 28. Chintheche and surrounds**

We woke to a thunderstorm and rain this morning, which put paid to our morning birding. We waited for it to clear and headed out on a walk of the lodge and surrounds. Although the weather was pretty awful we eked out **Striated** and **Black Herons**, **White-breasted Cormorant**, **African Fish Eagle**, **Blue-spotted Wood Dove**, **African Green Pigeon**, **Purple-crested Turaco**, **African Black Swift**, **Giant** and numerous **Pied Kingfishers**, **Black-throated Wattle-eye**, **Terrestrial Brownbul**, **Red-faced Cisticola**, **Yellow-breasted Apalis**, **Garden Warbler**, **Ashy Flycatcher**, **Collared** and **Purple-banded Sunbirds**, **Eastern Golden Weaver**, and **African Pied Wagtail**, among others.

It rained on and off through the morning, but the weather fortunately improved over the afternoon, which saw us heading to a forest patch to try for East Coast Akalat. Unfortunately, soon the road to our destination became impassable due to the recent rain. We were able to access the road from the other end and gave that a try. This proved to be successful, although the road was in bad shape, and it was very slow going. We were not able to reach the original forest we wanted to go to and instead investigated a few smaller forest patches we had passed en route, which looked excellent. Here we were able to enjoy virtually all of the other specials of the area, including **Green Malkoha**, **Yellow-fronted Tinkerbird**, **Green-backed Woodpecker**, **Blue-mantled Crested Flycatcher**, views of **Eastern Nicator** at long last, **Yellow-bellied Greenbul**, **Red-capped Robin-Chat**, and **Collared Flycatcher**, but, try as we might, no akalat. After trying for a quite some time we gave up and made our way slowly back to the lodge, where we settled in for our last sundowner of the trip.

**Day 15, November 29. Chintheche to Lilongwe and departure**

With a longish drive back to Lilongwe we started fairly early in the morning, noting a similar spectrum of birds to what we had found the previous day. We wanted to explore a nearby wetland, but just as we arrived the heavens opened up again, so we got back into the car and hit the road instead. Not far from the lodge we came across a young **Bat Hawk** flying parallel with the car; however, we lost the bird when we pulled off. The drive was relatively uneventful until we arrived at a dry dambo north of Lilongwe around midday.

The weather was still overcast, but the rain seemed to be holding. So we set off to look for a few additional species, chief among them being Locust Finch and Rosy-throated Longclaw. The area was pretty birdy, and we enjoyed many species, from raptors such as **Pallid Harrier** and **Amur Falcon** to ground-dwelling species such as **Common Buttonquail**, **Fischer's Sparrow-Lark**, and **Red-capped Lark** to rank-growth species such as **Moustached Grass** and **African Yellow Warblers**, and there were a number of **Common House Martins** overhead. **Cisticolas** were well represented with **Red-faced**, **Singing**, **Croaking** and **Zitting**, while also present were **Yellow-throated Longclaw**, **Yellow-mantled Widowbird**, **Black-winged Red** and **Yellow Bishops**, and many seedeaters, including **Jameson's Firefinch**, **Common** and **Orange-breasted Waxbills**, **Village Indigobird**, and **Pin-tailed** and **Long-tailed Paradise Whydahs**. We seemed to be unable to find the two chief targets, though, but just as we had practically given up we managed to flush a group of **Locust Finches**, but they disappeared as dark specs, as this species usually does. We headed to the area where they landed and searched for a while, sadly without luck.

Time had come to head to town to drop Art and Alicia off at their hotel, where they would spend the night and fly back home the following day, while I would begin the drive back to South Africa the following morning as well.



One of many sunsets experienced on the tour

I would like to kindly thank Art and Alicia for the good times and especially the many exceptional sightings we had, including the vast majority of the region's specials. Although the rain hampered us somewhat, the excellent birding we continually had made up for this, and our African Pitta experience will no doubt remain with me for the rest of my life! Our trip was mightily successful, scoring just under 400 species in two weeks, especially considering the target-based nature of this trip!

<b><u>CUSTOM TOUR MALAWI BIRD LIST - NOVEMBER 2017</u></b>		
<b>Status: NT = Near-threatened, VU = Vulnerable, EN = Endangered, CR = Critically Endangered</b>		
<b>Common name (IOC 8.1)</b>	<b>Scientific name (IOC 8.1)</b>	<b>Trip</b>
	<b>ANSERIFORMES</b>	
<b>Ducks, Geese and Swans</b>	<b>Anatidae</b>	
White-faced Whistling Duck	<i>Dendrocygna viduata</i>	1
Spur-winged Goose	<i>Plectropterus gambensis</i>	1
Knob-billed Duck	<i>Sarkidiornis melanotos</i>	1
Egyptian Goose	<i>Alopochen aegyptiaca</i>	1
African Black Duck	<i>Anas sparsa</i>	1
Yellow-billed Duck	<i>Anas undulata</i>	1
Red-billed Teal	<i>Anas erythrorhyncha</i>	1
	<b>GALLIFORMES</b>	
<b>Guineafowl</b>	<b>Numididae</b>	

Helmeted Guineafowl	<i>Numida meleagris</i>	1
Crested Guineafowl	<i>Guttera pucherani</i>	1
Pheasants and allies	<i>Phasianidae</i>	
Red-winged Francolin	<i>Scleroptila levaillantii</i>	1
Crested Francolin	<i>Dendroperdix sephaena</i>	H
Hildebrandt's Francolin	<i>Pternistis hildebrandti</i>	1
Red-necked Spurfowl	<i>Pternistis afer</i>	H
Common Quail	<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>	1
	<b>CICONIIFORMES</b>	
<b>Storks</b>	<b>Ciconiidae</b>	
Yellow-billed Stork	<i>Mycteria ibis</i>	1
African Openbill	<i>Anastomus lamelligerus</i>	1
Abdim's Stork	<i>Ciconia abdimii</i>	1
White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	1
Saddle-billed Stork	<i>Ephippiorhynchus senegalensis</i>	1
Marabou Stork	<i>Leptoptilos crumenifer</i>	1
	<b>PELECANIFORMES</b>	
<b>Ibises, Spoonbills</b>	<b>Threskiornithidae</b>	
African Sacred Ibis	<i>Threskiornis aethiopicus</i>	1
Hadada Ibis	<i>Bostrychia hagedash</i>	1
Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>	1
African Spoonbill	<i>Platalea alba</i>	1
<b>Hérons, Bitterns</b>	<b>Ardeidae</b>	
White-backed Night Heron	<i>Gorsachius leuconotus</i>	1
Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	1
Striated Heron	<i>Butorides striata</i>	1
Squacco Heron	<i>Ardeola ralloides</i>	1
Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	1
Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	1
Black-headed Heron	<i>Ardea melanocephala</i>	1
Goliath Heron	<i>Ardea goliath</i>	1
Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	1
Intermediate Egret	<i>Ardea intermedia</i>	1
Black Heron	<i>Egretta ardesiaca</i>	1
Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	1
<b>Hamerkop</b>	<b>Scopidae</b>	
Hamerkop	<i>Scopus umbretta</i>	1
	<b>SULIFORMES</b>	
<b>Cormorants, Shags</b>	<b>Phalacrocoracidae</b>	



Reed Cormorant	<i>Microcarbo africanus</i>	1
White-breasted Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax lucidus</i>	1
<b>Anhingas, Darters</b>	<b>Anhingidae</b>	
African Darter	<i>Anhinga rufa</i>	1
	<b>ACCIPITRIFORMES</b>	
<b>Ospreys</b>	<b>Pandionidae</b>	
Western Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	1
<b>Kites, Hawks and Eagles</b>	<b>Accipitridae</b>	
Black-winged Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>	1
African Harrier-Hawk	<i>Polyboroides typus</i>	1
Palm-nut Vulture	<i>Gypohierax angolensis</i>	1
European Honey Buzzard	<i>Pernis apivorus</i>	1
African Cuckoo-Hawk	<i>Aviceda cuculoides</i>	1
White-backed Vulture - CR	<i>Gyps africanus</i>	1
Black-chested Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus pectoralis</i>	1
Brown Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus cinereus</i>	1
Western Banded Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus cinerascens</i>	1
Bateleur - NT	<i>Terathopius ecaudatus</i>	1
Bat Hawk	<i>Macheiramphus alcinus</i>	1
Crowned Eagle - NT	<i>Stephanoaetus coronatus</i>	1
Martial Eagle - VU	<i>Polemaetus bellicosus</i>	1
Long-crested Eagle	<i>Lophaetus occipitalis</i>	1
Wahlberg's Eagle	<i>Hieraetus wahlbergi</i>	1
Lizard Buzzard	<i>Kaupifalco monogrammicus</i>	1
African Goshawk	<i>Accipiter tachiro</i>	1
Shikra	<i>Accipiter badius</i>	1
Rufous-breasted Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter rufiventris</i>	1
Black Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter melanoleucus</i>	1
African Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus ranivorus</i>	1
Pallid Harrier - NT	<i>Circus macrourus</i>	1
Yellow-billed Kite	<i>Milvus aegyptius</i>	1
African Fish Eagle	<i>Haliaeetus vocifer</i>	1
Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	1
Augur Buzzard	<i>Buteo augur</i>	1
	<b>OTIDIFORMES</b>	
<b>Bustards</b>	<b>Otididae</b>	
Denham's Bustard - NT	<i>Neotis denhami</i>	1
	<b>GRUIFORMES</b>	
<b>Flufftails</b>	<b>Sarothruridae</b>	

Red-chested Flufftail	<i>Sarothrura rufa</i>	H
<b>Rails, Crakes and Coots</b>	<b>Rallidae</b>	
African Rail	<i>Rallus caerulescens</i>	H
Red-knobbed Coot	<i>Fulica cristata</i>	1
	<b>CHARADRIIFORMES</b>	
<b>Buttonquail</b>	<b>Turnicidae</b>	
Common Buttonquail	<i>Turnix sylvaticus</i>	1
Stone-curlews, Thick-knees	<i>Burhinidae</i>	
Water Thick-knee	<i>Burhinus vermiculatus</i>	1
<b>Plovers</b>	<b>Charadriidae</b>	
Spur-winged Lapwing	<i>Vanellus spinosus</i>	1
African Wattled Lapwing	<i>Vanellus senegallus</i>	1
Common Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>	1
<b>Painted-snipes</b>	<b>Rostratulidae</b>	
Greater Painted-snipe	<i>Rostratula benghalensis</i>	1
<b>Jacanas</b>	<b>Jacanidae</b>	
Lesser Jacana	<i>Microparra capensis</i>	1
African Jacana	<i>Actophilornis africanus</i>	1
<b>Sandpipers, Snipes</b>	<b>Scolopacidae</b>	
Ruff	<i>Calidris pugnax</i>	1
Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	1
Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>	1
Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>	1
Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>	1
<b>Coursers, Pratincoles</b>	<b>Glareolidae</b>	
Temminck's Courser	<i>Cursorius temminckii</i>	1
<b>Gulls, Terns and Skimmers</b>	<b>Laridae</b>	
African Skimmer - NT	<i>Rynchops flavirostris</i>	1
Grey-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus cirrocephalus</i>	1
Gull-billed Tern	<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>	1
Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybrida</i>	1
	<b>COLUMBIFORMES</b>	
<b>Pigeons, Doves</b>	<b>Columbidae</b>	
Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>	1
African Olive Pigeon	<i>Columba arquatrix</i>	1
Lemon Dove	<i>Columba larvata</i>	1
Dusky Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia lugens</i>	1
Red-eyed Dove	<i>Streptopelia semitorquata</i>	1
Ring-necked Dove	<i>Streptopelia capicola</i>	1

Laughing Dove	<i>Spilopelia senegalensis</i>	1
Emerald-spotted Wood Dove	<i>Turtur chalcospilos</i>	1
Blue-spotted Wood Dove	<i>Turtur afer</i>	1
Tambourine Dove	<i>Turtur tympanistria</i>	1
Namaqua Dove	<i>Oena capensis</i>	1
African Green Pigeon	<i>Treron calvus</i>	1
	<b>MUSOPHAGIFORMES</b>	
<b>Turacos</b>	<b>Musophagidae</b>	
Livingstone's Turaco	<i>Tauraco livingstonii</i>	1
Schalow's Turaco	<i>Tauraco schalowi</i>	1
Purple-crested Turaco	<i>Tauraco porphyreolophus</i>	1
Grey Go-away-bird	<i>Corythaixoides concolor</i>	1
	<b>CUCULIFORMES</b>	
<b>Cuckoos</b>	<b>Cuculidae</b>	
Senegal Coucal	<i>Centropus senegalensis</i>	1
Burchell's Coucal	<i>Centropus burchellii</i>	1
Green Malkoha	<i>Ceuthmochares australis</i>	1
Levaillant's Cuckoo	<i>Clamator levaillantii</i>	1
Jacobin Cuckoo	<i>Clamator jacobinus</i>	1
Diederik Cuckoo	<i>Chrysococcyx caprius</i>	1
Klaas's Cuckoo	<i>Chrysococcyx klaas</i>	1
African Emerald Cuckoo	<i>Chrysococcyx cupreus</i>	H
Black Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus clamosus</i>	1
Red-chested Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus solitarius</i>	1
African Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus gularis</i>	1
Common Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>	1
	<b>STRIGIFORMES</b>	
<b>Owls</b>	<b>Strigidae</b>	
African Scops Owl	<i>Otus senegalensis</i>	H
Spotted Eagle-Owl	<i>Bubo africanus</i>	1
Verreaux's Eagle-Owl	<i>Bubo lacteus</i>	1
Pel's Fishing Owl	<i>Scotopelia peli</i>	1
African Wood Owl	<i>Strix woodfordii</i>	1
African Barred Owlet	<i>Glaucidium capense</i>	1
	<b>CAPRIMULGIFORMES</b>	
<b>Nightjars</b>	<b>Caprimulgidae</b>	
European Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus europaeus</i>	1
Montane Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus ruwenzorii</i>	1
	<b>APODIFORMES</b>	

<b>Swifts</b>	<b>Apodidae</b>	
Mottled Spinetail	<i>Telacanthura ussheri</i>	1
African Palm Swift	<i>Cypsiurus parvus</i>	1
Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>	1
African Black Swift	<i>Apus barbatus</i>	1
Little Swift	<i>Apus affinis</i>	1
White-rumped Swift	<i>Apus caffer</i>	1
	<b>COLIIFORMES</b>	
<b>Mousebirds</b>	<b>Coliidae</b>	
Speckled Mousebird	<i>Colius striatus</i>	1
Red-faced Mousebird	<i>Urocolius indicus</i>	1
	<b>TROGONIFORMES</b>	
<b>Trogons</b>	<b>Trogonidae</b>	
Narina Trogon	<i>Apaloderma narina</i>	H
Bar-tailed Trogon	<i>Apaloderma vittatum</i>	1
	<b>CORACIIFORMES</b>	
<b>Rollers</b>	<b>Coraciidae</b>	
Lilac-breasted Roller	<i>Coracias caudatus</i>	1
Broad-billed Roller	<i>Eurystomus glaucurus</i>	1
<b>Kingfishers</b>	<b>Alcedinidae</b>	
Grey-headed Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon leucocephala</i>	1
Brown-hooded Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon albiventris</i>	1
Striped Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon chelicuti</i>	1
Woodland Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon senegalensis</i>	1
African Pygmy Kingfisher	<i>Ispidina picta</i>	1
Malachite Kingfisher	<i>Corythornis cristatus</i>	1
Giant Kingfisher	<i>Megaceryle maxima</i>	1
Pied Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle rudis</i>	1
Bee-eaters	<b>Meropidae</b>	
Swallow-tailed Bee-eater	<i>Merops hirundineus</i>	1
Little Bee-eater	<i>Merops pusillus</i>	1
Böhm's Bee-eater	<i>Merops boehmi</i>	1
Blue-cheeked Bee-eater	<i>Merops persicus</i>	1
European Bee-eater	<i>Merops apiaster</i>	1
	<b>BUCEROTIFORMES</b>	
<b>Hoopoes</b>	<b>Upupidae</b>	
African Hoopoe	<i>Upupa africana</i>	1
<b>Wood Hoopoes</b>	<b>Phoeniculidae</b>	
Green Wood Hoopoe	<i>Phoeniculus purpureus</i>	1



Common Scimitarbill	<i>Rhinopomastus cyanomelas</i>	1
<b>Ground Hornbills</b>	<b>Bucorvidae</b>	
Southern Ground Hornbill - VU	<i>Bucorvus leadbeateri</i>	1
<b>Hornbills</b>	<b>Bucerotidae</b>	
Southern Red-billed Hornbill	<i>Tockus rufirostris</i>	1
Crowned Hornbill	<i>Lophoceros alboterminatus</i>	1
African Grey Hornbill	<i>Lophoceros nasutus</i>	1
Pale-billed Hornbill	<i>Lophoceros pallidirostris</i>	1
Trumpeter Hornbill	<i>Bycanistes bucinator</i>	1
	<b>PICIFORMES</b>	
<b>African Barbets</b>	<b>Lybiidae</b>	
White-eared Barbet	<i>Stactolaema leucotis</i>	1
Whyte's Barbet	<i>Stactolaema whytii</i>	1
Moustached Tinkerbird	<i>Pogoniulus leucomystax</i>	1
Yellow-rumped Tinkerbird	<i>Pogoniulus bilineatus</i>	1
Yellow-fronted Tinkerbird	<i>Pogoniulus chrysoconus</i>	1
Black-collared Barbet	<i>Lybius torquatus</i>	1
Brown-breasted Barbet	<i>Lybius melanopterus</i>	1
Black-backed Barbet	<i>Lybius minor</i>	1
Crested Barbet	<i>Trachyphonus vaillantii</i>	H
<b>Honeyguides</b>	<b>Indicatoridae</b>	
Pallid Honeyguide	<i>Indicator meliphilus</i>	1
Lesser Honeyguide	<i>Indicator minor</i>	1
Scaly-throated Honeyguide	<i>Indicator variegatus</i>	1
Greater Honeyguide	<i>Indicator indicator</i>	1
<b>Woodpeckers</b>	<b>Picidae</b>	
Speckle-throated Woodpecker	<i>Campethera scriptoricauda</i>	1
Golden-tailed Woodpecker	<i>Campethera abingoni</i>	1
Green-backed Woodpecker	<i>Campethera cailliautii</i>	1
Bearded Woodpecker	<i>Chloropicus namaquus</i>	1
Cardinal Woodpecker	<i>Dendropicos fuscescens</i>	1
Stierling's Woodpecker - NT	<i>Dendropicos stierlingi</i>	1
Olive Woodpecker	<i>Dendropicos griseocephalus</i>	1
	<b>FALCONIFORMES</b>	
<b>Caracaras, Falcons</b>	<b>Falconidae</b>	
Dickinson's Kestrel	<i>Falco dickinsoni</i>	1
Amur Falcon	<i>Falco amurensis</i>	1
Eurasian Hobby	<i>Falco subbuteo</i>	1
Lanner Falcon	<i>Falco biarmicus</i>	1

	<b>PSITTACIFORMES</b>	
<b>African &amp; New World Parrots</b>	<b>Psittacidae</b>	
Meyer's Parrot	<i>Poicephalus meyeri</i>	1
Brown-headed Parrot	<i>Poicephalus cryptoxanthus</i>	1
<b>Old World Parrots</b>	<b>Psittaculidae</b>	
Lilian's Lovebird - NT	<i>Agapornis lilianae</i>	1
	<b>PASSERIFORMES</b>	
<b>Broadbills</b>	<b>Eurylaimidae</b>	
African Broadbill	<i>Smithornis capensis</i>	1
<b>Pittas</b>	<b>Pittidae</b>	
African Pitta	<i>Pitta angolensis</i>	1
<b>Wattle-eyes, Batises</b>	<b>Platysteiridae</b>	
Cape Batis	<i>Batis capensis</i>	1
Chinspot Batis	<i>Batis molitor</i>	1
Pale Batis	<i>Batis soror</i>	1
Black-throated Wattle-eye	<i>Platysteira peltata</i>	1
<b>Helmetshrikes</b>	<b>Prionopidae</b>	
Retz's Helmetshrike	<i>Prionops retzii</i>	1
<b>Bushshrikes</b>	<b>Malaconotidae</b>	
Grey-headed Bushshrike	<i>Malaconotus blanchoti</i>	1
Orange-breasted Bushshrike	<i>Chlorophoneus sulfureopectus</i>	1
Marsh Tchagra	<i>Bocagia minuta</i>	H
Brown-crowned Tchagra	<i>Tchagra australis</i>	1
Black-crowned Tchagra	<i>Tchagra senegalus</i>	1
Black-backed Puffback	<i>Dryoscopus cubla</i>	1
Fülleborn's Boubou	<i>Laniarius fuelleborni</i>	1
Tropical Boubou	<i>Laniarius major</i>	1
Brubru	<i>Nilais afer</i>	1
<b>Cuckooshrikes</b>	<b>Campephagidae</b>	
White-breasted Cuckooshrike	<i>Coracina pectoralis</i>	1
Black Cuckooshrike	<i>Campephaga flava</i>	1
<b>Shrikes</b>	<b>Laniidae</b>	
Souza's Shrike	<i>Lanius souzae</i>	1
Red-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius collurio</i>	1
Northern Fiscal	<i>Lanius humeralis</i>	1
<b>Figbirds, Orioles</b>	<b>Oriolidae</b>	
Eurasian Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>	1
African Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus auratus</i>	1
Black-headed Oriole	<i>Oriolus larvatus</i>	1

<b>Drongos</b>	<b>Dicruridae</b>	
Square-tailed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus ludwigii</i>	1
Fork-tailed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus adsimilis</i>	1
<b>Monarchs</b>	<b>Monarchidae</b>	
Blue-mantled Crested Flycatcher	<i>Trochocercus cyanomelas</i>	1
African Paradise Flycatcher	<i>Terpsiphone viridis</i>	1
<b>Crows, Jays</b>	<b>Corvidae</b>	
Pied Crow	<i>Corvus albus</i>	1
White-necked Raven	<i>Corvus albicollis</i>	1
<b>Fairy Flycatchers</b>	<b>Stenostiridae</b>	
White-tailed Crested Flycatcher	<i>Elminia albonotata</i>	1
<b>Tits, Chickadees</b>	<b>Paridae</b>	
Southern Black Tit	<i>Melaniparus niger</i>	1
Rufous-bellied Tit	<i>Melaniparus rufiventris</i>	1
Miombo Tit	<i>Melaniparus griseiventris</i>	1
<b>Nicators</b>	<b>Nicatoridae</b>	
Eastern Nicator	<i>Nicator gularis</i>	H
<b>Larks</b>	<b>Alaudidae</b>	
Fischer's Sparrow-Lark	<i>Eremopterix leucopareia</i>	1
Rufous-naped Lark	<i>Mirafraga africana</i>	1
Flappet Lark	<i>Mirafraga rufocinnamomea</i>	H
Red-capped Lark	<i>Calandrella cinerea</i>	1
<b>Bulbuls</b>	<b>Pycnonotidae</b>	
Dark-capped Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus tricolor</i>	1
Black-browed Greenbul	<i>Arizelocichla fusciceps</i>	1
Olive-headed Greenbul	<i>Arizelocichla olivaceiceps</i>	1
Little Greenbul	<i>Eurillas virens</i>	1
Sombre Greenbul	<i>Andropadus importunus</i>	1
Yellow-bellied Greenbul	<i>Chlorocichla flaviventris</i>	1
Terrestrial Brownbul	<i>Phyllastrephus terrestris</i>	1
Grey-olive Greenbul	<i>Phyllastrephus cerviniventris</i>	1
Placid Greenbul	<i>Phyllastrephus placidus</i>	1
<b>Swallows, Martins</b>	<b>Hirundinidae</b>	
White-headed Saw-wing	<i>Psalidoprocne albiceps</i>	1
Black Saw-wing	<i>Psalidoprocne pristoptera</i>	1
Grey-rumped Swallow	<i>Pseudhirundo griseopyga</i>	1
Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>	1
Banded Martin	<i>Riparia cincta</i>	1
Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	1

Angolan Swallow	<i>Hirundo angolensis</i>	1
Wire-tailed Swallow	<i>Hirundo smithii</i>	1
Blue Swallow - VU	<i>Hirundo atrocaerulea</i>	1
Pearl-breasted Swallow	<i>Hirundo dimidiata</i>	1
Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>	1
Lesser Striped Swallow	<i>Cecropis abyssinica</i>	1
Mosque Swallow	<i>Cecropis senegalensis</i>	1
Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>	1
<b>Crombecs, African Warblers</b>	<b>Macrospenidae</b>	
Moustached Grass Warbler	<i>Melocichla mentalis</i>	1
Long-billed Crombec	<i>Sylvietta rufescens</i>	1
Red-capped Crombec	<i>Sylvietta ruficapilla</i>	1
<b>Yellow Flycatchers</b>	<b>Erythrocercidae</b>	
Livingstone's Flycatcher	<i>Erythrocercus livingstonei</i>	1
<b>Leaf Warblers and allies</b>	<b>Phylloscopidae</b>	
Yellow-throated Woodland Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus ruficapilla</i>	1
Willow Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>	1
<b>Reed Warblers and allies</b>	<b>Acrocephalidae</b>	
Marsh Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus palustris</i>	1
African Yellow Warbler	<i>Iduna natalensis</i>	1
Mountain Yellow Warbler	<i>Iduna similis</i>	1
<b>Grassbirds and allies</b>	<b>Locustellidae</b>	
Little Rush Warbler	<i>Bradypterus baboecala</i>	H
Cinnamon Bracken Warbler	<i>Bradypterus cinnamomeus</i>	1
Evergreen Forest Warbler	<i>Bradypterus lopezi</i>	1
Fan-tailed Grassbird	<i>Schoenicola brevirostris</i>	1
<b>Cisticolas and allies</b>	<b>Cisticolidae</b>	
Red-faced Cisticola	<i>Cisticola erythrops</i>	1
Singing Cisticola	<i>Cisticola cantans</i>	1
Trilling Cisticola	<i>Cisticola woosnami</i>	1
Black-lored Cisticola	<i>Cisticola nigriloris</i>	1
Rattling Cisticola	<i>Cisticola chiniana</i>	1
Churring Cisticola	<i>Cisticola njombe</i>	1
Wailing Cisticola	<i>Cisticola lais</i>	1
Croaking Cisticola	<i>Cisticola natalensis</i>	1
Short-winged Cisticola	<i>Cisticola brachypterus</i>	1
Neddicky	<i>Cisticola fulvicapilla</i>	1
Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>	1
Wing-snapping Cisticola	<i>Cisticola ayresii</i>	H



Tawny-flanked Prinia	<i>Prinia subflava</i>	1
Red-winged Warbler	<i>Heliolais erythropterus</i>	1
Bar-throated Apalis	<i>Apalis thoracica</i>	1
Yellow-throated Apalis - EN	<i>Apalis flavigularis</i>	1
Yellow-breasted Apalis	<i>Apalis flavida</i>	1
White-winged Apalis - VU	<i>Apalis chariessa</i>	1
Black-headed Apalis	<i>Apalis melanocephala</i>	1
Chapin's Apalis	<i>Apalis chapini</i>	1
Brown-headed Apalis	<i>Apalis alticola</i>	H
Green-backed Camaroptera	<i>Camaroptera brachyura</i>	1
Grey-backed Camaroptera	<i>Camaroptera brevicaudata</i>	1
Stierling's Wren-Warbler	<i>Calamonastes stierlingi</i>	1
Green-capped Eremomela	<i>Eremomela scotops</i>	1
<b>Laughingthrushes</b>	<b>Leiotherichidae</b>	
Arrow-marked Babbler	<i>Turdoides jardineii</i>	1
<b>Sylviid Babblers</b>	<b>Sylviidae</b>	
Garden Warbler	<i>Sylvia borin</i>	1
<b>White-eyes</b>	<b>Zosteropidae</b>	
African Yellow White-eye	<i>Zosterops senegalensis</i>	1
<b>Hyliotas</b>	<b>Hylitidae</b>	
Yellow-bellied Hyliota	<i>Hyliota flavigaster</i>	1
Southern Hyliota	<i>Hyliota australis</i>	1
<b>Treecreepers</b>	<b>Certhiidae</b>	
African Spotted Creeper	<i>Salpornis salvadori</i>	1
<b>Starlings, Rhabdornis</b>	<b>Sturnidae</b>	
Greater Blue-eared Starling	<i>Lamprotornis chalybaeus</i>	1
Miombo Blue-eared Starling	<i>Lamprotornis elisabeth</i>	1
Meves's Starling	<i>Lamprotornis mevesii</i>	1
Violet-backed Starling	<i>Cinnyricinclus leucogaster</i>	1
Red-winged Starling	<i>Onychognathus morio</i>	1
Waller's Starling	<i>Onychognathus walleri</i>	1
<b>Oxpeckers</b>	<b>Buphagidae</b>	
Yellow-billed Oxpecker	<i>Buphagus africanus</i>	1
Red-billed Oxpecker	<i>Buphagus erythrorhynchus</i>	1
<b>Thrushes</b>	<b>Turdidae</b>	
Orange Ground Thrush	<i>Geokichla gurneyi</i>	1
Kurrichane Thrush	<i>Turdus libonyana</i>	1
Abyssinian Thrush	<i>Turdus abyssinicus</i>	H
<b>Chats, Old World Flycatchers</b>	<b>Muscicapidae</b>	

Bearded Scrub Robin	<i>Cercotrichas quadrivirgata</i>	1
Miombo Scrub Robin	<i>Cercotrichas barbata</i>	1
White-browed Scrub Robin	<i>Cercotrichas leucophrys</i>	1
Grey Tit-Flycatcher	<i>Myioparus plumbeus</i>	1
White-eyed Slaty Flycatcher	<i>Melaenornis fischeri</i>	1
Southern Black Flycatcher	<i>Melaenornis pammelaina</i>	1
Pale Flycatcher	<i>Melaenornis pallidus</i>	1
Spotted Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa striata</i>	1
Ashy Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa caerulescens</i>	1
African Dusky Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa adusta</i>	1
Böhm's Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa boehmi</i>	1
White-chested Alethe	<i>Pseudalethe fuelleborni</i>	1
Thyolo Alethe - EN	<i>Pseudalethe choloensis</i>	1
Olive-flanked Ground Robin	<i>Cossypha anomala</i>	1
Cape Robin-Chat	<i>Cossypha caffra</i>	1
White-browed Robin-Chat	<i>Cossypha heuglini</i>	1
Red-capped Robin-Chat	<i>Cossypha natalensis</i>	1
White-starred Robin	<i>Pogonocichla stellata</i>	1
Collared Palm Thrush	<i>Cichladusa arquata</i>	1
Collared Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula albicollis</i>	1
Miombo Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola angolensis</i>	1
African Stonechat	<i>Saxicola torquatus</i>	1
Arnott's Chat	<i>Myrmecocichla arnotti</i>	1
Boulder Chat	<i>Pinarornis plumosus</i>	1
<b>Sunbirds</b>	<b>Nectariniidae</b>	
Anchieta's Sunbird	<i>Anthreptes anchietae</i>	1
Western Violet-backed Sunbird	<i>Anthreptes longuemarei</i>	1
Collared Sunbird	<i>Hedydipna collaris</i>	1
Olive Sunbird	<i>Cyanomitra olivacea</i>	1
Amethyst Sunbird	<i>Chalcomitra amethystina</i>	1
Scarlet-chested Sunbird	<i>Chalcomitra senegalensis</i>	1
Bronzy Sunbird	<i>Nectarinia kilimensis</i>	1
Malachite Sunbird	<i>Nectarinia famosa</i>	1
Scarlet-tufted Sunbird	<i>Nectarinia johnstoni</i>	H
Whyte's Double-collared Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris whytei</i>	1
Forest Double-collared Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris fuelleborni</i>	1
Purple-banded Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris bifasciatus</i>	1
Variable Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris venustus</i>	1
<b>Old World Sparrows, Snowfinches</b>	<b>Passeridae</b>	

House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	1
Northern Grey-headed Sparrow	<i>Passer griseus</i>	1
Southern Grey-headed Sparrow	<i>Passer diffusus</i>	1
Yellow-throated Petronia	<i>Gymnoris superciliaris</i>	1
<b>Weavers, Widowbirds</b>	<b>Ploceidae</b>	
White-browed Sparrow-Weaver	<i>Plocepasser mahali</i>	1
Thick-billed Weaver	<i>Amblyospiza albifrons</i>	1
Bertram's Weaver	<i>Ploceus bertrandi</i>	1
Spectacled Weaver	<i>Ploceus ocularis</i>	1
Eastern Golden Weaver	<i>Ploceus subaureus</i>	1
Holub's Golden Weaver	<i>Ploceus xanthops</i>	1
Southern Brown-throated Weaver	<i>Ploceus xanthopterus</i>	1
Lesser Masked Weaver	<i>Ploceus intermedius</i>	1
Southern Masked Weaver	<i>Ploceus velatus</i>	1
Village Weaver	<i>Ploceus cucullatus</i>	1
Dark-backed Weaver	<i>Ploceus bicolor</i>	1
Red-billed Quelea	<i>Quelea quelea</i>	1
Black-winged Red Bishop	<i>Euplectes hordeaceus</i>	1
Yellow Bishop	<i>Euplectes capensis</i>	1
Yellow-mantled Widowbird	<i>Euplectes macroura</i>	1
Montane Widowbird	<i>Euplectes psammacromius</i>	1
Red-collared Widowbird	<i>Euplectes ardens</i>	1
<b>Waxbills, Munias and allies</b>	<b>Estrildidae</b>	
Orange-winged Pytilia	<i>Pytilia afra</i>	1
Green Twinspot	<i>Mandingoa nitidula</i>	1
Red-faced Crimsonwing	<i>Cryptospiza reichenovii</i>	1
Lesser Seedcracker	<i>Pyrenestes minor</i>	1
Red-throated Twinspot	<i>Hypargos niveoguttatus</i>	1
Red-billed Firefinch	<i>Lagonosticta senegala</i>	1
African Firefinch	<i>Lagonosticta rubricata</i>	1
Jameson's Firefinch	<i>Lagonosticta rhodopareia</i>	1
Blue Waxbill	<i>Uraeginthus angolensis</i>	1
Yellow-bellied Waxbill	<i>Coccyzygia quartinia</i>	1
Common Waxbill	<i>Estrilda astrild</i>	1
Orange-breasted Waxbill	<i>Amandava subflava</i>	1
Locust Finch	<i>Paludipasser locustella</i>	1
Bronze Mannikin	<i>Lonchura cucullata</i>	1
Red-backed Mannikin	<i>Lonchura nigriceps</i>	1
<b>Indigobirds, Whydahs</b>	<b>Viduidae</b>	



Village Indigobird	<i>Vidua chalybeata</i>	1
Pin-tailed Whydah	<i>Vidua macroura</i>	1
Long-tailed Paradise Whydah	<i>Vidua paradisaea</i>	1
<b>Wagtails, Pipits</b>	<b>Motacillidae</b>	
Mountain Wagtail	<i>Motacilla clara</i>	1
African Pied Wagtail	<i>Motacilla aguimp</i>	1
Yellow-throated Longclaw	<i>Macronyx croceus</i>	1
African Pipit	<i>Anthus cinnamomeus</i>	1
Wood Pipit	<i>Anthus nyassae</i>	1
Tree Pipit	<i>Anthus trivialis</i>	1
Striped Pipit	<i>Anthus lineiventris</i>	1
<b>Finches</b>	<b>Fringillidae</b>	
Southern Citril	<i>Crithagra hyposticta</i>	1
Yellow-fronted Canary	<i>Crithagra mozambica</i>	1
Brimstone Canary	<i>Crithagra sulphurata</i>	1
Reichard's Seedeater	<i>Crithagra reichardi</i>	1
Black-eared Seedeater	<i>Crithagra mennelli</i>	1
Yellow-browed Seedeater	<i>Crithagra whytii</i>	1
Yellow-crowned Canary	<i>Serinus flavivertex</i>	1
<b>Buntings, New World Sparrows</b>	<b>Emberizidae</b>	
Cinnamon-breasted Bunting	<i>Emberiza tahapisi</i>	1
Golden-breasted Bunting	<i>Emberiza flaviventris</i>	1
Cabanis's Bunting	<i>Emberiza cabanisi</i>	1
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>380</b>

<b><u>CUSTOM TOUR MALAWI MAMMAL LIST - NOVEMBER 2017</u></b>		
<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Scientific Name</b>	<b>Trip</b>
	<b>PRIMATES</b>	
	<b>Cercopithecidae</b>	
Yellow Baboon	<i>Papio cynocephalus</i>	1
Vervet Monkey	<i>Chlorocebus pygerythrus</i>	1
Samango Monkey	<i>Cercopithecus mitis labiatus</i>	1
	<b>Galagidae</b>	
Thick-tailed Greater Galago	<i>Otolemur crassicaudatus</i>	H
	<b>LAGOMORPHA</b>	
	<b>Leporidae</b>	
Scrub Hare	<i>Lepus saxatilis</i>	1
	<b>RODENTIA</b>	

	<b>Sciuridae</b>	
Red Bush Squirrel	<i>Paraxerus palliatus</i>	1
Smith's Bush Squirrel	<i>Paraxerus cepapi</i>	1
	<b>Thryonomyidae</b>	
Greater Cane Rat	<i>Thryonomys swinderianus</i>	1
	<b>CARNIVORA</b>	
	<b>Canidae</b>	
Side striped Jackal	<i>Canis adustus</i>	1
	<b>Herpestidae</b>	
Meller's Mongoose	<i>Rhynchogale melleri</i>	1
Common Slender Mongoose	<i>Herpestes sanguineus</i>	1
Marsh Mongoose	<i>Atilax paludinosus</i>	1
White-tailed Mongoose	<i>Ichneumia albicauda</i>	1
	<b>Viverridae</b>	
Large-spotted Genet	<i>Genetta maculata</i>	1
African Civet	<i>Civettictis civetta</i>	1
	<b>MACROSCELIDEA</b>	
	<b>Macroscelididae</b>	
Short-snouted Sengi	<i>Elephantulus brachyrhynchus</i>	1
	<b>PROBOSCIDEA</b>	
	<b>Elephantidae</b>	
African Elephant	<i>Loxodonta africana</i>	1
	<b>PERISSODACTYLA</b>	
	<b>Equidae</b>	
Plains Zebra	<i>Equus quagga</i>	1
	<b>CETARTIODACTYLA</b>	
	<b>Suidae</b>	
Common Warthog	<i>Phacochoerus africanus</i>	1
	<b>Hippopotamidae</b>	
Hippopotamus	<i>Hippopotamus amphibius</i>	1
	<b>Bovidae</b>	
African Buffalo	<i>Syncerus caffer</i>	1
Common Eland	<i>Tragelaphus oryx</i>	1
Greater Kudu	<i>Tragelaphus strepsiceros</i>	1
Nyala	<i>Tragelaphus angasii</i>	1
Bushbuck	<i>Tragelaphus scriptus</i>	1
Roan Antelope	<i>Hippotragus equinus</i>	1
Sable Antelope	<i>Hippotragus niger</i>	1
Waterbuck	<i>Kobus ellipsiprymnus</i>	1

Southern Reedbuck	<i>Redunca arundinum</i>	1
Impala	<i>Aepyceros melampus</i>	1
Suni	<i>Neotragus moschatus</i>	1
Oribi	<i>Ourebia ourebi</i>	1
Common Duiker	<i>Sylvicapra grimmia</i>	1
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>32</b>