



**NORTHWEST ARGENTINA: YUNGAS, CHACO, AND HIGH ANDES  
SET DEPARTURE TRIP REPORT**

**10 – 27 OCTOBER 2022**

**By Jacob Roalef**



*The dinosaur-like **Red-legged Seriema** was the unanimous favorite of the trip!*

### Overview

This incredible set departure tour of Argentina began in Buenos Aires with one day of birding before taking a domestic flight to Tucuman and exploring the northwest provinces of Tucuman, Salta, and Jujuy before eventually flying back to Buenos Aires for more birding and the tour's conclusion. Some incredible birding locations were visited including Ceibas Road, Calilegua National Park, the Monte Desert, Potrero de Yala Provincial Park, Cardones National Park, dry Chaco, Lizoite Vega, Laguna Runtuyoc and Costanera Sur Ecological Reserve.

The tour was very successful as it connected with many endemic and near-endemic species along with regional specials and migrants, summing up to a great trip list. Avian highlights included **Red-legged Seriema**, **Red-faced Guan**, **Diademed Sandpiper-Plover**, **Sandy Gallito**, **Moreno's Ground-Dove**, **Spot-backed Puffbird**, **Black-crowned Monjita**, **White-browed Tapaculo**, **Steinbach's Canastero**, **White-throated Cacholote**, **Rufous-capped Antshrike**, **Montane Forest Screech-Owl**, **James's**, **Chilean** and **Andean Flamingos**, **Tucuman Mountain Finch**, **Cream-backed Woodpecker**, **Giant Coot**, **Red-tailed Comet**, **Rufous-throated Dipper** and **Andean Tinamou**.

A total of 345 bird species were seen with one additional heard only species bringing the total recorded to 346. In addition to the birds, some nice mammals were spotted including **Vicuna**, **Guanaco**, **Southern Mountain Viscacha**, **Azaras's Capuchin**, and **Gray Brocket**. Full bird and mammal checklists can be found at the end of the report.



*The group enjoyed stellar views of the range-restricted **Red-faced Guan**.*



### Detailed Report

#### **Day 1, 10<sup>th</sup> October 2022. Birding along Ceibas Road**

All participants of the tour arrived the previous day and after a bit of birding in Buenos Aires parks were ready to get the tour started! Due to the holiday weekend in Argentina, we decided it was best to head outside the city, so we headed off to the fabulous birding area of Ceibas Road. This massive delta area mixed with open cattle grazing and savannah habitats is amazingly bird-rich and provided opportunity to see some species that are not present in the northwest. We started off the morning getting familiar with a few of the more common species such as **Rufous Hornero**, **Blue-and-white Swallow**, **Crested Caracara**, **Saffron Finch**, **Picui Ground Dove**, and of course the ubiquitous **Rufous-collared Sparrow**. We spent most of the morning walking slowly up the roadside as there were birds everywhere we turned. It was an excellent first morning ticking off more than 60 species including **Whistling Heron**, **White-fronted Woodpecker**, **Savannah Hawk**, **Brown Cacholote**, **Chotoy Spinetail**, **White-naped Xenopsaris** and **Blue-grey Saltator**. We then headed off for lunch together and our first of many delicious empanadas!



*This **Plumbeous Rail** was really glowing in the sunlight.*

After filling up our bellies, we headed back out to Ceibas Road and picked up where we had left off. We stopped at a small puddle, again noting the gorgeous **Whistling Heron**, along with **Silver**, **Brazilian**, and **Ringed Teals** and **Southern Screamer**. A bit further along the road we were enamored with a family of stunning **White Woodpeckers** on a telephone pole and the amazing nest-building skills of the **Firewood-gatherer**. From here, we continued up the long road and got into more wetland habitat which provided even more species diversity. A few of the highlights included **Plumbeous Rail**, **Warbling Doradito**, **White Monjita**, **Brown-and-yellow Marshbird**,

**Long-winged Harrier, Sulphur-bearded Reedhaunter and Yellow-browed Tyrant.** On our journey back to Buenos Aires our driver spotted a gorgeous **Scarlet-headed Blackbird** just before leaving Ceibas! This was a fantastic bird to cap off a fantastic first day.

### **Day 2, 11<sup>th</sup> October 2022. Flight to Tucuman and Birding Sosa River and Dique la Angostura**

Very early we went to the airport to catch our domestic flight to Tucuman, for our first taste of northwest Argentina. After a smooth flight, we gathered our luggage and headed towards Tafi del Valle. A brief rest stop along the way yielded **Roadside Hawk** and **Sayaca Tanager**. After arriving in Tafi, we enjoyed a nice lunch and checked into the hotel before an afternoon session of birding. First up was Dique la Angostura, a sizable body of water hosting some nice water species including **Andean Goose, Red Shoveler, Andean Coot, Grey-hooded Gull and Yellow-billed Pintail**. Then we explored a few stops along the gorgeous Sosa River. Highlights from here included two endemics, **White-browed Tapaculo** and **Yellow-striped Brushfinch**! Just before heading back, we made another stop on the bridge overlooking the river and enjoyed views of the always brilliant **Torrent Duck** as it worked its way upriver. It was then time for dinner and some needed rest after a long day of travel and birding.

### **Day 3, 12<sup>th</sup> October 2022. Infiernillo Pass and more Sosa River**

We enjoyed some coffee and breakfast before driving to Infiernillo Pass and some higher altitude birding. It was a beautiful morning, with perfect weather for exploring the grasslands here. Right away we were treated to excellent views of **Variable Hawk, White-browed Chat-Tyrant, Grey-hooded Parakeet, and Red-tailed Comet**. As we wondered further into the grasses, we picked up more and more birds including **Hellmayr's Pipit, Andean Flicker, Black-winged Ground Dove, and Streak-fronted Thornbird**. We also had a gorgeous **Black-chested Buzzard Eagle** and got onto the endemic **Tucuman Mountain Finch**. Our next stop involved hiking along a small stream bed, where we saw a small group of the endemic **Moreno's Ground Dove**. Other highlights included **Buff-breasted Earthcreeper, Puna and Cordilleran Canasteros, Black Siskin and Plumbeous Sierra Finch**. At the top of the pass, we enjoyed the breathtaking views and picked up a **Black-billed Shrike-Tyrant**, before heading back to Tafi for lunch.

We headed back to the Sosa River for the afternoon. We saw some of the same species from the previous day, like **Yellow-striped Brushfinch, Brown-capped Whitestart and Mountain Wren**, as we continued to scour up and down the fast-moving river for our main target. At our final location we were successful! A pair of **Rufous-throated Dippers** were working up and down the stream, and after hiking down closer to the edge we all had amazing views of this top target species. On our way back to dinner, we made one final brief stop at Dique la Angostura, which produced a few more new species like **Coscoroba Swan and Cinnamon Teal**. Then it was back to Tafi del Valle for another lovely dinner.



*The Rufous-throated Dipper was a true star of the tour!*

#### Day 4, 13<sup>th</sup> October 2022. Monte Desert birding

We packed up our things and headed up and through the Infiernillo Pass to begin the day. Along our early morning drive, we spotted an **Andean Tinamou** along the side of the road. Surprisingly, it allowed us to stop and get a view before flushing off into the grass. Not much further up the road, an **Ornate Tinamou** scurried across, and we all managed a view of it as well. Two tinamou species in about 20 min! After cresting the pass, we began our descent and journey towards Cafayate, with multiple stops and targets planned along the way in the Calchaqui Valley. At our first quick stop we scored many firsts for the trip, including **Greenish Yellow Finch**, **Rufous-banded Miner**, **Burrowing Parrot**, **Creamy-breasted Canastero** and **Giant Hummingbird**. At our next stop we had great success with the top target, **Steinbach's Canastero**, plus we ticked **Rufous-sided Warbling Finch** and **Yellow-billed Tit-Tyrant**. We made such great time with the targets in the valley that we decided to bird a little in the Monte Desert. While it is never easy birding desert habitats, we persevered and scored the endemic **White-throated Cacholote**, along with the endemic breeder **Black-crowned Monjita**.

We headed back to the town of Amaicha for lunch and managed to pick up new birds for the trip. We shared our lunch with **Ringed Warbling Finch**, **Greyish Baywing**, **Patagonian** and **White-banded Mockingbirds** and **Blue-and-yellow Tanager**. After some very welcome ice cream, we continued through the desert and made a quick stop along the Santa Maria River, picking up several new species such as **Baird's Sandpiper**, **Cliff Flycatcher** and **Andean Swift**. For our final activity of the day, we visited the fascinating Quilmes Ruins and soaked in their history. At Cafayate we enjoyed an incredible dinner, many laughs, and lots of fun!





*Moreno's Ground Dove* was one of several endemics we saw at the beginning of the trip.

#### Day 5, 14<sup>th</sup> October 2022. Valley of Cafayate and more Monte Desert

The morning was spent exploring the valley of Cafayate with one major target in mind. Our first few stops, and searches proved unsuccessful, however, we did enjoy other species like **Glittering-bellied Emerald**, **Chaco Earthcreeper**, **Greater Wagtail-Tyrant**, **Great Pampa Finch** and **Grey-hooded Sierra Finch**. At our third or maybe fourth location, we spread out, searching the sandy and rocky soil until finally we heard what we were after, **Sandy Gallito**! This little roadrunner-like bird was amazing to watch as it sprinted from bush to bush, making its loud calls. This was a fantastic success after so much effort and searching.

We went for lunch, where we were greeted by a **Variable Oriole** attempting to nest in a structure attached to the building. After our tasty empanada lunch, followed by something sweet from the store, we looked around the grounds and were surprised by just how birdy the yard and surrounding woods were. We spent the next hour and a half exploring the area and tallying an impressive list of 35 species from just this lunch stop! Many new species were added to our trip list like **Chaco Chachalaca**, **Pearly-vented Tody-Tyrant**, **Tropical Parula**, **White-bellied Tyrannulet**, **Red Pileated Finch**, **Ultramarine Grosbeak** and **Black-capped Warbling Finch**. After this we continued our drive towards the hotel in Coronel Moldes, making one last stop at a nice body of water along the road. Species included **Blue-crowned Parakeet**, **Tawny-headed Swallow**, **Red-fronted Coot**, **Coscoroba Swan** and **White-tipped Plantcutter**. Before dinner at the lodge, we sat next to the pool and enjoyed the view of the impressive lake below, while picking up **Cocoi Heron**, **Great Grebe** and **Golden-billed Saltator**. This was a lovely end to a very successful day.



*The endemic **Sandy Gallito** raced across the desert floor!*

#### **Day 6, 15<sup>th</sup> October 2022. Cardones National Park and the Lowlands of North Moldes**

We began our day with breakfast outside on the patio, while enjoying the spectacular view. Of course, we had a few avian guests wanting to share our breakfast, including **Saffron** and **Red Pileated Finches**, **Golden-billed Saltator**, **Shiny Cowbird**, **Chiguanco Thrush** and **Black-capped Warbling Finch**. As we were loading up the van, a small group of **Cliff Flycatchers** put on a nice display for us. While driving, we spotted a pair of **Black-legged Seriema** out in a distant field! We all shuffled out and enjoyed some nice scope views of these strange birds. During our observation, a **White-barred Piculet** dropped in nearby and a pair of **Muscovy Ducks** flew by. We were happy to get a few more good birds to add to our trip list! The remainder of the afternoon was spent enjoying the beauty of Cardones National Park and surrounds.

Upon entering the lowlands, we noted several new species for the trip, like **Buff-necked Ibis** and **Yungas Guan**. We continued to the mid and upper elevations and walked slowly along the side of the road, looking for our top targets of the day. Although, things were slow in terms of numbers, we managed to find our first target relatively quickly. A pair of the very localized **Rufous-bellied Mountain Tanagers** perched up nicely for all of us to get good views, before disappearing. Along this stretch we also noted **Tufted Tit-Tyrant**, **White-browed Ground-Tyrant** and the endemic **Tucuman Mountain Finch**. Further up the road we picked up our next big target, **Maquis Canastero**, along with **Rock Earthcreeper** and **Cream-winged Cinclodes**. We continued to climb in altitude and spotted our first iconic mammal of the trip, the **Guanaco**. The wind was picking up and so birding was slow, but we enjoyed the stellar views. We made it through to the Tin-Tin Straight, where we enjoyed lunch before heading back down and out of the park. On our way out, we stopped for coffee and found a **White-winged Black-Tyrant** displaying nearby. It was hilarious watching this funny bird jump up and down on top of a very tall cactus. We continued



our journey to Salta and enjoyed a lovely evening exploring the culture and food of this fantastic city.

### Day 7, 16<sup>th</sup> October 2022. Palomitas and intro to Calilegua National Park

After breakfast, we headed out to do some birding near the tiny town of Palomitas. A gravel road held many great species for us to discover. Our morning walk began with numerous highlights, including **Spot-backed Puffbird**, **Many-colored Chaco Finch**, **Checkered Woodpecker** and **Stripe-crowned Spinetail**. As we continued along, a gorgeous adult **Crane Hawk** was perched in the distance and gave us some lovely views before flying off. A nice open area looked great for one of our targets. We played some calls and three **Red-legged Seriemas** sprinted towards the van from out of the tall grasses! They looked just like velociraptors from a Jurassic Park film! They called back and circled the van as if they were closing in on their prey! It was an amazing and unforgettable experience. On our way back, we spotted a family group of about a dozen **Guira Cuckoos** flying about from tree to tree. Another spectacular showing!



*This Spot-backed Puffbird put on a nice show for us.*

A two-hour drive to San Martin for lunch and a little rest was followed by some afternoon birding. We met up with our local guide for the area and headed into Calilegua National Park for our first taste of birding the amazing forests. We started in the lowlands and right away were onto some **Scaly-headed Parrots** and **Green-cheeked Parakeets**. A few of the bizarre looking **Plush-crested Jays** were interested in us and came down for a closer look. We started onto the trail where things were a bit slow, but the quality of species were high. We noted many firsts for the trip, like the impressive **Cream-backed Woodpecker** and the brilliant **Blue-crowned Trogon**. Further along the trail were more new species, including **Streaked Xenops**, **Buff-browed Foliage-gleaner**



**Golden-olive Woodpecker, Southern Beardless-Tyrannulet and Yellow-olive Flatbill.** On our final stretch, just before getting back to the van, we spotted two more fantastic targets, the huge **Toco Toucan**, and a pair of amazing **Golden-collared Macaws**! This was certainly a fine introduction to the wonders of this national park.

#### **Day 8, 17<sup>th</sup> October 2022. Mid-Lowland Forests of Calilegua National Park**

We had the full day to explore and bird Calilegua National Park. We started off in the mid-elevations of the parks and worked our way down from there. Things started off strong with many fantastic species like **Crested Oropendola, Two-banded Warbler, Piratic Flycatcher, Rusty Flowerpiercer, Ochre-faced Tody-Flycatcher, Yungas Manakin, Azara's Spinetail and Sparkling Violetear.** As we moved down along the road, we slowly picked up more and more species in the dense brush and growth. Highlights included **Orange-headed Tanager, White-bellied and Speckled Hummingbirds, Dot-fronted Woodpecker, Slaty and Highland Elaenias, Andean Slaty Thrush and White-browed Brushfinch.** After this four-hour birding session of the mid-elevations, we loaded back into the van and headed towards lunch. Along the way we picked up the always beautiful **Roseate Spoonbill**, as well as **Guira Cuckoo** and **Southern Rough-winged Swallow.** After lunch we hit the low-elevations again, picking up several nice species including **Olivaceous Woodcreeper, Smoke-colored Pewee, Black-capped Antwren and Variable Antshrike.** We headed to dinner and the hotel for the night to get some well-deserved rest.



*The gigantic Cream-backed Woodpecker caused us to stop and stare.*

**Day 9, 18<sup>th</sup> October 2022. Upper Mountain Forests of Calilegua National Park**

The forecast was grim for today's adventure as we dealt with rain and heavy fog for most of the day. Despite the weather, we were determined to make the most of the day as we headed to the upper mountain forest sections of Calilegua. Right away we were treated to great looks at **Fulvous-headed Brushfinch** and **Mountain Wren**. A little further up the road we got onto a fantastic Blue-capped Puffleg foraging on the hillside. Conditions were tricky with a steady dose of mist, but we finally managed to get onto a cooperative **Pale-legged Warbler**, **Plumbous Black-Tyrant** and a soaking wet **Mottle-cheeked Tyrannulet** (or tyrannuwet as I liked to call it). It was now time for a break, so we headed to the charming little town of San Francisco to have lunch, get a warm drink, and dry off a bit.

As we were finishing up, the clouds and mist began to clear ever so slightly, which made for a lovely walk around the town. The outskirts were very birdy in the now cleared up weather. We managed to find **Red-tailed Comet**, **Sclater's Tyrannulet**, **Hooded Siskin**, **Moss-backed Sparrow** and **Dusky-capped Flycatcher**. Towards the end of our walk, we got onto the two real stars of the afternoon, a gorgeous **Toco Toucan** and a stunning **Black-backed Grosbeak** – which was also new for the trip. We began the long journey back down the mountain and unfortunately, as we got back into the forested area, the mist and fog returned. We made one final stop in the rain on the way down and it certainly paid off, as we all managed to get looks at the localized and often difficult **Speckled Nightingale-Thrush**. We eventually made it back to town where we dried off and had our final dinner in San Martin.



*The brilliant blue eyes of the **Toco Toucan** mesmerized us all.*



**Day 10, 19<sup>th</sup> October 2022. Dry Chaco Forest to Lozano**

We headed off this morning to explore some dry Chaco habitat before making the two and a half hour journey to Lozano, where we would be staying for the next two nights. Our first stop was a bridge overlooking the San Francisco River. This forty-minute stop was full of birds and difficult to tear ourselves away from. Some highlights included **White-collared Swift**, **Sooty Tyrannulet**, **Yellow-billed Cardinal**, **Fork-tailed Flycatcher**, **Large Elaenia** and **Glittering-bellied Emerald**. A **Grey-cowled Wood Rail** came out from the bush and began foraging around some cow pies, causing a lot of laughter. We then headed into the Chaco. This dirt road held several new targets for us. It didn't take long before we managed fantastic views of one of these, the **Red-billed Scythebill**, a bird that almost doesn't make any sense in terms of how it can exist. We also had fantastic looks at many old and new species during our time here, including **Blue-tufted Starthroat**, **Variable Antshrike**, **Black-backed Water-Tyrant**, **Sick's Swift** and **Ringed Teal**. We went back to Lozano to check in, have lunch, and a little rest before doing some more afternoon and evening birding.



*It was special to see range-restricted species like this **Montane Forest Screech Owl**.*

A quick walk around the hotel grounds netted us a new species in the form of **Variegated Flycatcher**. We then loaded up into the van and headed for Potrero de Yala Provincial Park. Almost immediately upon entry, Diego spotted a top target, **Red-faced Guan**! A pair of these birds were sitting quietly in a tree, which allowed us some incredible close-up views. We continued walking along the road and picked up more species, like **Brown-capped Whitestart**, **Mountain Wren** and **Moss-backed Sparrow**. We continued to the section of the river where we waited for nightfall to search for nocturnal species. While we waited, we were treated to an incredible show of a **Rufous-throated Dipper** and then a whole family of **Torrent Ducks** swimming upstream

together. It was one of those truly breathtaking moments. After the sun set, we began to listen and search. A few brief calls of **Lyre-tailed Nightjar** were heard off in the distance. Then we heard a **Montane Forest Screech Owl** give some calls and we managed to track it down in a tree. We got a spotlight on it briefly, although long enough for stellar views for the whole group! This extremely range-restricted species was certainly a cherry on top of an excellent day. We headed back to Lozano where we enjoyed a truly delicious dinner together.

### Day 11, 20<sup>th</sup> October 2022. Potrero de Yala Provincial Park

We had the entire day to explore Potrero Yala Provincial Park. The weather was cool and, although there was some fog, this was manageable, and it eventually turned into a lovely day. We started out with a quick scan around one of the high-altitude lakes and saw **White-backed Stilt**, **Yellow-billed Pintail** and **White-winged Coot**. A **Bicolored Hawk** zoomed by and perched nicely for us in a nearby tree. A small group of **Plain-colored Seedeaters** put on a nice show and a **Smoke-colored Pewee** foraged around a nearby building. From the water, we walked around this huge park and picked up several nice species, including **Spot-breasted Thornbird**, **Fulvous-headed Brushfinch** and **White-crested Elaenia**.



*This Rufous-capped Antshrike was quite accommodating for us.*

We moved out of the bush and down to another high-altitude lake. Here we heard two different antshrike species calling in two different directions. First it was the **Giant Antshrike**, which despite its large size, can be incredibly difficult to spot in the understory. After some effort we all managed views of this incredible bird. Next up was the **Rufous-capped Antshrike**. Luckily this one was much easier and gave us some incredible views along the roadside. After scanning the lake, we picked up several nice species like **Puna Ibis**, **Andean Gull**, **Neotropic Cormorant** and



**Wattled Jacana.** We headed back to town to grab some lunch before spending the remainder of the afternoon working our way down the slope. The birding slowed down from the morning, but the scenery was lovely. A highlight was an incredible pair of **Cream-backed Woodpeckers** that worked their way down the hill with us. Also amazing were a soaring **Roadside Hawk**, a striking **Fawn-breasted Tanager** and a clicking **Golden-winged Cacique** inside some dense bushes. It was then time for another spectacular dinner near our hotel in Lozano.

### Day 12, 21<sup>st</sup> October 2022. Purmamarca to Tilcara

This was mostly a travel, rest, and cultural day, but of course there was some nice birding as well. After breakfast we made our way to the town of Purmamarca and saw The Hill of Seven Colors, one of the great wonders of Argentina! We birded on one of the trails and saw our first **Brown-backed Mockingbird**, along with **Creamy-breasted Canastero**, **Greenish Yellow-Finch**, **Andean Swift** and **Black-chested Buzzard-Eagle**. We then explored the town and some of the tourist shops before sitting down for lunch. While eating we were joined by a new trip bird, **Black-hooded Sierra Finch**, wanting the same lunch as us! After savoring the scenery for the last time, we loaded up and headed towards Tilcara and checked into our hotel. We all decided to have a break and enjoyed some time at the incredible hotel. In the late afternoon we ventured out and explored the Pucará de Tilcara, nearby pre-Inca ruins. The wind was strong, and the birds were virtually non-existent, except for a wind-blown **Barn Swallow** and some singing **House Wrens**. We headed back to the hotel and enjoyed a tasty dinner there.



*These **James's Flamingos** were one species seen on our triple flamingo day.*

**Day 13, 22<sup>nd</sup> October 2022. Lakes around Abra Pampa**

Our schedule for the day was jam-packed, as we had a lot of driving and birding to squeeze in. We headed out hastily after breakfast and made our way to Laguna de Huancar. This small lake is located right next to a popular sand skiing slope just south of Abra Pampa. We experienced our first taste of high Puna wetland birding, with species like **Giant Coot**, **Silvery Grebe**, **Andean Crested Ducks** and **Puna Teal**. Then we made our way into Abra Pampa and checked out some local football (soccer) fields where we quickly scored our target, **Bright-rumped Yellow-Finch**. It was time for a nice lunch in the town square area since it was a beautiful day for a picnic.

After lunch we had a few more bodies of water to check out. First up was a small pond just north of Abra Pampa that was full of birds. We managed fantastic views of both **James's** and **Chilean Flamingos** along with **Andean Goose**, **Crested Duck**, **White-cheeked Pintail**, **Wilson's Phalarope**, **Andean Lapwing** and **Puna Ibis** plus many others. The surrounding grasslands held **Andean Negrito**, **Puna Miner** and **Ash-breasted Sierra Finch**. We managed to dodge an interesting encounter with a cow and guaco before moving to the next location, Laguna Runtuyoc. After a brief hike, we managed to get close to the water and scored our third flamingo of the day, **Andean Flamingo**! We all celebrated this sweep. In addition to the flamingos, there were **Inca Teal** and **Common Miner**. We also noted our first of many **Vicunas**, a high-altitude llama-like mammal. It was time to move along and head even higher in altitude. As we approached Yavi, we took in the scenic views and spotted a **Mountain Caracara** along the roadside. We arrived at the tiny village for dinner and a good night's sleep after the long day of travel and birding.

**Day 14, 23<sup>rd</sup> October 2022. Yavi area birding**

We headed out for a short hike right outside our lodge before breakfast. (This activity was repeated for the next three mornings.) We were at a very high altitude, about 11,320 feet (3,450 m), so we moved slower and noted the different avian assemblage. Right away we were treated to a large flock of **Citron-headed Yellow-Finches**, one of the top targets for this location. Mixed in with these finches were **Diuca Finch**, **Band-tailed Seed eater**, **Golden-billed Saltator**, **Black-hooded Sierra Finch** and **Grey-hooded Parakeet**. As we continued along the trail we spotted the other top target, **Wedge-tailed Hillstar**, whose green gorget glowed brilliantly in the morning sun! We hiked back up and had our breakfast and coffee before setting off again to explore more areas surrounding Yavi.

Mid-morning into early afternoon was spent hiking along a small stream that ran through the outskirts of town. We tallied up a nice list of over 30 species whilst going slowly and steadily. Top highlights from this adventure were **Bare-faced Ground Dove**, **Giant Hummingbird**, **Cream-winged** and **White-winged Cinclodes**, **Streak-fronted Thornbird**, **Cliff Flycatcher**, and **Rufous-sided Warbling Finch**. Just before we made it back to town, we spotted an **Andean Tinamou** scurrying off into the tall grasses and had a gorgeous **Mountain Caracara** soaring by overhead. It was time for lunch and a small rest. For the late afternoon, we headed to Yavi Chico, a small version of Yavi nearby. The top highlight here was **d'Orbigny's Chat-Tyrant**, a new species for the trip, and we also enjoyed **Rock Earthcreeper**, **Spot-winged Pigeon**, and **Andean Swift**. It was time to head back for dinner with our hosts, who now felt like friends, Magui and her family. Another great day successfully completed.





*These **Citron-headed Yellow-Finches** became a burst of color in the sun.*

#### **Day 15, 24<sup>th</sup> October 2022. High Puna and Lizoite Vega**

Like the previous morning, we started with a short hike before breakfast and saw the brilliant **Citron-headed Yellow-Finch** and **Wedge-tailed Hillstar**. If we did this every morning for a year, we would not get tired of seeing these amazing species! In addition to the typical species, we added a new trip bird in the form of **Aplomado Falcon**. After breakfast, we began our journey to even higher altitudes! Along the drive we saw many **Vicunas** plus a pair of sneaky **Ornate Tinamous** and an uncooperative flock of **Mountain Parakeets**. We eventually reached the pass of **Abra de Lizoite** at a staggering 14,950 feet (4,555 m), which is higher than any peak in the continental USA! Although cold and windy at these heights, the panorama was magnificent and awe-inspiring, especially when an **Andean Condor** soared overhead.

We descended slightly, but not much, to Lizoite Vega, a small stream running through the valley and creating some wetland-type habitat. Thankfully it didn't take long before we were all on the top target, the **Diademed Sandpiper-Plover**. This was a stunning and incredible bird indeed! We continued birding here and picked up another extreme high-altitude specialist, the **Red-backed Sierra Finch**. After a picnic lunch, we took a short walk to explore downstream and had some incredible views of a pair of **Diademed Sandpiper-Plovers** working the water. While these rare plovers were the stars, we nevertheless enjoyed the other species, like **Andean Flicker**, **Straight-billed Earthcreeper**, **Andean Swallow** and **Cinereous Ground-Tyrant**. After an excellent afternoon, we made our way back to Yavi. After such high altitudes, we all needed a rest before heading out for our final dinner in the northwest provinces of Argentina.



*At extremely high altitude, the **Diademed Sandpiper-Plover** foraged in the wet areas.*

#### **Day 16, 25<sup>th</sup> October 2022. Transfer to Jujuy and flight back to Buenos Aires**

We enjoyed our final walk in the high Puna area surrounding Javi and took last looks at species here, including **Citron-headed Yellow-Finch**, **Diuca Finch**, **Brown-backed Mockingbird** and **Wedge-tailed Hillstar**. After this, we had breakfast and coffee before packing our bags and beginning the long drive back to Jujuy. We made a stop for about an hour outside Abra Pampa. This small pond mostly had the same species we had seen on our first visit, but we enjoyed good views of **James's** and **Chilean Flamingos**, **Crested Duck**, **Andean Goose**, **Inca Teal**, **Andean Negrito**, and **Puna Ibis**. As we stared at the water, we noticed a small songbird flying around, **Band-tailed Sierra Finch**, a new species for the trip! After a long drive, we caught our flight back to Buenos Aires, where we grabbed dinner and went to bed.

#### **Day 17, 26<sup>th</sup> October 2022. Costanera Sur Ecological Reserve**

Due to our late flight and dinner the previous night, we slept in a little this morning. After a lovely breakfast at the hotel, we grabbed our gear and headed out for some birding. The weather forecast for the day was a bit “iffy”, and because of the rain overnight, the main entrance to Costanera Sur was closed for the day. Nevertheless, we had a beautiful time outside the park, looking into the amazing ponds and wetlands. Close-up views of many species were had, including **Southern Screamer**, **Wattled Jacana**, **Black-necked Swan**, **Silver Teal**, **White-winged Coot**, **Spot-flanked Gallinule** and **Rosy-billed Pochard**. Then we headed to a nearby local park and picked up some nice birds, like **Vermillion Flycatcher**, **Monk** and **Nanday Parakeets**, **Chimango Caracara**, and **Creamy-bellied Thrush**. Towards the end of our time at the park the wind and rain started to pick up, so we headed for lunch and rested in the afternoon.



**Day 18, 27<sup>th</sup> October 2022. More Costanera Sur before departure**

On our final day together, we decided to head back to Costanera Sur before our evening flights home. Luckily the park was open, and we got to enjoy the wonders of this gem located right in the heart of Buenos Aires. Two and a half hours later we had tallied a list of 61 species, including several new species for the trip: **White-faced Whistling-Duck**, **Black-headed**, **Masked** and **Lake Ducks**, **Small-billed Elaenia**, and **Streaked Flycatcher**. Of course, in addition to the new species added, we enjoyed our wonderful time here with other species like **Masked Gnatcatcher**, **Rufous-bellied Thrush**, **Chivi Vireo**, **Tropical Parula**, and many others. We headed back to the hotel, had lunch, and went to the airport. We discussed our favorite species for the trip, and the following were the top five for the group, in no order: **Red-legged Seriema**, **Diademed Sandpiper-Plover**, **James's Flamingo**, **Sandy Gallito** and **Torrent Duck**. It was truly a splendid trip, full of birds, scenery, food, culture and laughter.



*This Yellow-billed Teal gave some fantastic views at Costanera Sur.*

**Bird List - Following IOC (12.2)**

Birds 'heard only' are marked with (H) after the common name, all other species were seen. Species seen only on the pre-trip day of this trip are marked with (+) after the common name.

The following notation after species names is used to show conservation status following BirdLife International: CE = Critically Endangered, EN = Endangered, VU = Vulnerable, NT = Near Threatened.

Common Name	Scientific Name
<b>Tinamous (Tinamidae)</b>	
Ornate Tinamou	<i>Nothoprocta ornata</i>
Brushland Tinamou	<i>Nothoprocta cinerascens</i>
Andean Tinamou	<i>Nothoprocta pentlandii</i>
<b>Screamers (Anhimidae)</b>	
Southern Screamer	<i>Chauna torquata</i>
<b>Ducks, Geese, Swans (Anatidae)</b>	
White-faced Whistling Duck	<i>Dendrocygna viduata</i>
Coscoroba Swan	<i>Coscoroba coscoroba</i>
Black-necked Swan	<i>Cygnus melancoryphus</i>
Torrent Duck	<i>Merganetta armata</i>
Andean Goose	<i>Chloephaga melanoptera</i>
Muscovy Duck	<i>Cairina moschata</i>
Brazilian Teal	<i>Amazonetta brasiliensis</i>
Ringed Teal	<i>Callonetta leucophrys</i>
Crested Duck	<i>Lophonetta specularioides</i>
Puna Teal	<i>Spatula puna</i>
Silver Teal	<i>Spatula versicolor</i>
Red Shoveler	<i>Spatula platalea</i>
Cinnamon Teal	<i>Spatula cyanoptera</i>
White-cheeked Pintail	<i>Anas bahamensis</i>
Yellow-billed Pintail	<i>Anas georgica</i>
Yellow-billed Teal (Inca Teal)	<i>Anas flavirostris</i>
Rosy-billed Pochard	<i>Netta peposaca</i>
Black-headed Duck	<i>Heteronetta atricapilla</i>
Masked Duck	<i>Nomonyx dominicus</i>



Common Name	Scientific Name
Andean Duck	<i>Oxyura ferruginea</i>
Lake Duck	<i>Oxyura vittata</i>
<b>Chachalacas, Curassows, Guans (Cracidae)</b>	
Chaco Chachalaca	<i>Ortalis canicollis</i>
Red-faced Guan	<i>Penelope dabbeni</i>
Yungas Guan	<i>Penelope bridgesi</i>
<b>Nightjars (Caprimulgidae)</b>	
Lyre-tailed Nightjar (H)	<i>Uropsalis lyra</i>
<b>Swifts (Apodidae)</b>	
White-collared Swift	<i>Streptoprocne zonaris</i>
Sick's Swift	<i>Chaetura meridionalis</i>
Andean Swift	<i>Aeronautes andecolus</i>
<b>Hummingbirds (Trochilidae)</b>	
Sparkling Violetear	<i>Colibri coruscans</i>
Speckled Hummingbird	<i>Adelomyia melanogenys</i>
Red-tailed Comet	<i>Sappho sparganurus</i>
Wedge-tailed Hillstar	<i>Oreotrochilus adela</i>
Blue-capped Puffleg	<i>Eriocnemis glaucopoides</i>
Giant Hummingbird	<i>Patagona gigas</i>
Blue-tufted Starthroat	<i>Helimaster furcifer</i>
Glittering-bellied Emerald	<i>Chlorostilbon lucidus</i>
Gilded Sapphire	<i>Hylocharis chrysura</i>
White-bellied Hummingbird	<i>Elliotomyia chionogaster</i>
<b>Cuckoos (Cuculidae)</b>	
Guira Cuckoo	<i>Guira guira</i>
<b>Pigeons, Doves (Columbidae)</b>	
Rock Dove (Introduced)	<i>Columba livia</i>
Picazuro Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas picazuro</i>
Spot-winged Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas maculosa</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Picui Ground Dove	<i>Columbina picui</i>
Bare-faced Ground Dove	<i>Metriopelia ceciliae</i>
Moreno's Ground Dove (Endemic)	<i>Metriopelia morenoi</i>
Black-winged Ground Dove	<i>Metriopelia melanoptera</i>
White-tipped Dove	<i>Leptotila verreauxi</i>
Eared Dove	<i>Zenaida auriculata</i>
<b>Rails, Crakes &amp; Coots (Rallidae)</b>	
Plumbeous Rail	<i>Pardirallus sanguinolentus</i>
Grey-cowled Wood Rail	<i>Aramides cajaneus</i>
Giant Wood Rail	<i>Aramides ypecaha</i>
Spot-flanked Gallinule	<i>Porphyriops melanops</i>
Common Gallinule	<i>Gallinula galeata</i>
Red-fronted Coot	<i>Fulica rufifrons</i>
Giant Coot	<i>Fulica gigantea</i>
Red-gartered Coot	<i>Fulica armillata</i>
Andean Coot	<i>Fulica ardesiaca</i>
White-winged Coot	<i>Fulica leucoptera</i>
<b>Limpkin (Aramidae)</b>	
Limpkin	<i>Aramus guarauna</i>
<b>Grebes (Podicipedidae)</b>	
Pied-billed Grebe	<i>Podilymbus podiceps</i>
White-tufted Grebe	<i>Rollandia rolland</i>
Great Grebe	<i>Podiceps major</i>
Silvery Grebe	<i>Podiceps occipitalis</i>
<b>Flamingos (Phoenicopteridae)</b>	
Chilean Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopaterus chilensis</i>
Andean Flamingo - VU	<i>Phoenicoparrus andinus</i>
James's Flamingo	<i>Phoenicoparrus jamesi</i>
<b>Stilts, Avocets (Recurvirostridae)</b>	
White-backed Stilt	<i>Himantopus melanurus</i>



Common Name	Scientific Name
Andean Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra andina</i>
<b>Plovers (Charadriidae)</b>	
Southern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus chilensis</i>
Andean Lapwing	<i>Vanellus resplendens</i>
Diademed Sandpiper-Plover	<i>Phegornis mitchellii</i>
<b>Jacanas (Jacanidae)</b>	
Wattled Jacana	<i>Jacana jacana</i>
<b>Seedsnipes (Thinocoridae)</b>	
Grey-breasted Seedsnipe	<i>Thinocorus orbignyianus</i>
<b>Sandpipers, Snipes (Scolopacidae)</b>	
Hudsonian Godwit	<i>Limosa haemastica</i>
Baird's Sandpiper	<i>Calidris bairdii</i>
Pectoral Sandpiper	<i>Calidris melanotos</i>
Pantanal Snipe	<i>Gallinago paraguaiiae</i>
Wilson's Phalarope	<i>Phalaropus tricolor</i>
Spotted Sandpiper	<i>Actitis macularius</i>
Solitary Sandpiper	<i>Tringa solitaria</i>
Lesser Yellowlegs	<i>Tringa flavipes</i>
Greater Yellowlegs	<i>Tringa melanoleuca</i>
<b>Gulls, Terns, Skimmers (Laridae)</b>	
Andean Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus serranus</i>
Brown-hooded Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus maculipennis</i>
Grey-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus cirrocephalus</i>
Snowy-crowned Tern	<i>Sterna trudeaui</i>
<b>Storks (Ciconiidae)</b>	
Maguari Stork	<i>Ciconia maguari</i>
<b>Cormorants, Shags (Phalacrocoracidae)</b>	
Neotropic Cormorant	<i>Nannopterum brasilianum</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
<b>Ibises, Spoonbills (Threskiornithidae)</b>	
Buff-necked Ibis	<i>Theristicus caudatus</i>
Bare-faced Ibis	<i>Phimosus infuscatus</i>
White-faced Ibis	<i>Plegadis chihi</i>
Puna Ibis	<i>Plegadis ridgwayi</i>
Roseate Spoonbill	<i>Platalea ajaja</i>
<b>Hérons, Bitterns (Ardeidae)</b>	
Rufescent Tiger Heron	<i>Tigrisoma lineatum</i>
Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>
Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>
Cocoi Heron	<i>Ardea cocoi</i>
Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>
Whistling Heron	<i>Syrigma sibilatrix</i>
Snowy Egret	<i>Egretta thula</i>
<b>New World Vultures (Cathartidae)</b>	
Andean Condor - VU	<i>Vultur gryphus</i>
Black Vulture	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>
Turkey Vulture	<i>Cathartes aura</i>
<b>Kites, Hawks, Eagles (Accipitridae)</b>	
Swallow-tailed Kite	<i>Elanoides forficatus</i>
Bicolored Hawk	<i>Accipiter bicolor</i>
Long-winged Harrier	<i>Circus buffoni</i>
Plumbeous Kite	<i>Ictinia plumbea</i>
Snail Kite	<i>Rostrhamus sociabilis</i>
Crane Hawk	<i>Geranospiza caerulescens</i>
Savanna Hawk	<i>Buteogallus meridionalis</i>
Great Black Hawk	<i>Buteogallus urubitinga</i>
Roadside Hawk	<i>Rupornis magnirostris</i>
Harris's Hawk	<i>Parabuteo unicinctus</i>
Variable Hawk	<i>Geranoaetus polyosoma</i>
Black-chested Buzzard-Eagle	<i>Geranoaetus melanoleucus</i>



Common Name	Scientific Name
<b>Owls (Strigidae)</b>	
Burrowing Owl	<i>Athene cunicularia</i>
Yungas Screech Owl	<i>Megascops hoyi</i>
<b>Trogon (Trogonidae)</b>	
Blue-crowned Trogon	<i>Trogon curucui</i>
<b>Kingfishers (Alcedinidae)</b>	
Ringed Kingfisher	<i>Megasceryle torquata</i>
<b>Puffbirds (Bucconidae)</b>	
Chaco Puffbird	<i>Nystalus striatipectus</i>
<b>Toucans (Ramphastidae)</b>	
Toco Toucan	<i>Ramphastos toco</i>
<b>Woodpeckers (Picidae)</b>	
White-barred Piculet	<i>Picumnus cirratus</i>
White Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes candidus</i>
White-fronted Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes cactorum</i>
Dot-fronted Woodpecker	<i>Veniliornis frontalis</i>
Checkered Woodpecker	<i>Veniliornis mixtus</i>
Golden-olive Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes rubiginosus</i>
Green-barred Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes melanochloros</i>
Andean Flicker	<i>Colaptes rupicola</i>
Cream-backed Woodpecker	<i>Campephilus leucopogon</i>
<b>Seriemas (Cariamidae)</b>	
Red-legged Seriema	<i>Cariama cristata</i>
Black-legged Seriema	<i>Chunga burmeisteri</i>
<b>Caracaras, Falcons (Falconidae)</b>	
Mountain Caracara	<i>Phalcoboenus megalopterus</i>
Crested Caracara	<i>Caracara plancus</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Chimango Caracara	<i>Milvago chimango</i>
American Kestrel	<i>Falco sparverius</i>
Aplomado Falcon	<i>Falco femoralis</i>
Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>
<b>African &amp; New World Parrots (Psittacidae)</b>	
Grey-hooded Parakeet	<i>Psilopsiagon aymara</i>
Mountain Parakeet	<i>Psilopsiagon aurifrons</i>
Monk Parakeet	<i>Myiopsitta monachus</i>
Yellow-chevroned Parakeet	<i>Brotogeris chiriri</i>
Scaly-headed Parrot	<i>Pionus maximiliani</i>
Tucuman Amazon - VU	<i>Amazona tucumana</i>
Turquoise-fronted Amazon	<i>Amazona aestiva</i>
Maroon-bellied Parakeet	<i>Pyrrhura frontalis</i>
Green-cheeked Parakeet	<i>Pyrrhura molinae</i>
Burrowing Parrot	<i>Cyanoliseus patagonus</i>
Nanday Parakeet	<i>Aratinga nenday</i>
Golden-collared Macaw	<i>Primolius auricollis</i>
Blue-crowned Parakeet	<i>Thectocercus acuticaudatus</i>
Mitred Parakeet	<i>Psittacara mitratus</i>
White-eyed Parakeet	<i>Psittacara leucophthalmus</i>
<b>Ovenbirds (Furnariidae)</b>	
Common Miner	<i>Geositta cunicularia</i>
Puna Miner	<i>Geositta punensis</i>
Rufous-banded Miner	<i>Geositta rufipennis</i>
Olivaceous Woodcreeper	<i>Sittasomus griseicapillus</i>
Red-billed Scythebill	<i>Campylorhamphus trochilirostris</i>
Narrow-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes angustirostris</i>
Streaked Xenops	<i>Xenops rutilans</i>
Straight-billed Earthcreeper	<i>Ochetorhynchus ruficaudus</i>
Rock Earthcreeper	<i>Ochetorhynchus andaecola</i>
Chaco Earthcreeper	<i>Tarphonomus certhioides</i>
Rufous Hornero	<i>Furnarius rufus</i>
Buff-breasted Earthcreeper	<i>Upucerthia validirostris</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Cream-winged Cinclodes	<i>Cinclodes albiventris</i>
White-winged Cinclodes	<i>Cinclodes atacamensis</i>
Buff-browed Foliage-gleaner	<i>Syndactyla rufosuperciliata</i>
Brown-capped Tit-Spinetail	<i>Leptasthenura fuliginiceps</i>
Tufted Tit-Spinetail	<i>Leptasthenura platensis</i>
Plain-mantled Tit-Spinetail	<i>Leptasthenura aegithaloides</i>
Rufous-fronted Thornbird	<i>Phacellodomus rufifrons</i>
Streak-fronted Thornbird	<i>Phacellodomus striaticeps</i>
Little Thornbird	<i>Phacellodomus sibilatrix</i>
Spot-breasted Thornbird	<i>Phacellodomus maculipectus</i>
Freckle-breasted Thornbird	<i>Phacellodomus striaticollis</i>
Firewood-gatherer	<i>Anumbius annumbi</i>
Lark-like Brushrunner	<i>Coryphistera alaudina</i>
Rusty-vented Canastero	<i>Asthenes dorbignyi</i>
Short-billed Canastero	<i>Asthenes baeri</i>
Puna Canastero	<i>Asthenes sclateri</i>
Cordilleran Canastero	<i>Asthenes modesta</i>
Maquis Canastero	<i>Asthenes heterura</i>
Sulphur-bearded Reedhaunter	<i>Limnortyx sulphuriferus</i>
Stripe-crowned Spinetail	<i>Craniolaema pyrrhophia</i>
Steinbach's Canastero (Endemic)	<i>Pseudasthenes steinbachi</i>
Brown Cacholote	<i>Pseudoseisura lophotes</i>
White-throated Cacholote (Endemic)	<i>Pseudoseisura gutturalis</i>
Yellow-chinned Spinetail	<i>Certhiaxis cinnamomeus</i>
Chotoy Spinetail	<i>Schoeniophylax phryganophilus</i>
Pale-breasted Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis albescens</i>
Sooty-fronted Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis frontalis</i>
Azara's Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis azarae</i>
<b>Antbirds (Thamnophilidae)</b>	
Black-capped Antwren	<i>Herpsilochmus atricapillus</i>
Variable Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus caerulescens</i>
Rufous-capped Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus ruficapillus</i>
Giant Antshrike	<i>Batara cinerea</i>



Common Name	Scientific Name
<b>Tapaculos (Rhinocryptidae)</b>	
Sandy Gallito (Endemic)	<i>Teledromas fuscus</i>
White-browed Tapaculo (Endemic)	<i>Scytalopus superciliaris</i>
<b>Tyrant Flycatchers, Calyptura (Tyrannidae)</b>	
Sclater's Tyrannulet	<i>Phyllomyias sclateri</i>
Grey Elaenia	<i>Myiopagis caniceps</i>
Large Elaenia	<i>Elaenia spectabilis</i>
Chilean Elaenia	<i>Elaenia chilensis</i>
Small-billed Elaenia	<i>Elaenia parvirostris</i>
Slaty Elaenia	<i>Elaenia strepera</i>
Highland Elaenia	<i>Elaenia obscura</i>
Southern Beardless Tyrannulet	<i>Camptostoma obsoletum</i>
Suiriri Flycatcher	<i>Suiriri suiriri</i>
White-throated Tyrannulet	<i>Mecocerculus leucophrys</i>
Buff-banded Tyrannulet	<i>Mecocerculus hellmayri</i>
Yellow-billed Tit-Tyrant	<i>Anairetes flavirostris</i>
Tufted Tit-Tyrant	<i>Anairetes parulus</i>
Sooty Tyrannulet	<i>Serpophaga nigricans</i>
White-crested Tyrannulet	<i>Serpophaga subcristata</i>
White-bellied Tyrannulet	<i>Serpophaga munda</i>
Warbling Doradito	<i>Pseudocolopteryx flaviventris</i>
Fulvous-crowned Scrub Tyrant	<i>Euscarthmus meloryphus</i>
Greater Wagtail-Tyrant	<i>Stigmatura budytoides</i>
Mottle-cheeked Tyrannulet	<i>Phylloscartes ventralis</i>
Pearly-vented Tody-Tyrant	<i>Hemitriccus margaritaceiventer</i>
Ochre-faced Tody-Flycatcher	<i>Poecilatriccus plumbeiceps</i>
Yellow-olive Flatbill	<i>Tolmomyias sulphurens</i>
Cliff Flycatcher	<i>Hirundinea ferruginea</i>
Euler's Flycatcher	<i>Lathrotriccus euleri</i>
Black Phoebe	<i>Sayornis nigricans</i>
Smoke-colored Pewee	<i>Contopus fumigatus</i>
Scarlet Flycatcher (Vermilion)	<i>Pyrocephalus rubinus</i>
Yellow-browed Tyrant	<i>Satrapa icterophrys</i>
Cinereous Ground Tyrant	<i>Muscisaxicola cinereus</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
White-browed Ground-Tyrant	<i>Muscisaxicola albilora</i>
Andean Negrito	<i>Lessonia oreas</i>
Spectacled Tyrant	<i>Hymenops perspicillatus</i>
Plumbeous Tyrant	<i>Knipolegus cabanisi</i>
White-winged Black Tyrant	<i>Knipolegus aterrimus</i>
White Monjita	<i>Xolmis irupero</i>
Black-crowned Monjita	<i>Neoxolmis coronatus</i>
Black-billed Shrike-Tyrant	<i>Agriornis montanus</i>
Black-backed Water Tyrant	<i>Fluvicola albiventer</i>
D'Orbigny's Chat-Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca oenanthoides</i>
White-browed Chat-Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca leucophrys</i>
Cattle Tyrant	<i>Machetornis rixosa</i>
Piratic Flycatcher	<i>Legatus leucophaeus</i>
Great Kiskadee	<i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i>
Streaked Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes maculatus</i>
Variegated Flycatcher	<i>Empidonomus varius</i>
Crowned Slaty Flycatcher	<i>Griseotyrannus aurantioatrocristatus</i>
Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>
Fork-tailed Flycatcher	<i>Tyrannus savana</i>
Dusky-capped Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tuberculifer</i>
<b>Cotingas (Cotingidae)</b>	
White-tipped Plantcutter	<i>Phytotoma rutila</i>
<b>Manakins (Pipridae)</b>	
Yungas Manakin	<i>Chiroxiphia boliviana</i>
<b>Tityras, Becards, Sharpbill (Tityridae)</b>	
White-naped Xenopsaris	<i>Xenopsaris albinucha</i>
<b>Vireos, Greenlets, Shrike-babblers (Vireonidae)</b>	
Chivi Vireo	<i>Vireo chivi</i>
<b>Crows, Jays (Corvidae)</b>	
Plush-crested Jay	<i>Cyanocorax chrysops</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
<b>Swallows, Martins (Hirundinidae)</b>	
White-rumped Swallow	<i>Tachycineta leucorrhoa</i>
Blue-and-white Swallow	<i>Pygochelidon cyanoleuca</i>
Tawny-headed Swallow	<i>Alopochelidon fucata</i>
Andean Swallow	<i>Orochelidon andecola</i>
Southern Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx ruficollis</i>
Brown-chested Martin	<i>Progne tapera</i>
Southern Martin	<i>Progne elegans</i>
Grey-breasted Martin	<i>Progne chalybea</i>
Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>
American Cliff Swallow	<i>Petrochelidon pyrrhonota</i>
<b>Wrens (Troglodytidae)</b>	
House Wren	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>
Mountain Wren	<i>Troglodytes solstitialis</i>
<b>Gnatcatchers (Polioptilidae)</b>	
Masked Gnatcatcher	<i>Polioptila dumicola</i>
<b>Mockingbirds, Thrashers (Mimidae)</b>	
Chalk-browed Mockingbird	<i>Mimus saturninus</i>
Patagonian Mockingbird	<i>Mimus patagonicus</i>
White-banded Mockingbird	<i>Mimus triurus</i>
Brown-backed Mockingbird	<i>Mimus dorsalis</i>
<b>Starlings, Rhabdornis (Sturnidae)</b>	
Common Starling (Introduced)	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>
<b>Thrushes (Turdidae)</b>	
Speckled Nightingale-Thrush	<i>Catharus maculatus</i>
Swainson's Thrush	<i>Catharus ustulatus</i>
Chiguanco Thrush	<i>Turdus chiguanco</i>
Andean Slaty Thrush	<i>Turdus nigriceps</i>
Creamy-bellied Thrush	<i>Turdus amaurochalinus</i>



Common Name	Scientific Name
Rufous-bellied Thrush	<i>Turdus rufiventris</i>
<b>Dippers (Cinclidae)</b>	
Rufous-throated Dipper - VU	<i>Cinclus schulzii</i>
<b>Old World Sparrows, Snowfinches (Passeridae)</b>	
House Sparrow (Introduced)	<i>Passer domesticus</i>
<b>Wagtails, Pipits (Motacillidae)</b>	
Hellmayr's Pipit	<i>Anthus hellmayri</i>
<b>Finches, Euphonias (Fringillidae)</b>	
Hooded Siskin	<i>Spinus magellanicus</i>
Black Siskin	<i>Spinus atratus</i>
<b>New World Sparrows (Passerellidae)</b>	
Common Bush Tanager	<i>Chlorospingus flavopectus</i>
White-browed Brushfinch	<i>Arremon torquatus</i>
Moss-backed Sparrow	<i>Arremon dorbignii</i>
Rufous-collared Sparrow	<i>Zonotrichia capensis</i>
Fulvous-headed Brushfinch	<i>Atlapetes fulviceps</i>
Yellow-striped Brushfinch (Endemic)	<i>Atlapetes citrinellus</i>
<b>Oropendolas, Orioles, Blackbirds (Icteridae)</b>	
Crested Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius decumanus</i>
Golden-winged Cacique	<i>Cacicus chrysopterus</i>
Variable Oriole	<i>Icterus pyrrhopterus</i>
Screaming Cowbird	<i>Molothrus rufoaxillaris</i>
Shiny Cowbird	<i>Molothrus bonariensis</i>
Scarlet-headed Blackbird	<i>Amblyramphus holosericeus</i>
Greyish Baywing	<i>Agelaioides badius</i>
Chestnut-capped Blackbird	<i>Chrysomus ruficapillus</i>
Yellow-winged Blackbird	<i>Agelasticus thilius</i>
Brown-and-yellow Marshbird	<i>Pseudoleistes virescens</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
<b>New World Warblers (Parulidae)</b>	
Southern Yellowthroat	<i>Geothlypis velata</i>
Tropical Parula	<i>Setophaga pitaiayumi</i>
Pale-legged Warbler	<i>Myiothlypis signata</i>
Two-banded Warbler	<i>Myiothlypis bivittata</i>
Golden-crowned Warbler	<i>Basileuterus culicivorus</i>
Brown-capped Whitestart	<i>Myioborus bruniceps</i>
<b>Cardinals &amp; Allies (Cardinalidae)</b>	
Red Tanager (Hepatic)	<i>Piranga flava</i>
Black-backed Grosbeak	<i>Pheucticus aureoventris</i>
Ultramarine Grosbeak	<i>Cyanoloxia brissonii</i>
<b>Tanagers &amp; Allies (Thraupidae)</b>	
Pampa Finch	<i>Embernagra platensis</i>
Mourning Sierra Finch	<i>Rhopospina fruticeti</i>
Band-tailed Sierra Finch	<i>Porphyrospiza alaudina</i>
Many-colored Chaco Finch	<i>Saltatricula multicolor</i>
Blue-grey Saltator	<i>Saltator coerulescens</i>
Golden-billed Saltator	<i>Saltator aurantirostris</i>
Red Pileated Finch	<i>Coryphospingus cucullatus</i>
Black-and-rufous Warbling Finch	<i>Poospiza nigrorufa</i>
Tucuman Mountain Finch (Endemic) - VU	<i>Poospiza baeri</i>
Orange-headed Tanager	<i>Thlypopsis sordida</i>
Rufous-sided Warbling Finch	<i>Poospizopsis hypocondria</i>
Rusty-browed Warbling Finch	<i>Microspingus erythrophrys</i>
Ringed Warbling Finch	<i>Microspingus torquatus</i>
Black-capped Warbling Finch	<i>Microspingus melanoleucus</i>
Bright-rumped Yellow Finch	<i>Sicalis uropigialis</i>
Saffron Finch	<i>Sicalis flaveola</i>
Grassland Yellow Finch	<i>Sicalis luteola</i>
Citron-headed Yellow Finch	<i>Sicalis luteocephala</i>
Greenish Yellow Finch	<i>Sicalis olivascens</i>
Grey-hooded Sierra Finch	<i>Phrygilus gayi</i>
Black-hooded Sierra Finch	<i>Phrygilus atriceps</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Ash-breasted Sierra Finch	<i>Geospizopsis plebejus</i>
Plumbeous Sierra Finch	<i>Geospizopsis unicolor</i>
Red-backed Sierra Finch	<i>Idiopsar dorsalis</i>
Band-tailed Seed eater	<i>Catamenia analis</i>
Plain-colored Seed eater	<i>Catamenia inornata</i>
Rusty Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa sittoides</i>
Fawn-breasted Tanager	<i>Pipraeidea melanonota</i>
Blue-and-yellow Tanager	<i>Rauenia bonariensis</i>
Rufous-bellied Mountain Tanager	<i>Pseudosaltator rufiventris</i>
Diuca Finch	<i>Diuca diuca</i>
Red-crested Cardinal	<i>Paroaria coronata</i>
Yellow-billed Cardinal	<i>Paroaria capitata</i>
Sayaca Tanager	<i>Thraupis sayaca</i>
Total Seen	345
Total Heard	1
<b>Total Recorded</b>	<b>346</b>

### Mammal List

Common Name	Scientific Name
<b>Rabbits and Hares (Leporidae)</b>	
European Hare	<i>Lepus europaeus</i>
<b>Cavy (Caviidae)</b>	
Southern Mountain Cavy	<i>Microcavia australis</i>
<b>Agouti (Dasyproctidae)</b>	
Brown Agouti - DD	<i>Dasyprocta variegata</i>
<b>Chinchilla and Allies (Chinchillidae)</b>	
Southern Mountain Viscacha	<i>Lagidium viscacia</i>
<b>Neotropical Spiny Rats (Echimyidae)</b>	
Coypu	<i>Myocastor coypus</i>



Common Name	Scientific Name
<b>Capuchin and Squirrel Monkeys (Cebidae)</b>	
Azara's Capuchin	<i>Sapajus cay</i>
<b>Dogs (Canidae)</b>	
South American Grey Fox	<i>Lycalopex griseus</i>
<b>Camels and Allies (Camelidae)</b>	
Guanaco	<i>Lama guanicoe</i>
Vicuna	<i>Lama vicugna</i>
<b>True Deer (Cervidae)</b>	
Gray Brocket	<i>Mazama gouazoubira</i>
<b>Total Recorded</b>	<b>10</b>