

COLOMBIA UNCOVERED: SOUTHERN ANDES, AMAZONIAN FOOTHILLS AND *LLANOS*

08 – 24 FEBRUARY 2026 08 – 24 FEBRUARY 2027



The poorly known and incredibly localized Chestnut-bellied Cotinga (photo Danial Orozco).



We are proud to introduce to you our fantastic Colombia birdwatching trip, Colombia Uncovered: Southern Andes, Amazonian Foothills and Llanos. This exciting Colombia birding tour is one of several trips we offer to this amazing country, the planet's richest country for birds, with almost 2,000 species recorded. If you have enjoyed our classic The Very Best of Colombia: Santa Marta, Andes and Chocó birding tour (which immediately precedes this tour) and/or our Andean Endemics and Spectacled Bear birding tour (which takes place in October), then this third tour is a great choice for another fantastic birding adventure with Birding Ecotours.

This trip provides the opportunity to travel across Colombia along a completely different route compared to our classic itinerary above. We will start the trip in the city of Cali, and after visiting a new private reserve, where we should get excellent views of two Colombian endemics, Chestnut Wood Quail and Multicolored Tanager, as they regularly visit bird feeders here, we will then travel south to Nariño and Putumayo states to enjoy further unique birding experiences.



We will look for a family of **Chestnut Wood Quails** in Reserva La Florida (photo Gilberto Collazos).

One of the highlights of the tour will be visiting the Páramo de Bordoncillo on a quest to find the poorly known and localized Chestnut-bellied Cotinga. This species was only recently rediscovered, and the area we visit for it is one of the few spots on Earth to see this awesome bird. Together with the Peruvian endemics, White-cheeked Cotinga and Bay-vented Cotinga, this species is considered a "Holy Grail bird" among cotinga fans and South American bird lovers; honestly, it is one you should just not miss! Other interesting species here include Golden-plumed Parakeet, Black-headed Hemispingus, Carunculated Caracara and the majestic Andean Condor, which is relatively easy to photograph near its roosting cliffs. Another highlight of this



tour is visiting the *Llanos*, now inaccessible in Venezuela but within reach in Colombia (not everyone knows this!), but more about this below!

Heading south, we will reach the humid montane forest of a fascinating geographical part of the continent: the point where the Andes mountain chain, that runs south to north, splits into three different cordilleras. This unique geography is perhaps the most important reason why Colombia is one of the most biodiverse countries on the planet. Indeed, Colombia has more bird species than any other country, only seven less than the magical 2,000!

We will drive along the infamous Trampolin Road, which will take us from the cloudforest to the upper tropical Amazon lowlands. In the mountains, we will look for the near-endemic and sought-after White-rimmed Brushfinch, another huge target of this trip. While looking for this sought-after bird, we should also be rewarded with massive mixed-species feeding flocks which hold species such as Blue-browed Tanager, Golden Tanager, Bronze-green Euphonia, Orange-eared Tanager and Golden-collared Honeycreeper. Other species in these lush mountains include classics such as Andean Cock-of-the-rock, Black-billed Mountain Toucan, Dusky Piha, Red-ruffed Fruitcrow and the beautiful White-capped Tanager.

The upper tropical forest where the Andes meets the Amazon will provide a feast of birds such as Coppery-chested Jacamar and other avian jewels including White-eared Jacamar, Brown Jacamar, White-chinned Jacamar, Scarlet-crowned Barbet, Amazonian Umbrellabird, White-chested Puffbird, Western Striolated Puffbird, Black-streaked Puffbird, Scaled Fruiteater, Vermilion Tanager and Golden-collared Toucanet.



The Amazonian foothills provide for another new set of birds (photo Oswaldo Cortez).

The lowlands will provide birds like Horned Screamer, Plum-throated Cotinga, Cream-colored Woodpecker, White-throated Toucan, White-eared Jacamar, Long-billed



Woodcreeper and the most-wanted **Rufous-headed Woodpecker**. With luck, we may see **Amazon** (Pink) **River Dolphins** in the Putumayo River. After several days exploring the Mocoa and Putumayo lowlands, we will take a domestic flight to Bogotá (Colombia's capital) where we will stay overnight, followed by a full morning to explore La Florida Park looking for more Colombian endemics such as **Bogota Rail**, **Apolinar's Wren** and **Silvery-throated Spinetail**. In the afternoon, we will fly to Yopal, the gateway of the Colombian <u>Llanos</u>.

Los Llanos are vast tropical grassland plains nourished by the waters of the Orinoco River. This habitat represents an amazing bird and wildlife refuge in northwestern South America. It is reminiscent of the Pantanal in Brazil, due to its high density of aquatic bird species. It was a popular destination among birdwatchers and nature lovers visiting Venezuela in previous decades, but due to the current political and social situation in the country, Venezuela is less popular to visit. The good news, however, is that you can still visit Los Llanos and not miss this incredible habitat, shared by only Colombia and Venezuela.



We will find large congregations of waterbirds while in Los Llanos (photo Alejandro Grajales).

While in Los Llanos we will use the famous Juan Solito Lodge as a base where we will spend three days looking for the localized Pale-headed Jacamar, Orange-fronted Yellow Finch, Two-banded Puffbird, Masked Cardinal, Wire-tailed Manakin, Rufous-vented Chachalaca and White-bearded Flycatcher, as priorities, but of course, we also expect to be able to feast our eyes on many others. This area provides a fantastic wildlife spectacle created by the congregation of hundreds of aquatic birds including Wood Stork, Jabiru, Scarlet Ibis, Sharp-tailed Ibis, the Near Threatened (IUCN) Orinoco Goose and the amazingly beautiful Roseate Spoonbill. Sungrebe, Sunbittern, Double-striped Thick-knee and Crestless Curassow should also be among the highlights for this section of the tour. After twelve days of intense birding in the Andes



and the lush tropical forest, our stay in Los Llanos will be more relaxed, allowing participants to enjoy birds, wildlife and photography in this beautiful landscape. Los Llanos also provides great opportunities to spot wildlife such as Capybara and Orinoco Crocodile and, with luck, elusive species such as Giant Anteater, Jaguar and Anaconda.

Come and join us on this epic Colombian birding adventure that will take you from the heights of the Andes to the lowlands of the *Llanos*, targeting a number of unique and endangered species while in the company of your friendly and experienced Birding Ecotours tour leaders.

Itinerary (17 days/16 nights)

Day 1. Arrival in Cali

You will arrive at Cali international Airport and be transferred to our comfortable hotel where we will have our first dinner together and discuss the exciting prospect of the next 17 days of birding in Colombia.

Overnight: Hotel Carl Danton, Cali



Multicolored Tanager, one of the most beautiful tanagers may be seen at Reserva La Florida (photo by Alejandro Grajales).



Day 2. Birding Reserva La Florida and transfer to Popayan

We will have an early start to visit Reserva La Florida where we will have the chance to see a family of endemic Chestnut Wood Quails coming to a feeder. Other classic bird species include Golden-naped Tanager, Saffron-crowned Tanager, Golden Tanager, Andean Motmot, Bluewinged Mountain Tanager, Green-and-black Fruiteater, Golden-crowned Flycatcher, Golden-winged Manakin and Golden-headed Quetzal, the endemic and striking Multicolored Tanager and the endemic Colombian Chachalaca. After lunch we will drive south to the colonial town of Popayan.

Overnight: Hotel Dann Monasterio, Popayan

Day 3. Birding Paramo de Purace

After a 1.5-hour drive, we shall reach the Paramo de Purace where, with a bit of luck, we will be able to see the majestic **Andean Condor**, Colombia's national bird. Here the local communities feed the **Andean Condor** with animal carcasses, which offer good opportunities for photography. In addition to the condor, we may see **Carunculated Caracara** and **Black-chested Buzzard-Eagle** soaring above the <u>paramo</u>. Other species include **Golden-plumed Parakeet**, **Grass-green Tanager**, **Buff-breasted MountainTanager**, **Golden-crowned Tanager**, **Black-backed Bush Tanager**, **Black-capped Hemispingus** and hummingbird species such as **Shining Sunbeam**, **Black-thighed Puffleg** and the impressive **Sword-billed Hummingbird**. After lunch we will return to Popayan, looking for birds on the way to the hotel.

Overnight: Hotel Dann Monasterio Popayan



The ridiculous-looking **Sword-billed Hummingbird**.



Day 4. Birding around the hotel and transfer to Pasto

The hotel surroundings offer great opportunities for species like Crested Bobwhite, the elusive Dwarf Cuckoo, Bar-crested Antshrike, Cocoa Thrush, Greenish Elaenia, Red-breasted Blackbird, White-lined Tanager, Buff-throated Saltator, Pearl Kite and two endemics: Greyish Piculet and Apical Flycatcher. By 10am we will start the long drive (5.5 hours) to Pasto and be transferred to our hotel.

Overnight: Chalet Guamuez, Pasto

Day 5. Birding the Paramo de Bordoncillo

Today we will explore the Paramo de Bordoncillo, a place that has only recently been put on the map for birdwatchers when the poorly-known **Chestnut-bellied Cotinga** was rediscovered in this remote part of Colombia. For Cotinga-lovers this is probably one of the main targets of the trip and one of the rarest and hardest to find anywhere in the world. We will focus most of our efforts on finding this mega rare species.

However, the *paramo* also includes other impressive species such as Masked Mountain Tanager, Grey-breasted Mountain Toucan, Carunculated Caracara, Bar-bellied Woodpecker, Paramo Tapaculo, White-browed Spinetail, Black-backed Bush Tanager and Spectacled Whitestart. After lunch we will visit Laguna La Cocha to look for species such as Noble Snipe, Andean Duck, Yellow-billed Pintail, Andean Gull and Black-backed Grosbeak.

Overnight: Chalet Guamez, Pasto

Days 6 - 7. Birding Trampolin Road (upper and lower sections)

The famous Trampolin Road, which joins the city of Pasto with Mocoa, is one of the most dramatic roads in Colombia, passing through different forest types from 8,200 feet (2,500 meters) to 1,900 feet (600 meters) above sea level, as it descends into the tropical upper Amazonia. Along the road, we will look for one of the main targets of the trip, the sought-after White-rimmed Brushfinch. Other birds to look out for along the road include Blue-browed Tanager, Bronze-green Euphonia, Black-billed Mountain Toucan, Golden-eared Tanager, Lined Antshrike, Western Fire-eye, Andean Cock-of-the-rock, Golden-eyed Flowerpiercer, Grey-mantled Wren, Orange-eared Tanager, Black-collared Jay, Dusky Piha, Red-ruffed Fruitcrow, Rufous-rumped Antwren, White-capped Tanager, Rufous-crested Tanager, Golden-collared Honeycreeper, Maroon-tailed Parakeet and hummingbirds such as Violet-fronted Brilliant and Chestnut-breasted Coronet.

Overnight: Hotel Suma Wasi, Mocoa





We'll look for the rare White-rimmed Brushfinch along the Trampolin Road (photo Danial Orozco).

Day 8. Birding Campucana

Today we shall focus on the tropical forest known as the Campucana. Here we will look for the prized Coppery-chested Jacamar and also other delights such as Black-streaked Puffbird, Speckled Tanager, White-streaked Antvireo, Spot-winged Antbird, Southern Nightingale-Wren, Musician Wren, Orange-billed Sparrow, Rufous-naped Greenlet, Ecuadorian Tyrannulet, Foothill Stipplethroat, Yellow-breasted Antwren, White-crowned Manakin, Blue-rumped Manakin, Black-billed Treehunter, Short-tailed Antthrush and hummingbird species such as Blue-fronted Lancebill and Wire-crested Thorntail.

Overnight: Hotel Suma Wasi, Mocoa

Day 9. Birding El Escondite

Today we shall focus our birding efforts on a lower-elevation tropical forest where we hope to find species like White-eared Jacamar, Brown Jacamar, White-chinned Jacamar, Green-backed Trogon, Scarlet-crowned Barbet, Golden-collared Toucanet, Point-tailed Palmcreeper, White-chested Puffbird, Amazonian Trogon, Amazonian Motmot, Western Striolated Puffbird, Black-streaked Puffbird, Bare-necked Fruitcrow, Amazonian Umbrellabird, Riparian Antbird, Gilded Barbet, Scaled Fruiteater, Vermilion Tanager, Green-and-gold Tanager, Speckled Chachalaca and Long-billed Woodcreeper.

Overnight: Hotel Pakarii, Puerto Asis



Day 10. Birding Playa Rica

Playa Rica offers forest and wetland areas which provide perfect habitat for a number of species including the likes of Horned Screamer, Capped Heron, Limpkin, White-throated Toucan, Plum-throated Cotinga, Orange-fronted Plushcrown, Ivory-billed Aracari, Lafresnaye's Piculet, Chestnut Woodpecker, Cream-colored Woodpecker and Yellow-tufted Woodpecker. We should also find other more common species such as Black Caracara, Silver-beaked Tanager, Turquoise Tanager, Red-capped Cardinal, Blue-headed Parrot and Lettered Aracari. If time permits, we will look for Amazon (Pink) River Dolphin on the Putumayo River

Overnight: Hotel Pakarii, Puerto Asis



We hope to find Cream-colored Woodpecker in Playa Rica.

Day 11. Flight to Bogotá and visit to the hummingbird garden

We will continue our adventure by taking a domestic flight from Puerto Asis to Bogotá, from where we will transfer to La Calera to visit the hummingbird garden "Observatorio de Colibries" This private house offers beautiful gardens with great hummingbird feeders including species such as **Sword-billed Hummingbird**, the striking **Blue-throated Starfrontlet**, **Glowing** and **Coppery-bellied Puffleg**, **Black-tailed Trainbearer** and **Longuemare's Sunangel**. Later we will transfer back to Bogota to stay near the airport.

Overnight: Courtyard by Marriot, Bogotá



Day 12. Flight to Yopal

We will be transferred to the airport and connect with a domestic flight to Yopal in the Casanara state, the entrance to the Colombian *Llanos*. If time permits, we could spend the morning birding La Florida Regional Park close to the airport before our domestic flight to Yopal. La Florida is a good spot for the endemic **Bogota Rail**, and other birds such as **Subtropical Doradito**, the endemic **Apolinar's Wren**, the endemic **Silvery-throated Spinetail**, **American Coot**, **Spot-flanked Gallinule**, **Common Gallinule**, **Bare-faced Ibis**, **Yellow-hooded Blackbird**, **Andean Duck**, **Southern Lapwing** and **Mountain Elaenia**. If we do not have time for birding in Bogota before the flight, we can visit a place called Lagunaso in Yopal, where we can spend the afternoon looking for aquatic species.

Overnight: Hilton Hotel, Yopal



Jabiru and hordes of other waterbirds can be seen near Juan Solito Lodge (photo Alejandro Grajales).

Day 13. Yopal to Hato La Aurora and onwards to Juan Solito Lodge

After breakfast we will leave our hotel and head to Hato de La Aurora, birding the savannas and the seasonally flooded plains looking for species such as **Double-striped Thick-knee**, **Maguari Stork**, **Jabiru**, **Wood Stork**, **Whistling Heron**, **American White Ibis**, **Scarlet Ibis**, **Sharptailed Ibis**, **King Vulture**, **Savanna Hawk**, **American Kestrel**, **Oriole Blackbird**, **Grassland Sparrow**, **Yellowish Pipit**, **Eastern Meadowlark** and **Burrowing Owl**. We will arrive at Juan Solito Lodge for lunch and will spend the afternoon birding around the lodge. Juan Solito Lodge is located in the north-eastern corner of the Hato La Aurora ranch, right on the banks of the Ariporo River and acts as a perfect base from which to explore the vast and impressive *Los Llanos*.

Overnight: Juan Solito Lodge



Day 14. Birding Juan Solito, Hato La Aurora

We will start our adventure by exploring Los Llanos in safari-style 4x4 vehicles while scanning the vast savannas and wetlands for wildlife such as Capybara, Giant Anteater and even the mighty Anaconda. Los Llanos is probably one of the easiest places in the world to see this giant snake! However, our target species are, without doubt, the localized Pale-headed Jacamar and White-bearded Flycatcher, both restricted to the Llanos habitat. Other species include Festive Amazon, Scaled Piculet, Green-rumped Parrotlet, Plain-brown Woodcreeper, Violaceous Jay, Bicolored Wren, Purple-throated Euphonia, Masked Cardinal, Wire-tailed Manakin, Orange-fronted Yellow Finch, Masked Cardinal, Spectacled Thrush, Rufous-vented Chachalaca and vast numbers of aquatic species. At night, we will do another safari-style drive looking for nocturnal wildlife and birds and, with some luck we might see Jaguar or Lowland (Brazilian) Tapir.

Overnight: Juan Solito Lodge



The cute **Wire-tailed Manakin** in the Llanos (photo Alejandro Grajales).

Day 15. Birding Juan Solito, Hato La Aurora

Today we will explore river channels by boat looking for species such as Orinoco Goose, Brazilian Teal, Rufous-vented Chachalaca, Crestless Curassow, Hoatzin, Sunbittern, Sungrebe, Boat-billed Heron, Roseate Spoonbill, American Pygmy Kingfisher, Green-and-rufous Kingfisher, Two-banded Puffbird, Venezuelan Troupial, Barred Antshrike, Northern Slaty Antshrike, Amazonian Black Tyrant, Orange-crowned Oriole, Chestnut-vented Conebill, Rosy Thrush-tanager and Orange-fronted Yellow Finch.

Overnight: Juan Solito Lodge



Day 16. Juan Solito and transfer back to Yopal

After a last morning enjoying the lodge surroundings, we will drive back to Yopal for our final night of the trip.

Overnight: Hilton Hotel, Yopal



Orinoco Goose is another one of our targets while in Los Llanos (photo Alejandro Grajales).

Day 17. Domestic flight to Bogotá and flight out

We will be transferred to the airport and catch our domestic flight to Bogotá. We will say farewell at Bogotá Airport after an amazing 17-day-long birding and wildlife adventure.

Please note that the itinerary cannot be guaranteed as it is only a rough guide and can be changed (usually slightly) due to factors such as availability of accommodation, updated information on the state of accommodation, roads, or birding sites, the discretion of the guides, and other factors. In addition, we sometimes have to use a different guide from the one advertised due to tour scheduling or other factors.



Duration: 17 days **Group Size:** 3 - 8

Dates: 08 – 24 February 2026

08 – 24 February 2027

Start: Cali, Colombia

End: Bogotá, Colombia

Prices: US\$9,201 per person sharing – based on 4 - 8 participants (2026)

US\$10,213 per person sharing – based on 4 - 8 participants (2027)

Single Supplements: US\$1,098 (2026)

US\$1,218 (2027)

Price includes:

Transfers from the airport to the hotel and back to the airport

All accommodation

All meals (except meals on Day 1 & Day 17)

All private land transportation including 4x4 vehicle for safari trips

Tour leader fees

Local guides fees

Entrances and admission fees

All activities described in the itinerary

Price excludes:

International and domestic flights

Medical and travel cancelation insurances

Personal expenses such as laundry services, drinks, alcoholic drinks

Any activity not described in the itinerary such as city tours, visiting cultural sites and any place not described in the itinerary

Gratuities (please see our tipping guidelines blog)

Domestic flights:

Puerto Asis to Bogotá

Bogotá to Yopal

Yopal to Bogotá

We recommend booking the flights with EasyFly for the avian routes on this itinerary. Please do not book any domestic flight without checking with Birding Ecotours.

