

USA – HAWAII: SET DEPARTURE TRIP REPORT

31 JANUARY - 09 FEBRUARY 2022

By Jacob Roalef



The glowing **Hawaii** Akepa was the unanimous favorite of the trip.



Overview

This ten-day set departure tour of Hawaii commenced in Honolulu, Hawaii on the 31st of January 2022 and concluded in Kona, Hawaii on the 09th of February 2022. The tour visited three of the Hawaiian Islands (Oahu, Kauai, and Hawaii) and visited numerous fantastic birding locations including Koke'e State Park, Hanalei National Wildlife Refuge, the Kuli'ou'ou Valley Trail, Hakalau Forest National Wildlife Refuge, and the Pacific Ocean, on a pelagic out of Kona.

This tour connected with many amazing target birds, including endemic, native, and introduced species, giving us a high-quality list for our ten days in this tropical state. Avian highlights included Akiapolaau, Anianiau, Hawaii Akepa, Oahu, Kauai, and Hawaii Amakihi, Oahu, Kauai, and Hawaii Elepaios, Laysan Albatross, Bristle-thighed Curlew, Omao, Nene, Iiwi, Apapane, Red-footed Booby, White-tailed and Red-tailed Tropicbirds, Hawaiian Coot, White-rumped Shama, Eurasian Skylark, Java Sparrow, and Grey Francolin. We also managed to score a rarity for the state of Hawaii in the form of a vagrant, Red-billed Tropicbird, giving us the sweep of all the world's tropicbird species.

A total of 81 bird species were seen with three additional heard-only species bringing the total recorded to 84. In addition to the birds, some other animals were spotted including **Indian Grey Mongoose**, **Humpback Whale**, **Spinner Dolphin**, (Hawaiian) **Green Turtle**, and **Gold-dust Day Gecko**. Full bird and mammal checklists can be found at the end of the report.



Nene were seen on two of the islands during the tour.



Detailed Report

Day 1, 31st January 2022. Arrival in Oahu

This evening, the group met up at 6 pm for our first dinner together to catch up for some, and new introductions for others. We discussed our excitement for the upcoming days and birds we would hopefully encounter. While sitting outside, a couple of birds flew by including **Black-crowned Night Heron** and an amazing, bright **American Barn Owl!** From here, we headed off to bed to get ready for our first full day of birding.

Day 2, 1st February 2022. Oahu Forest and Coastline Birding

Breakfast at the resort was delicious and we shared it with several of the more common bird species as the sun rose. The trees and grounds around us were filled with **Zebra** and **Spotted Doves**, **Red-crested Cardinal**, **Warbling White-eye**, **Red-whiskered** and **Red-vented Bulbuls**, and **Common Myna**. A great way to start off our first full day of birding. After breakfast, we headed off into the mountains along the Manoa Cliffs Trail. As soon as we stepped out of the vehicles, we were greeted by an **Oahu Amakihi**, our target bird for the area! It gave us a fantastic showing filled with views in the sun and even sang for us. As we had scored on this fantastic target so quickly, we worked our way back down and over to Kapiolani Park with a quick detour stop in Honolulu to visit an area with nesting **White Terns** where we got to see this incredible species up close and even spotted a chick in the trees. The park was full of mostly introduced species such as **Rose-ringed Parakeet**, **Yellow-fronted Canary**, **House Sparrow**, and **Common Waxbill**. Several **Pacific Golden Plovers** were roaming the grassy fields, allowing up-close views.



The Oahu Amakihi is one of two endemic targets found on Oahu.



From here we headed off to the Kuli'ou'ou Valley Trail to search for the other endemic species on Oahu. While hiking in, we spotted **Red-vented Bulbul**, **White-rumped Shama**, and **Red-billed Leiothrix**, before eventually reaching the first territory for our target. The forest was quiet, but we were patient and diligently searched high and low until eventually an **Oahu Elepaio** was spotted and gave a few moments of great views for everyone to see! What a score of this Endangered (IUCN) species with estimates of less than 1,300 remaining adults in the wild. We do hope for the recovery of this species as it has been showing some resistance to mosquitoes and avian malaria.

After nailing both Oahu endemic birds, it was time for a tasty lunch by the water at Lana'i Lookout where we were able to scan and bird. Several **Red-tailed Tropicbirds** soared around as we ate, and streams of **Sooty Terns** passed by while **Humpback Whales** breached in the distant waters. As we wrapped up with lunch, an incredible rarity flew by, **Red-billed Tropicbird!** This species is a vagrant rarity to Hawaii and as such makes this location the only place to potentially see all three of the world's tropicbird species. We continued birding and scanning the coast until we made it to our final birding destination of the day, the Ka'elepulu Wetlands. Here we managed to pick up several more Hawaiian specials including **Hawaiian Coot**, **Black-necked Stilt** (Hawaiian subspecies), and **Common Gallinule** (Hawaiian subspecies). A great way to cap off our first full day of birding this paradise state. We headed back to our hotel and then off to dinner.

Day 3, 2nd February 2022. Oahu – The North Shore

Since we scored the two endemics on the previous day, today we decided to head back to Lana'i Lookout in the morning to do some more ocean watching and scanning, but first we stopped to experience some delicious malasada. In the parking area next to the malasada truck, a **Great Frigatebird** flew by in the distance. We made it to the lookout to eat our tasty snacks and do some scanning which yielded more **Sooty Terns** and **Red-tailed Tropicbirds**. A few **Humpback Whales** were spotted again off in the distance as well. We continued to circle around the coastline of Oahu, making stops to scan for anything new, which did produce our first **Wandering Tattler**. Continuing, we made it to the North Shore, the world--famous surfing destination. As luck would have it, there was a professional surfing competition slated there for this week so many surfer pros were out practicing. The waves were a modest 10-15 feet (3-5 meters), but it was still a neat experience to see people out there surfing. A little further down we stopped at another beach for a restroom and birding check where we spotted the color-bursting **Saffron Finch** as well as a couple (Hawaiian) **Green Turtles** taking a mid-morning snooze on the sand.

It was time for a break and a tasty lunch along the North Shore before continuing on to a golf course for our final birding destination of the day. We hiked out along the path, making our way towards the ocean. Pacific Golden Plovers, Zebra and Spotted Doves, and Common Mynas were foraging in the grasses of the course. House and Saffron Finches were seen in the tree lines as we walked along. Eventually we made it to the ocean and a small post-stamp-sized cemetery hosting our target bird for this location, Bristle-thighed Curlew. What an incredible bird and they showed off well for us, posing nicely in the sun on the tombstones. We headed down towards the water where a few in the group had spotted a Grey Francolin dart into the shrubs. As we were searching for that, a giant Laysan Albatross flew by, right overhead! What a stunning and massive bird! A fantastic end to a great day's birding.





Nap time along the North Shore for this (Hawaiian) Green Turtle.

Day 4, 3rd February 2022. Flight to Kauai

This morning we enjoyed a relaxing breakfast at the resort with our local avian friends before heading back to our rooms to pack up our stuff and head to the airport to island hop over to Kauai. Upon arrival, we headed to the resort to drop off our things and then head off for lunch and our first taste of Kauai birding. Our first planned stop was in a private area where we were lucky to experience some of the most breathtaking views of **Laysan Albatross**. In addition to these amazing birds, we noted our first **Nene** of the trip as well as the stunning **Chestnut Munia**. From here we headed off to Hanalei National Wildlife Refuge where we managed to spot our other main target for the day, **Hawaiian Duck**. This wetland habitat played host to other species as well including **Hawaiian Coot**, **Common Gallinule** (Hawaiian subspecies), **Black-necked Stilt** (Hawaiian subspecies), and **Black-crowned Night Heron**. Our final birding destination of the day was a relaxing sea watch from Kilauea Point National Wildlife Refuge. We enjoyed some drinks and cookies while we watched a few hundred **Red-footed Boobies** flying around and gathering nesting materials. Out over the water we spotted **Great Frigatebird**, **Laysan Albatross**, and **Brown Booby**, plus a few **Humpback Whales** breaching. Such beautiful birds and scenery! We then headed back to the resort for dinner.





The group enjoyed close views of Laysan Albatross, to really appreciate their size.

Day 5, 4th February 2022. Full day on Kauai

We began our day at the Waimea Athletic Fields with some breakfast and birding. Many common species were around including Western Cattle Egret, Common Myna, House Finch, and Roseringed Parakeet. As we were wrapping up with our meal, we spotted two Erckel's Spurfowl perched up on a rock outcropping. Then, as we were loading into the vehicles to continue, a White-tailed Tropicbird flew by directly overhead. From here we began our journey up into the mountains of Koke'e State Park. Full of beautiful scenery and habitats, this huge park proved to be a wonderful birding location. We headed towards the top where a few native plant species remain, and the mosquitoes have not yet reached, in the hopes of finding some of Kauai's endemic species. We were lucky to spot a Kauai Amakihi quickly upon arrival, which is typically the most difficult to find here! After that, we had great success finding the other target species including Kauai Elepaio, Apapane, and Anianiau. In addition to these native endemics, we managed a few other nice species including Japanese Bush Warbler and White-rumped Shama. After a lovely morning's birding here, we began our decent and headed towards the lodge. On the way down, we made a few stops in appropriate habitat to search for one more target. Luckily it was calling frequently and finally the Chinese Hwamei made a quick appearance.

We made it to the Koke'e Lodge and Kanaloahuluhulu Meadow for lunch and to check off a countable **Red Junglefowl** for our list. Feeling refreshed and energized, we headed out of the mountains and back towards the lowlands and the sea. Our first afternoon stop was at Russian Fort /Fort Elizabeth for restrooms and a quick walk around. Here we managed our first **African Silverbill** of the trip plus more **Scaly-breasted Munia**, **Northern Cardinal**, and **Warbling White-eye**. From here it was off to the salt ponds and their tidal pools which we scanned thoroughly. We picked up a **Ruddy Turnstone** which was new for the trip plus **Hawaiian Duck**, **Wandering Tattler**, **Black-necked Stilt** (Hawaiian subspecies) and **Great Frigatebird**. We also



heard a **Red Avadavat** calling from deep inside the bushes but unfortunately the only appearance it made was when it flew off, never to be seen or heard from again. At this point, we were all feeling hot and tired, so it was time to head back to the resort to clean up, relax, and enjoy dinner after a great day scoring so many target endemics and introduced species!



The Kauai Elepaio is one of the top targets on Kauai.

Day 6, 5th February 2022. Kauai and flight to Kona

After breakfast, we headed off for a morning birding session along the Kuamoo Nounou Trail. Things were a bit muddy after some recent rain and the trail was giving a very Jurassic Park feel as we walked along. We started off with **Western Meadowlark** and **Chestnut Munia** in a nearby field before climbing in altitude as the forest thickened. **Warbling White-eyes** and **Zebra Doves** were scattered throughout, however things were quiet overall. We arrived at the top for a quick rest and to soak in some fantastic views before heading back down. On the way down the trail, we did manage to hear a **Greater Necklaced Laughingthrush** giving clear calls several times, but it never made an appearance for a visual, as is often the case with this species. Back near the vehicles we spotted a small group of **Scaly-breasted Munias**, always a cute bird to see.

From here we headed back to the hotel to pack up our things, but we did make a quick stop at 'Opaek'a Falls. In addition to the impressive falls, we saw a beautiful **White-tailed Tropicbird** circling around and exploring the cliffs for nesting locations. After packing up and leaving the resort, we headed off to Nawiliwili Lighthouse near the airport for a bit of lunch and to enjoy some views while waiting for our afternoon flight. Here we enjoyed gorgeous ocean views on a sunny day, planes flying in low overhead, a close flyby of **Brown Booby**, and some distant **Humpback Whales**. On our way out, we spotted a **Northern Mockingbird**, a first for the trip. It was then off



to the Lihue Airport from here to catch our flights to the Big Island where we would finish the tour.

Day 7, 6th February 2022. Palila Discovery Trail and Waikoloa

We started off this morning with our first taste of Big Island birding! Our first stop was the town of Waikoloa to pick up some breakfast. On our way out of the parking lot, a Grey Francolin darted across the road and up a pile of gravel where it began to sound off like a car alarm. From here we headed to the local skate park to enjoy our food with the birds. It is always a treat to eat with species such as Rosy-faced Lovebird, Saffron Finch, African Silverbill, and Java Sparrow. We continued to explore the town, keeping our eyes peeled for new species with no luck so we headed up the dry side of Mauna Kea to the Palila Discovery Trail. On the journey up, we managed to spot a **Short-eared Owl** (Hawaiian subspecies) hunting over the fields before eventually making it to the trailhead at higher elevation. Here we spent the rest of the morning exploring the trails. It was a great to have **Hawaii Amakihi** as our default species for the day. We searched and searched for the critically endangered Palila which we managed to hear call a few times but never got a visual. Eventually we headed back to the vehicles to take a break and enjoy a picnic lunch before heading back out to continue our searching. Unfortunately, the wind picked up and the afternoon proved even less successful than the morning. Palila has unfortunately dwindled greatly in numbers and has been increasingly difficult to lay eyes on. We decided to call it a day and head back to town and get ready for dinner after a long day of birding.



The brilliant-red **Apapane** glowed bright in the sun.



Day 8, 7th February 2022. Hakalau Forest National Wildlife Refuge

We set off early this morning before sunrise as we had a fair bit of distance to travel today. We headed up Saddle Road, splitting the mighty Mauna Lea and Mauna Kea. A quick stop for restrooms and breakfast had us all shivering as we climbed in altitude and the wind was blowing, however, a small covey of **California Quails** had us feeling a bit warmer. We continued onwards as the sun continued to rise and we began our venture into the highly restricted forest area. Hakalau Forest National Wildlife Refuge located on the wet side of Mauna Kea, is an oasis for native species. Upon arrival, we were treated to a greeting party of nesting **Nene**. The sun was up now with a few clouds and perfect temperature conditions. Plenty of **Apapane** and **Hawaii Amakihi** were singing and flying by overhead as we unloaded and began to prepare for our hike into the forest. It wasn't long before we managed to score an island endemic, the **Hawaiian Creeper!** A pair of these amazing birds were working the trees not more than 100 meters from our vehicles. This was a sign for what this gorgeous day had in store for us, and what a day it was!

The **I'iwi** were noisy as could be and present throughout our time here. It wasn't even an hour into our time here that we managed to get amazing views of a pair of **Akiapolaau** (one adult and one juvenile). These amazing birds were certainly a highlight of the trip for everyone and can be very difficult to find. Continuing onwards we saw a family group of **Hawaii Elepaios**, the Hilo coast subspecies. A little further up the trail produced maybe the best sighting of the entire tour, eye level views of a male **Hawaii Akepa**. These little bursts of sunshine typically forage at canopy level, so to see it down low was an incredible treat!



The unique **Akiapolaau** fills the niche of a woodpecker.

After a splendid picnic lunch, we continued a bit further into the forest as we only had one endemic left to find. The tricky **Omao** is a thrush that tends to be sneaky in the low brush lines. We managed



to hear several of these birds before one finally perched up nicely for us to enjoy. An incredible day at Hakalau, scoring all the endemic species and perhaps the most incredible part, not a single rain drop for the entire day! We said our goodbyes to Hakalau, one of the most amazing birding locations on the planet and began our long journey back to Kona. While driving out, we were scanning and birding. Plenty of **Erckel's Spurfowls** and **Wild Turkeys** were around, and we managed to spot a **Ring-necked Pheasant** briefly before it flushed. As we approached the end of the gravel road section, we managed to get onto a gorgeous **Hawaiian Hawk** (Io) that perched nicely for us for several minutes. The rest of the day was spent birding along roads in hopes for a few species we missed on the previous day. We circled around Waikoloa and scored a beautiful **Chestnut-bellied Sandgrouse** right off the road. From here we headed up to a higher elevation for one last effort on some game bird species and it certainly paid off as we spotted a pair of **Kalij Pheasants**, a species that became a running inside joke during the tour. A fantastic end to an absolutely incredible day of birding!

Day 9, 8th February 2022. Kona Pelagic

Today we set sail for the open ocean of the Pacific! We gathered just before dawn to prep everything needed for a day spent out on the water and to enjoy a bit of breakfast on land first. We met up with the captains and a few other local birders who were a great help with spotting birds. On our way out of the harbor we noticed a few of the more common species hanging around such as **Black-crowned Night Heron**, **Western Cattle Egret**, and **Spotted Dove**. The waters off Hawaii are a bit strange when thinking of a typical pelagic as there are no gulls or terns trailing the boat. We managed to find a few flyby species mostly consisting of **Wedge-tailed Shearwater**, however a real highlight came in the form of two different **Juan Fernandez Petrels**, flying low and near the boat allowing everyone to get a look before disappearing again. Overall, the day was a bit slow when it came to birds, which can happen with the unpredictable nature of pelagic trips. Towards the end of our trip, we made a pass by a few buoys and scored a **Black Noddy**, a Hawaiian subspecies that may be split in the future. Before heading into the harbor, we stopped for a few minutes and allowed for a quick swimming session for those who wanted to jump in.

Once back on land, we headed to a water treatment plant locally dubbed the "Turd N' Bird". The name certainly did not disappoint. We managed to locate several new trip birds such as **Cackling Goose**, **Lesser Scaup**, and **Sanderling**. Other species included **Common Waxbill**, **Yellow-billed Cardinal**, **Wandering Tattler**, and **Hawaiian Coot**. After about 45 minutes or so, we managed all we could bear of this location and headed back to the resort to get ready for dinner. Our last dinner together was full of fun and laughs as we recapped some of our favorite moments, birds, and locations. It is always bittersweet as a trip comes to its conclusion.

Day 10, 9th February 2022. Tour conclusion

The tour concluded after breakfast at the resort. We enjoyed spending one final meal and morning together, eating our breakfast in the presence of **Yellow-billed Cardinals** and **Java Sparrows**. The previous evening, I asked everyone to give me their top five birds of the trip, a tough question with so many great species. After tallying them up, the top five for the collective group were **Hawaii Akepa** (receiving a vote from every person!), **Iiwi**, **Akiapolaau**, **Hawaii Elepaio**, and



Laysan Albatross. We all left this tour with loads of great memories, bird sightings, laughs, and full bellies! Certainly, a wonderful tour in all aspects.



Yellow-billed Cardinal was a favorite of the introduced species in Hawaii.



Bird List - Following IOC (12.1)

Birds 'heard only' are marked with (H) after the common name, all other species were seen. Species seen only on the pre-trip day of this trip are marked with (+) after the common name.

The following notation after species names is used to show conservation status following BirdLife International: CE = Critically Endangered, EN = Endangered, VU = Vulnerable, NT = Near Threatened.

Common Name	Scientific Name	
Ducks, Geese, Swans (Anatidae)		
Nene (Hawaiian Goose) (Endemic) - VU	Branta sandvicensis	
Cackling Goose	Branta hutchinsii	
Hawaiian Duck (Endemic) - EN	Anas wyvilliana	
Lesser Scaup	Aythya affinis	
New World Quail (Odontophoridae)		
California Quail (Introduced)	Callipepla californica	
Pheasants & Allies (Phasianidae)		
Wild Turkey (Introduced)	Meleagris gallopavo	
Common Pheasant (Introduced)	Phasianus colchicus	
Kalij Pheasant (Introduced)	Lophura leucomelanos	
Red Junglefowl (Introduced)	Gallus gallus	
Grey Francolin (Introduced)	Ortygornis pondicerianus	
Erckel's Spurfowl (Introduced)	Pternistis erckelii	
Sandgrouse (Pteroclidae)		
Chestnut-bellied Sandgrouse (Introduced)	Pterocles exustus	
D'acces Description		
Pigeons, Doves (Columbidae)	Columba livia	
Rock Dove (Introduced)		
Spotted Dove (Introduced)	Spilopelia chinensis	
Zebra Dove (Introduced)	Geopelia striata	
Mourning Dove (Introduced)	Zenaida macroura	
Rails, Crakes & Coots (Rallidae)	I	
Common Gallinule	Gallinula galeata	
Hawaiian Coot (Endemic) - VU	Fulica alai	



Common Name	Scientific Name
Stilts and Avocets (Recurvirostridae	9)
Black-necked Stilt (Hawaiian)	Himantopus mexicanus
Plovers (Charadriidae)	T
Pacific Golden Plover	Pluvialis fulva
Candningue Chinas (Caslanasidas)	
Sandpipers, Snipes (Scolopacidae) Bristle-thighed Curlew	Numenius tahitiensis
Ruddy Turnstone	Arenaria interpres
Sanderling	Calidris alba
Wandering Tattler	Tringa incana
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Gulls, Terns, Skimmers (Laridae)	
Black Noddy	Anous minutus
White Tern	Gygis alba
Laughing Gull	Leucophaeus atricilla
Sooty Tern	Onychoprion fuscatus
Tropicbirds (Phaethontidae)	
Red-tailed Tropicbird	Phaethon rubricauda
White-tailed Tropicbird	Phaethon lepturus
Red-billed Tropicbird (Rarity)	Phaethon aethereus
Albatrosses (Diomedeidae)	1
Laysan Albatross	Phoebastria immutabilis
Petrels, Shearwaters, Diving Petrels	(Procellariidae)
Juan Fernandez Petrel - VU	Pterodroma externa
Wedge-tailed Shearwater	Ardenna pacifica
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Frigatebirds (Fregatidae)	1
Great Frigatebird	Fregata minor
Gannets, Boobies (Sulidae)	
Red-footed Booby	Sula sula
Brown Booby	Sula leucogaster



Common Name	Scientific Name
Herons, Bitterns (Ardeidae)	
Black-crowned Night Heron	Nycticorax nycticorax
Western Cattle Egret (Introduced)	Bubulcus ibis
Kites, Hawks, Eagles (Accipitridae)	
Hawaiian Hawk (Io) (Endemic)	Buteo solitarius
Barn Owls (Tytonidae)	
American Barn Owl (Introduced)	Tyto furcata
Owls (Strigidae)	
Short-eared Owl	Asio flammeus
African & New World Parrots (Psittac	idae)
Red-masked Parakeet (Non-ABA)	Psittacara erythrogenyus
Old World Parrots (Psittaculidae)	
Rose-ringed Parakeet (Introduced)	Psittacula krameri
Rosy-faced Lovebird (Introduced)	Agapornis roseicollis
Monarchs (Monarchidae)	
Kauai Elepaio (Endemic) - VU	Chasiempis sclateri
Oahu Elepaio (Endemic) - EN	Chasiempis ibidis
Hawaii Elepaio (Endemic) - VU	Chasiempis sandwichensis
Larks (Alaudidae)	
Eurasian Skylark (Introduced)	Alauda arvensis
Bulbuls (Pycnonotidae)	
Red-whiskered Bulbul (Introduced)	Pycnonotus jocosus
Red-vented Bulbul (Introduced)	Pycnonotus cafer
Cettia Bush Warblers & Allies (Cettiid	lae)
Japanese Bush Warbler (Introduced)	Horornis diphone



Common Name	Scientific Name
White-eyes (Zosteropidae)	•
Warbling White-eye (Introduced)	Zosterops japonicus
Laughingthrushes & Allies (Leiothrichid	ae)
Red-billed Leiothrix (Introduced)	Leiothrix lutea
Chinese Hwamei (Introduced)	Garrulax canorus
Greater Necklaced Laughingthrush	
(Introduced) (H)	Pterorhinus pectoralis
Mockingbirds, Thrashers (Mimidae)	
Northern Mockingbird (Introduced)	Mimus polyglottos
Starlings, Rhabdornis (Sturnidae)	1
Common Myna (Introduced)	Acridotheres tristis
Thrushes (Turdidae)	
Oma'o (Endemic) - VU	Myadestes obscurus
Chats, Old World Flycatchers (Muscican	oidae)
White-rumped Shama (Introduced)	Copsychus malabaricus
Old World Sparrows, Snowfinches (Pass	eridae)
House Sparrow (Introduced)	Passer domesticus
Waxbills, Munias & Allies (Estrildidae)	
African Silverbill (Introduced)	Euodice cantans
Java Sparrow (Introduced) - EN	Padda oryzivora
Scaly-breasted Munia (Introduced)	Lonchura punctulata
Chestnut Munia (Introduced)	Lonchura atricapilla
Common Waxbill (Introduced)	Estrilda astrild
Red Avadavat (Introduced) (H)	Amandava amandava
Finches, Euphonias (Fringillidae)	
Palila (Endemic) - CR (H)	Loxioides bailleui
Iiwi (Endemic) - VU	Drepanis coccinea
Apapane (Endemic)	Himatione sanguinea
Akiapolaau (Endemic) - EN	Hemignathus wilsoni



Common Name	Scientific Name
Anianiau (Endemic) - VU	Magumma parva
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Hawaii Creeper (Endemic) - EN	Loxops mana
Hawaii Akepa (Endemic) - EN	Loxops coccineus
Hawaii Amakihi (Endemic)	Chlorodrepanis virens
Oahu Amakihi (Endemic) - VU	Chlorodrepanis flava
Kauai Amakihi (Endemic) - VU	Chlorodrepanis stejnegeri
House Finch (Introduced)	Haemorhous mexicanus
Yellow-fronted Canary (Introduced)	Crithagra mozambica
Oropendolas, Orioles, Blackbirds (Icterid	lae)
Western Meadowlark (Introduced)	Sturnella neglecta
Cardinals & Allies (Cardinalidae)	
Northern Cardinal (Introduced)	Cardinalis cardinalis
Tanagers & Allies (Thraupidae)	
Saffron Finch (Introduced)	Sicalis flaveola
Red-crested Cardinal (Introduced)	Paroaria coronata
Yellow-billed Cardinal (Introduced)	Paroaria capitata
Total Seen	81
Total Heard	3
Total Recorded	84



Mammal List

Common Name	Scientific Name
Mongooses (Herpestidae)	·
Indian Grey Mongoose	Urva edwardsii
Rorquals (Balaenopteridae	2)
Humpback Whale	Megaptera novaeangliae
Oceanic Dolphins (Delphinidae)	
Spinner Dolphin	Stenella longirostris
Rough-toothed Dolphin	Steno bredanensis
Cloven-hoofed Mammals (Bovidae)	
Mouflon Sheep	Ovis gmelini
Total seen	5

