



**BIRDING SOUTHERN AND CENTRAL VIETNAM TRIP REPORT:
ENDEMIC & RARE JEWELS OF EAST ASIA**

10 - 25 MARCH 2026

By Chris Lotz



Bar-bellied Pitta cooperated nicely as usual (this photo is from a previous tour).

Overview

As usual, our extra small group Vietnam set departure birding tour proved wonderful for close-up views of a great many spectacularly beautiful birds, many of them endemic or near-endemic to Vietnam. Some of the numerous highlights were four jewel-like pitta species including the particularly gorgeous **Bar-bellied Pitta**, a number of rare, highly localized and charismatic laughingthrushes and allies such as **Collared Laughingthrush**, **Chestnut-eared Laughingthrush**, **Gray-crowned Crocias**, **Vietnamese Cutia** and **Black-crowned Barwing**, **Grey-headed** and **Black-headed Parrotbills**, **Vietnamese Greenfinch**, remarkable pheasant types such as **Silver Pheasant**, **Siamese Fireback**, **Germain's Peacock-Pheasant** and **Green Peafowl**, **White-faced Plover**, eight barbets including **Moustached**, **Red-vented**, **Necklaced** and **Indochinese Barbets**, seven woodpeckers ranging in size from the miniscule **White-browed Piculet** to the giant **White-bellied Woodpecker**, with the bamboo specialist **Pale-headed Woodpecker** being one of the main targets, **Collared Falconet** and a range of other raptors and owls, **Hodgson's Hawk-Cuckoo**, five dazzling broadbill species, **Yellow-billed** and **Chestnut-vented Nuthatches**, a plethora of luminously-colorful sunbirds, stacks of flycatchers and babblers, the unreal-looking **Indochinese Green Magpie**, and much more. A lot of the birding was from blinds (hides), providing really close-up views and amazing photographic opportunities of some of the most gorgeously colorful birds on the planet, many of them very rare and localized.



Vietnamese Cutia, always a star bird of this tour (photo by tour participant John Rounds).

While looking for birds, we also saw some rare and charismatic mammals like **Black-shanked Douc Langurs**, **Red-shanked Douc Langurs** and **Yellow-cheeked Crested Gibbons**, with their atmospheric “singing” resounding through the forest.

This tour also allowed us to savor the wonderful scenery of southern and central Vietnam, from the biodiverse Cat Tien National Park in the lowlands, to the nice and cool high elevation hill and mountain country (sometimes covered in beautiful pine forest) that covers large parts of the country. It's always a delight to travel in this friendly country with such picturesque scenery, delicious food and truly amazing birdlife.

Below is the day-to-day trip diary, followed by complete lists of birds, mammals and butterflies, plus a partial list of other insects, we saw. **Please see the eBird trip report for this tour [here](#).**



*We saw the stunning **Red-tailed Laughingthrush** close-up (this photo from a previous tour).*



*This tour always allows close-up views of several spectacular broadbill species. **Silver-breasted Broadbill** is actually the least brightly colored (this photo from a previous trip).*

Detailed Report

Day 1, 10th March 2026. Arrival in Ho Chi Minh City (Saigon)

This was officially the arrival day of the tour into Ho Chi Minh City, but all of us had already flown in the day before so we treated this as a day of relaxation and sightseeing. Things officially kicked off with a scrumptious buffet dinner at our comfortable hotel this evening. Four of the five participants had just joined me on a shortened, private version of our Cambodia birding tour, a trip in which we saw six Critically Endangered bird species (these are pretty reliable in this country) and a bunch of regional specials more easily found in adjacent Cambodia than in Vietnam (these two destinations certainly complement each other very nicely). The fifth participant joined just the Vietnam trip for the amazing photo opportunities provided by the hides (blinds), where amazingly beautiful and rare bird species tend to be close-up and co-operative.

Day 2, 11th March 2026. Travel from Ho Chi Minh City to Cat Tien National Park

We set off early with a packed breakfast, spending the morning and part of the afternoon birding the Ma Da Forest, conveniently situated about midway between Ho Chi Minh City and Cat Tien National Park. Just before getting to the first of two bird hides, we saw two **Ospreys**. We then sat in the first blind and had a truly spectacular time with close-up views of so many jewel-like birds. These included a pair of **Blue-rumped Pittas**, a male **Laced Woodpecker** and a male **Common Flameback** (but we saw pairs of these at the next hide!), **White-throated Rock-Thrush**, **Siberian Blue Robin**, an intricately patterned female **Siamese Fireback**, an amazing 13 **Silver-breasted**

Broadbills giving magnificent views, **Ashy** (Chinese White-faced) **Drongo**, **Greater Racket-tailed Drongo**, **Racket-tailed Treepies**, spectacular and boisterous **White-crested Laughingthrushes**, **Indochinese** and **Hainan Blue Flycatchers** and a **Little Spiderhunter**. **Babblers** were everywhere, and very confiding, and included **Puff-throated Babbler**, **Buff-breasted Babbler**, **Scaly-crowned** (Indochinese) **Babbler** and **Large Scimitar-Babbler**. **Stripe-throated** and **Ochraceous Bulbuls** also showed well. At the next hide (this afternoon) we also added **Black-crested Bulbul**.

There were also some nice squirrels at the hides: **Indochinese Ground Squirrel**, tiny **Cambodian Striped Squirrel** and (Asian) **Red-cheeked Squirrel**.

We eventually departed for Cat Tien National Park and arrived at sunset, crossing the river into the park by boat, checked into our hotel, and tried to contain our excitement about the next day.



A well-marked female Siamese Fireback (photo by tour participant John Rounds).

Day 3, 12th March 2026. Our first full day of birding at Cat Tien National Park

After breakfast we took a slow drive, with birding stops along the way, to a forest hide where we would spend most of the morning. On our way to this blind we saw a number of spectacular birds, including **Crested Serpent-Eagle** perched and showing very well, a male **Siamese Fireback** (briefly), **Green-eared Barbet**, **Black-and-red Broadbill**, **Scarlet Minivet**, **Great Iora**, **Golden-fronted Leafbird**, etc. These are all amazingly colorful birds; what a treat!

At the blind, we added numerous birds to our list, getting amazing views of sought-after and spectacular species like **Germain's Peacock-Pheasant**, a stunning **Red Junglefowl**, a pair of amazingly beautiful **Bar-bellied Pittas**, a male **Blue-rumped Pitta**, **Dark-necked Tailorbird**, **Asian Emerald Dove**, an **Abbott's Babbler** feeding a youngster, and many others. Localized

Gray-faced Tit-babblers showed themselves just as we were about to head back to the lodgings for lunch and a break during the heat of the day.

Mammals that visited the hide were several squirrel-like **Northern Treeshrews** and a very cute, obliging **Northern Smooth-tailed Treeshrew**, a **Silver-backed Chevrotain** (Lesser Mouse Deer) and a **Pallas's Squirrel**.

This afternoon, we headed to a grassland area to look for our main target, the spectacular **Green Peafowl** and we were not disappointed, seeing five of them, including one displaying with its fanned-out tail. We also added numerous other new birds to our growing list, including **Red Collared Dove**, **Lesser Coucal** and good numbers of **Greater Coucals**, **Red-breasted Parakeet**, **Indochinese Cuckooshrike**, **Black-hooded Oriole**, **Black-collared Starling**, **Vinous-breasted Myna**, and others.

Mammal-wise, there were a few **Sambar**s around and Stephen spotted an awesome **Yellow-throated Marten**.

Day 4, 13th March 2026. A second full day of birding Cat Tien National Park

This was another highly productive morning! As we were finishing off breakfast, we heard the remarkable, atmospheric “singing” of **Yellow-cheeked Crested Gibbons** and, after a few minutes of scanning the forest, we found these amazing animals bouncing through the trees. We saw the big leader male, playful juveniles and a mother (a light brown color, different from the other animals) carrying her baby. A vocal **Common** (Eurasian) **Hoopoe** put in an appearance while we were enjoying the gibbons. Soon afterwards, we enjoyed unbelievably great views of a gorgeous **Black-and-red Broadbill** at its nest. A **Taiga Flycatcher**, just beginning to get its reddish throat for breeding, also showed close-up.

We then began a slow walk along the forested road, enjoying lots of nice birds including another female **Siamese Fireback** crossing the road in front of us, an **Orange-breasted Trogon** (we heard three more further on), an **Asian Emerald Dove** (what a gorgeous dove), some **Thick-billed Green Pigeons** sunning themselves atop a bare tree (we got excellent scope views in good light), a **Violet Cuckoo** (briefly), an **Osprey** flying over, **Blue-bearded Bee-eater**, **Blue-eared**, **Green-eared** and **Coppersmith Barbets**, a pair of **Dollarbirds**, a **Blossom-headed Parakeet**, a **Black-headed Oriole** shining bright in the golden morning sun, **Large Woodshrike**, **Great Iora**, **Bar-winged Flycatcher-shrike**, three drongo species, five bulbul species, a **Thick-billed Flowerpecker** (briefly), **Purple-naped Spiderhunter**, and a flowering tree full of **Cambodian Striped Squirrels** and leafbirds – **Blue-winged** and **Golden-fronted Leafbirds**.

Two of the morning's star birds took us lots of work, **Pale-headed Woodpecker** (a localized bamboo specialist) and a dazzling male **Banded Kingfisher** which showed particularly nicely.

A pair of **Crested Serpent Eagles** soared in the late morning as we were driving back for lunch.

After lunch and a rest during the midday heat, we set out again for an exciting afternoon session, delayed by some **White-rumped Munias** that showed just as we were trying to drive out. During the afternoon, we saw three more **Siamese Firebacks** in the road (one by one, not all at the same time). At a huge bare tree, we saw a **Dollarbird** and a really superb **Collared Falconet**. After some searching, we eventually found (and got excellent views of) localized, Critically Endangered

(IUCN) **Black-shanked Douc Langurs**, the second amazing monkey we saw during the course of today.

We returned for a sunset session in an open area near our lodgings, and were rewarded with views of a gigantic **White-bellied Woodpecker**, a **Gray-headed Woodpecker** and some massive **Great Eared Nightjars** putting on their flight shows.



Laced Woodpecker was one of seven woodpecker species we saw on this tour.

Day 5, 14th March 2026. Final birding at Cat Tien National Park before heading to Da Lat

We had an excellent final slow birding walk from the lodgings at Cat Tien National Park, listing 46 species in a couple of hours. We were starting to run out of possible new trip birds here, but we did find a few of them, including **Vernal Hanging Parrot**, **Lineated Barbet**, **Green-billed Malkoha**, **Ashy Minivet**, **Rufescent Prinia**, **Large-billed Crow**, and **Ornate** and **Crimson Sunbirds**.

We then embarked on a scenic drive up onto the Da Lat Plateau, seeing several new trip birds during the drive, e.g. **Blue Rock Thrush** and **Chestnut-tailed Starling**. We ascended away from the heat of the lowlands to a different world with many very localized bird species, including some of our major targets – Vietnamese endemic species and subspecies. We arrived in good time to bird the Datanla Waterfall area, and it was hugely exciting. Here, we enjoyed seeing spectacularly plumaged **Black-throated** (Langbian) and **Mrs Gould's Sunbirds**, along with beautiful, extremely localized **Gray-crowned Crocias** (one of our major targets), **Black-headed** (Langbian) **Sibia**, a few **White-cheeked Laughingthrushes**, a ridiculously close-up **Indochinese** (Annam) **Barbet**, a flock of **Black-throated** (Gray-crowned) **Tits**, a wonderfully colored **Verditer Flycatcher**, an **Orange-headed Thrush**, a (Yellow-billed) **Blue Whistling-Thrush**, and a male **White-throated Rock-Thrush** (localized, endemic subspecies are shown in brackets).

We then drove to our hotel 15 minutes away in the tourist town of Da Lat.



Black-throated (Langbian) Sunbird (photo by tour participant John Rounds).

Day 6, 15th March 2026. A full day of birding at Bidoup Nui Ba National Park

This was an incredible day even though we had to stop birding early because the mid to late afternoon got rained out. We started at a hide (stopping only for striking **Burmese Shrikes** on the way) that was (as usual) teeming with close-up birds. A pair of **Rufous-throated Partridges** gave good views a few times. A strikingly beautiful male **White-browed (Dalat) Shrike-Babbler** and a more subtly beautiful female gave close views. We had to leave the hide and look up into the trees for a couple of **Black-headed Parrotbills** that eventually gave decent views after a bit of patience. **White-browed Scimitar-Babbler** and **Short-tailed Scimitar-Babbler** (not a typical scimitar-babbler, previously called Indochinese Wren-Babbler) showed well. There were a lot of **Mountain Fulvettas** and quite a number of **Large Niltavas** all over the place, a pair of **Mugimaki Flycatchers**, a **Rufous-browed Flycatcher** and a couple of **Snowy-browed Flycatchers**. A **White-tailed Robin** and a **Blue Whistling Thrush** showed well (like most of the species at the hide). A **Yellow-billed Nuthatch** co-operated fantastically. After we'd been at the hide for quite a while, a spectacular **Silver Pheasant** visited, wow!

After an amazing session in the hide we did some roadside birding, finding some top targets. These included **Vietnamese Cutia**, **Vietnamese Greenfinch** and **Necklaced Barbet**. There were also a lot of other superb species around, and we loved seeing **Gray-chinned Minivet**, **Long-tailed Minivet**, **Flavescent Bulbul**, **Hill Prinia** that took some patience but which eventually showed very well, **Green-backed (Langbian) Tit**, **Gray Bushchat** (the male and very different-looking female), **Chestnut-vented Nuthatch**, **Kloss's Leaf Warbler**, **Blyth's Leaf Warbler** and, as usual, many **Yellow-browed Warblers**.

Day 7, 16th March 2026. Another full day of birding at Bidoup Nui Ba National Park

We started the morning in search of the beautiful, Endangered (IUCN), Vietnamese endemic, **Collared Laughingthrush** and saw several very well from a blind. On the walk to the blind and back, we saw a number of other great birds including **Maroon Oriole**, **Rufous-capped Babbler**, **Blue-winged (Plain) Minla**, **Verditer Flycatcher**, **Gray Bushchat**, **Mrs Gould's Sunbird**, etc.

We then went to another hide and spent a large chunk of the day there. This proved a great place for some otherwise very secretive birds. **Gray-bellied Tesia** and **Lesser Shortwing** were two of these, and they both showed ridiculously well, multiple times. A **Little Pied Flycatcher**, a pair of **Snowy-browed Flycatchers**, **White-throated Fantail**, **White-spectacled Warbler**, **Gray-throated Babbler**, **Black-headed (Langbian) Sibia**, the black-backed Da Lat form of **Rufous-backed Sibia**, and many others, also showed very well. As we got back to the vehicle after our session at the hide, we saw a stunning **Yellow-checked Tit**.

Late afternoon and early evening birding was productive, with a showy **Square-tailed Drongo-Cuckoo**, and an **Indian Cuckoo** that flew right over us, giving its very distinctive, enchanting “song” to confirm its identity. **Large-tailed** and **Gray Nightjars** vocalized but remained out of sight, but an **Asian Barred Owlet** gave a brief view. On our way back to the hotel after dark, we stopped for an **Oriental Scops-Owl**, which gave great views.

Day 8, 17th March 2026. Da Lat to Nui San Pass

We did some final birding around Tuyen Lam Lake. Here we added some new trip birds like **White-bellied Erpornis**, **Black Bulbul**, **Black-browed Fulvetta**, **Little Cormorant**, and **Little Grebe**. We then headed to the Di Linh area (stopping briefly along the way for a few birds such as **Ashy Woodswallow**). In the Di Linh area, we focused on birding the Nui San Pass. We spent the whole afternoon at another amazing bird hide here. Species we saw here included another eight very close-up, gorgeous **Silver-breasted Broadbills** and another **Blue-rumped Pitta**. There were many **Orange-headed Thrushes** (with a mix of two very distinctive subspecies, orange-headed and buff-throated ones) and a showy **Dark-sided Thrush**. There were stacks of **Mugimaki Flycatchers** and a couple of other flycatcher species we'd seen earlier in the trip, plus a new one, **Blue-and-white Flycatcher**. A **Streaked Spiderhunter** put in a brief appearance. There were several **Alström's Warblers** around. We enjoyed seeing the brown-backed subspecies of **Ashy Bulbul**, **Grey-eyed Bulbul** and a couple of other bulbul species we'd already seen earlier during the trip. Despite it being an amazing session in the hide, we thought we were going to miss the star of the show, **Indochinese Green Magpie**, a gaudy species that is tough to believe really exists in real life, when a pair of these beautiful birds arrived and showed remarkably well. This is certainly one of the top species of our annual set departure Vietnam tour.



Indochinese Green Magpie (photo by tour participant Barbara Revard).

Day 9, 18th March 2026. Nui San Pass birding and transfer back to Ho Chi Minh City

We started the morning with some really excellent birdwatching around our comfortable lodge (a couple of people opted not to join the birding this morning because the lodge was so nice). We saw a couple of **Plaintive Cuckoos**, **Burmese Shrike**, **Plain Prinia**, **Chestnut-capped Babbler** (briefly), **Chestnut-tailed Starling**, **Black-collared Starling**, **Vinous-breasted Myna**, **Scarlet-backed Flowerpecker**, **White-rumped Munia**, and **Plain-backed Sparrow**, to name a few.

We then headed to a nearby hide (a different one from yesterday), stopping for **Red-vented Barbet** on the way and seeing this very large, spectacular, multi-colored species very nicely. The blind was amazing, with a couple of new trip birds showing magnificently. These were **Blue Pitta** (a male), and **Bar-backed Partridge**. Additionally, we also enjoyed seeing a lot of old friends we already knew from earlier in the trip.

We then went to a stakeout for the localized (near-endemic) **Annam Prinia** and saw it well, along with some other nice birds including the beautiful white-faced form of **Eurasian Jay**.

Finally, we transferred back to Ho Chi Minh City for our flight the next day.

Day 10, 19th March 2026. Flight to Pleiku and initial birding at Mang Den

We spent the morning traveling – flying to Pleiku and then driving up to Mang Den in the hills. We ate a nice lunch and checked in at our hotel, before heading out birding. We found a couple of **Long-tailed Shrikes** on the way to our hide. As we walked to the hide, we heard a close by **Ratchet-tailed Treepie** but didn't manage to get visuals. At the hide we saw our main target, the recently described, extremely localized **Chestnut-eared Laughingthrush**. Roadside birding in the area was productive, with a **White-browed Piculet** (a really superbly marked tiny

woodpecker), numerous **Black-chinned Yuhinas**, a couple of beautiful **Gray-chinned Minivets**, **Dark-necked Tailorbird**, **Yellow-billed Nuthatch**, and dazzlingly brightly colored **Black-throated** and **Mrs Gould's Sunbirds** (very different-looking subspecies from what we'd seen earlier in the trip, for both of these sunbird species).



The rare Chestnut-eared Laughingthrush (photo by tour participant John Rounds).

Day 11, 20th March 2026. A full day of birding around Mang Den

This morning proved spectacular (again!). We started with some roadside birding, finding **Clicking Shrike-babbler**, **Collared Owlet**, and numerous birds we'd seen already including some further nice views of **White-browed Piculet**. We then visited a different hide we hadn't yet been to, and our main targets for here showed very well. These were **Rusty-naped Pitta**, **Black-hooded Laughingthrush**, and **White-gorgeted Flycatcher**, absolutely star birds! Just as we left the hide, we heard a **Long-tailed Broadbill** and, with a little patience, we got great views of this incredibly colorful bird. More roadside birding, before an early lunch and midday rest, generated further awesome birds including the jewel-like **Silver-eared Mesia**, **Black-eared Shrike-babbler** and a **Golden Babbler** posing unusually well, among a large supporting cast of other nice birds we'd seen previously.

In the afternoon, we did some further amazing roadside birding. Raptors were much in evidence, and included a **Changeable Hawk-Eagle**, several **Crested Honey Buzzards** seemingly on migration, and a couple of **Gray-faced Buzzards**. A pair of gorgeous **Maroon Orioles** put in an appearance, as did a pair of **Gray-headed Parrotbills** (wow!) and a pair of the localized, black-crested form of **Sultan Tits**. Another true highlight was a **Pale Blue Flycatcher** showing well and singing away. A **Rufous-faced Warbler** darted by but sadly did not give proper looks. We also saw another **Golden Babbler**.

Day 12, 21st March 2026. Mang Den to Dak To

We did some final birding near Mang Den. This session would have been one of the most spectacular of the trip, had three of the species that were around shown properly. **White-winged Magpie** and **Ratchet-tailed Treepie** were very vocal but only gave brief views to a couple of us. A **Hodgson's Hawk-Cuckoo** also sang/whistled well, but we had to be satisfied with several flight views (albeit decent), and one brief perched view. Raptors, in contrast, showed nicely, and we scoped a **Jerdon's Baza** with its stylish hairdo and a **Crested Goshawk** displayed beautifully above us.

As we continued birding, we enjoyed seeing **Davison's Leaf Warblers**, a pleasant change from the ubiquitous **Yellow-browed Warblers** which we saw daily throughout the tour. A number of other nice birds we'd already seen before were also around, and these included **Black-chinned Yuhina**, **Gray-chinned Minivet** and **Bar-winged Flycatcher-shrike**.

After checking out of our hotel and having an early lunch, we took the wonderfully scenic (and birdy) route to our next destination. It was a beautiful drive through the hills and we also stopped frequently to look at new trip birds. A **Black-winged Kite** was the first of these, followed shortly by a **Besra**, and followed later by a good number of brightly colored **Chestnut-headed Bee-eaters**, a couple of **Common Kingfishers**, three **Gray Wagtails**, and good numbers of **Wire-tailed, Barn and Eastern Red-rumped (Striated) Swallows**. Further along, we also added **Asian House Martins** to our growing list, along with **Little Heron**, **Common Sandpiper**, and **Common Ringed Plover**.

After a rewarding day, we checked into our hotel, where we would be based for the next two nights, and enjoyed our dinner.

Day 13, 22nd March 2026. Birding Ngoc Linh Nature Reserve

This morning we headed high up into the mountains around 6,250 feet (1,900 meters), through marvelous scenery. We ended up in the picturesque forest-clad hills protected within Ngoc Linh Nature Reserve. We proceeded to walk to a bird hide, finding numerous good species along the way. These included a large mixed flock of warblers, including **Ashy-throated, Gray-cheeked, Chestnut-crowned, Blyth's Leaf, Davison's Leaf** and **Black-faced Warblers**. A pair of **Green-tailed Sunbirds** also joined the party.

We eventually got to the hide, which proved wonderfully productive (as always), allowing close-up views of spectacular-colored **Red-tailed Laughingthrush, Rufous-gorgeted Flycatcher, Brown-crowned Scimitar-Babbler, Indochinese** and **Rufous-winged Fulvettas**, and numerous other birds we'd seen previously on the trip. A couple of **Black-crowned Barwings** showed well as we left the hide.

On the way back to the vehicle, we found some more mixed species flocks, and added some new birds to the day list, including **Yellow-browed** and **Yellow-cheeked Tits** and various others. During the drive back to our hotel in the late afternoon, we stopped at our stakeout for **Moustached Barbet** and found it after some listening and searching, and we were eventually rewarded with great scope views and photo opportunities. A **Gray-breasted Prinia** vocalized nearby, but we were too distracted by the barbet to try and get visuals on it.



Ngoc Linh Nature Reserve as we left after seeing some spectacular avian targets.

Day 14, 23rd March 2026. Transfer to Da Nang

Today was a long travel day down through countless rolling hills, to Vietnam's third largest city, Da Nang, where we had an excellent beach hotel booked for our night in this vibrant coastal city. During the drive down, we added a couple of new trip birds in the form of **Asian Palm Swift**, **Plumbeous (Water) Redstart** at a small waterfall, and a majestic **Black Eagle** soaring.

As we arrived at the coast, we headed straight through Danang to the forest-clad, picturesque Son Tra Peninsula on the other side of this city. Here, our main target was the remarkable, colorful and sadly Critically Endangered (IUCN) **Red-shanked Douc Langur**. We got fabulous views of these charismatic animals, along with **Rhesus Macaques** that were also nearby. After enjoying the monkeys for a while, we were lucky to get a sudden burst of bird activity for the next 20 minutes, seeing a number of good birds and adding one new species to our list, the lovely **Lesser Necklaced Laughingthrush**.

We then did souvenir and spice shopping before an excellent seafood dinner.



Red-shanked Douc Langurs (photo by tour participant Barbara Revard).

Day 15, 24th March 2026. Final birding around Da Nang before flying back to Ho Chi Minh City

We spent the morning birding Cua Dai beach and bay. The star bird was **White-faced Plover**, but other new birds for the trip here were **Tibetan Sand Plover**, **Temminck's** and **Red-necked Stints**, **Great Egret**, **Oriental Skylark**, and **Paddyfield Pipit**. We also found another subspecies of **Sooty-headed Bulbul** (Northern). We then went to the Hoi An paddy fields, finding more new trip birds like **Asian Openbill**, **Medium Egret**, **Gray Heron**, **Scaly-breasted Munia**, and stacks of **Zitting Cisticolas**.

After a productive morning of birding, we had lunch and then headed to the airport for our afternoon flight back to Ho Chi Minh City.

Day 16, 25th March 2026. Departure from Ho Chi Minh City

This was a non-birding travel day and we all flew home.

Bird List – Following IOC (15.1 February 2025)

Birds ‘heard only’ are marked with (H) after the common name, all other species were seen. The following notation after species names is used to show conservation status following BirdLife International: EN = Endangered, VU = Vulnerable. Taxonomic details included as endnotes.

Common name	Scientific name
Pheasants & Allies (Phasianidae)	
Rufous-throated Partridge	<i>Arborophila rufogularis</i>
Bar-backed Partridge	<i>Arborophila brunneopectus</i>
Orange-necked Partridge (H)	<i>Arborophila davidi</i>
Silver Pheasant	<i>Lophura nycthemera</i>
Siamese Fireback	<i>Lophura diardi</i>
Green Peafowl - EN	<i>Pavo muticus</i>
Green-legged Partridge	<i>Tropicoperdix chloropus</i>
Germain's Peacock-Pheasant - VU	<i>Polyplectron germaini</i>
Red Junglefowl	<i>Gallus gallus</i>
Chinese Francolin (H)	<i>Francolinus pintadeanus</i>
Nightjars (Caprimulgidae)	
Great Eared Nightjar	<i>Lyncornis macrotis</i>
Grey Nightjar (H)	<i>Caprimulgus jotaka</i>
Large-tailed Nightjar (H)	<i>Caprimulgus macrurus</i>
Swifts (Apodidae)	
Edible-nest Swiftlet	<i>Aerodramus fuciphagus</i>
Asian Palm Swift	<i>Cypsiurus balasiensis</i>
House Swift	<i>Apus nipalensis</i>
Cuckoos (Cuculidae)	
Greater Coucal	<i>Centropus sinensis</i>
Lesser Coucal	<i>Centropus bengalensis</i>

Common name	Scientific name
Green-billed Malkoha	<i>Phaenicophaeus tristis</i>
Chestnut-winged Cuckoo (H)	<i>Clamator coromandus</i>
Asian Koel (H)	<i>Eudynamys scolopaceus</i>
Violet Cuckoo	<i>Chrysococcyx xanthorhynchus</i>
Banded Bay Cuckoo (H)	<i>Cacomantis sonneratii</i>
Plaintive Cuckoo	<i>Cacomantis merulinus</i>
Square-tailed Drongo-Cuckoo	<i>Surniculus lugubris</i>
Hodgson's Hawk-Cuckoo	<i>Hierococcyx nisicolor</i>
Indian Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus micropterus</i>
Pigeons, Doves (Columbidae)	
Red Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia tranquebarica</i>
Spotted Dove	<i>Spilopelia chinensis</i>
Common Emerald Dove	<i>Chalcophaps indica</i>
Zebra Dove	<i>Geopelia striata</i>
Thick-billed Green Pigeon	<i>Treron curvirostra</i>
Yellow-vented Green Pigeon (H)	<i>Treron seimundi</i>
Mountain Imperial Pigeon	<i>Ducula badia</i>
Grebes (Podicipedidae)	
Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>
Plovers (Charadriidae)	
Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>
Red-wattled Lapwing	<i>Vanellus indicus</i>
Tibetan Sand Plover	<i>Anarhynchus atrifrons</i>
White-faced Plover	<i>Anarhynchus dealbatus</i>
Sandpipers, Snipes (Scolopacidae)	
Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>
Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>
Temminck's Stint	<i>Calidris temminckii</i>

Common name	Scientific name
Red-necked Stint	<i>Calidris ruficollis</i>
Storks (Ciconiidae)	
Asian Openbill	<i>Anastomus oscitans</i>
Cormorants, Shags (Phalacrocoracidae)	
Little Cormorant	<i>Microcarbo niger</i>
Hérons, Bitterns (Ardeidae)	
Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>
Little Heron	<i>Butorides atricapilla</i>
Chinese Pond Heron	<i>Ardeola bacchus</i>
Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>
Medium Egret	<i>Ardea intermedia</i>
Eastern Cattle Egret	<i>Ardea coromanda</i>
Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>
Ospreys (Pandionidae)	
Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>
Kites, Hawks, Eagles (Accipitridae)	
Black-winged Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>
Jerdon's Baza	<i>Aviceda jerdoni</i>
Crested Honey Buzzard	<i>Pernis ptilorhynchus</i>
Crested Serpent Eagle	<i>Spilornis cheela</i>
Black Eagle	<i>Ictinaetus malaiensis</i>
Crested Goshawk	<i>Lophospiza trivirgata</i>
Besra	<i>Tachyspiza virgata</i>
Grey-faced Buzzard	<i>Butastur indicus</i>
Owls (Strigidae)	
Collared Owlet	<i>Taenioptynx brodiei</i>
Asian Barred Owlet	<i>Glaucidium cuculoides</i>

Common name	Scientific name
Mountain Scops Owl (H)	<i>Otus spilocephalus</i>
Oriental Scops Owl	<i>Otus sunia</i>
Collared Scops Owl (H)	<i>Otus lettia</i>
Trogon (Trogonidae)	
Orange-breasted Trogon	<i>Harpactes oreskios</i>
Red-headed Trogon (H)	<i>Harpactes erythrocephalus</i>
Hoopoe (Upupidae)	
Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>
Hornbills (Bucerotidae)	
Oriental Pied Hornbill	<i>Anthracoceros albirostris</i>
Rollers (Coraciidae)	
Indochinese Roller	<i>Coracias affinis</i>
Oriental Dollarbird	<i>Eurystomus orientalis</i>
Kingfishers (Alcedinidae)	
Banded Kingfisher	<i>Lacedo pulchella</i>
White-throated Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon smyrnensis</i>
Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>
Bee-eaters (Meropidae)	
Blue-bearded Bee-eater	<i>Nyctyornis athertoni</i>
Chestnut-headed Bee-eater	<i>Merops leschenaulti</i>
Asian Barbets (Megalaimidae)	
Red-vented Barbet	<i>Psilopogon lagrandieri</i>
Lineated Barbet	<i>Psilopogon lineatus</i>
Green-eared Barbet	<i>Psilopogon faiostrictus</i>
Necklaced Barbet	<i>Psilopogon auricularis</i>
Indochinese Barbet	<i>Psilopogon annamensis</i>

Common name	Scientific name
Moustached Barbet	<i>Psilopogon incognitus</i>
Blue-eared Barbet	<i>Psilopogon cyanotis</i>
Coppersmith Barbet	<i>Psilopogon haemacephalus</i>
Woodpeckers (Picidae)	
White-browed Piculet	<i>Sasia ochracea</i>
White-bellied Woodpecker	<i>Dryocopus javensis</i>
Greater Yellownappe (H)	<i>Chrysophlegma flavinucha</i>
Laced Woodpecker	<i>Picus vittatus</i>
Grey-headed Woodpecker	<i>Picus canus</i>
Common Flameback	<i>Dinopium javanense</i>
Pale-headed Woodpecker	<i>Gecinulus grantia</i>
Caracaras, Falcons (Falconidae)	
Collared Falconet	<i>Microhierax caerulescens</i>
Old World Parrots (Psittaculidae)	
Blossom-headed Parakeet	<i>Psittacula roseata</i>
Red-breasted Parakeet	<i>Psittacula alexandri</i>
Vernal Hanging Parrot	<i>Loriculus vernalis</i>
Typical Broadbills (Eurylaimidae)	
Long-tailed Broadbill	<i>Psarisomus dalhousiae</i>
Dusky Broadbill	<i>Corydon sumatranus</i>
Silver-breasted Broadbill	<i>Serilophus lunatus</i>
Black-and-red Broadbill	<i>Cymbirhynchus macrorhynchos</i>
Banded Broadbill (H)	<i>Eurylaimus javanicus</i>
Pittas (Pittidae)	
Rusty-naped Pitta	<i>Hydrornis oatesi</i>
Blue-rumped Pitta	<i>Hydrornis soror</i>
Blue Pitta	<i>Hydrornis cyaneus</i>

Common name	Scientific name
Bar-bellied Pitta	<i>Hydrornis elliotii</i>
Vangas & Allies (Vangidae)	
Bar-winged Flycatcher-shrike	<i>Hemipus picatus</i>
Large Woodshrike	<i>Tephrodornis virgatus</i>
Woodswallows, Butcherbirds & Allies (Artamidae)	
Ashy Woodswallow	<i>Artamus fuscus</i>
Ioras (Aegithinidae)	
Common Iora	<i>Aegithina tiphia</i>
Great Iora	<i>Aegithina lafresnayei</i>
Cuckooshrikes (Campephagidae)	
Grey-chinned Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus solaris</i>
Long-tailed Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus ethologus</i>
Scarlet Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus speciosus</i>
Ashy Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus divaricatus</i>
Oriental Cuckooshrike	<i>Coracina javensis</i>
Black-winged Cuckooshrike	<i>Lalage melaschistos</i>
Indochinese Cuckooshrike	<i>Lalage polioptera</i>
Vireos, Greenlets, Shrike-babblers (Vireonidae)	
Black-eared Shrike-babbler	<i>Pteruthius melanotis</i>
White-browed Shrike-babbler	<i>Pteruthius aeralatus</i>
Clicking Shrike-babbler	<i>Pteruthius intermedius</i>
White-bellied Erpornis	<i>Erpornis zantholeuca</i>
Figbirds, Old World Orioles, Piopios (Oriolidae)	
Maroon Oriole	<i>Oriolus traillii</i>
Black-hooded Oriole	<i>Oriolus xanthornus</i>
Black-naped Oriole	<i>Oriolus chinensis</i>

Common name	Scientific name
Drongos (Dicruridae)	
Bronzed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus aeneus</i>
Lesser Racket-tailed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus remifer</i>
Greater Racket-tailed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus paradiseus</i>
Hair-crested Drongo	<i>Dicrurus hottentottus</i>
Ashy Drongo	<i>Dicrurus leucophaeus</i>
Black Drongo	<i>Dicrurus macrocercus</i>
Fantails (Rhipiduridae)	
White-throated Fantail	<i>Rhipidura albicollis</i>
Monarchs (Monarchidae)	
Black-naped Monarch	<i>Hypothymis azurea</i>
Shrikes (Laniidae)	
Burmese Shrike	<i>Lanius collurio</i>
Long-tailed Shrike	<i>Lanius schach</i>
Grey-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius tephronotus</i>
Crows, Jays (Corvidae)	
Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>
White-winged Magpie	<i>Urocissa whiteheadi</i>
Indochinese Green Magpie	<i>Cissa hypoleuca</i>
Racket-tailed Treepie	<i>Crypsirina temia</i>
Ratchet-tailed Treepie (H)	<i>Temnurus temnurus</i>
Large-billed Crow	<i>Corvus macrorhynchos</i>
Fairy Flycatchers (Stenostiridae)	
Grey-headed Canary-flycatcher	<i>Culicicapa ceylonensis</i>
Tits, Chickadees (Paridae)	
Yellow-browed Tit	<i>Sylviparus modestus</i>
Sultan Tit	<i>Melanochloa sultanea</i>

Common name	Scientific name
Green-backed Tit	<i>Parus monticolus</i>
Yellow-cheeked Tit	<i>Machlolophus spilonotus</i>
Larks (Alaudidae)	
Oriental Skylark	<i>Alauda gulgula</i>
Bulbuls (Pycnonotidae)	
Ochraceous Bulbul	<i>Alophoixus ochraceus</i>
Puff-throated Bulbul	<i>Alophoixus pallidus</i>
Grey-eyed Bulbul	<i>Iole propinqua</i>
Ashy Bulbul	<i>Hemixos flavala</i>
Mountain Bulbul	<i>Ixos mccllellandii</i>
Black Bulbul	<i>Hypsipetes leucocephalus</i>
Black-headed Bulbul	<i>Brachypodius melanocephalos</i>
Black-crested Bulbul	<i>Rubigula flaviventris</i>
Streak-eared Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus conradi</i>
Stripe-throated Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus finlaysoni</i>
Flavescent Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus flavescens</i>
Red-whiskered Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus jocosus</i>
Yellow-vented Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus goiavier</i>
Sooty-headed Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus aurigaster</i>
Swallows, Martins (Hirundinidae)	
Asian House Martin	<i>Delichon dasypus</i>
Eastern Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>
Cettia Bush Warblers & Allies (Cettiidae)	
Black-faced Warbler	<i>Abroscopus schisticeps</i>
Mountain Tailorbird	<i>Phyllergates cucullatus</i>
Grey-bellied Tesia	<i>Tesia cyaniventer</i>

Common name	Scientific name
Bushtits (Aegithalidae)	
Black-throated Bushtit	<i>Aegithalos concinnus</i>
Leaf Warblers (Phylloscopidae)	
Ashy-throated Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus maculipennis</i>
Yellow-browed Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus inornatus</i>
White-spectacled Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus intermedius</i>
Grey-cheeked Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus poliogenys</i>
Alström's Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus soror</i>
Pale-legged Leaf Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus tenellipes</i>
Chestnut-crowned Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus castaniceps</i>
Blyth's Leaf Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus reguloides</i>
Kloss's Leaf Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus ogilviegranti</i>
Davison's Leaf Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus intensior</i>
Cisticolas & Allies (Cisticolidae)	
Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>
Annam Prinia	<i>Prinia rocki</i>
Hill Prinia	<i>Prinia superciliaris</i>
Rufescent Prinia	<i>Prinia rufescens</i>
Grey-breasted Prinia (H)	<i>Prinia hodgsonii</i>
Plain Prinia	<i>Prinia inornata</i>
Dark-necked Tailorbird	<i>Orthotomus atrogularis</i>
Parrotbills & Allies (Paradoxornithidae)	
Indochinese Fulvetta	<i>Fulvetta danisi</i>
Grey-headed Parrotbill	<i>Paradoxornis gularis</i>
Black-headed Parrotbill - VU	<i>Paradoxornis margaritae</i>
White-eyes (Zosteropidae)	
Black-chinned Yuhina	<i>Yuhina nigrimenta</i>
Swinhoe's White-eye	<i>Zosterops simplex</i>

Common name	Scientific name
Babblers, Scimitar Babblers (Timaliidae)	
Chestnut-capped Babbler	<i>Timalia pileata</i>
Grey-faced Tit-Babbler	<i>Mixornis kelleyi</i>
Pin-striped Tit-Babbler	<i>Mixornis gularis</i>
Golden Babbler	<i>Cyanoderma chrysaeum</i>
Rufous-capped Babbler	<i>Cyanoderma ruficeps</i>
Brown-crowned Scimitar Babbler	<i>Pomatorhinus phayrei</i>
White-browed Scimitar Babbler	<i>Pomatorhinus schisticeps</i>
Large Scimitar Babbler	<i>Erythrogonys hypoleucos</i>
Grey-throated Babbler	<i>Stachyris nigriceps</i>
Ground Babblers (Pellorneidae)	
Scaly-crowned Babbler	<i>Malacopteron cinereum</i>
Rufous-winged Fulvetta	<i>Schoeniparus castaneiceps</i>
Puff-throated Babbler	<i>Pellorneum ruficeps</i>
Spot-throated Babbler	<i>Pellorneum albiventris</i>
Buff-breasted Babbler	<i>Pellorneum tickelli</i>
Abbott's Babbler	<i>Malacocincla abbotti</i>
Short-tailed Scimitar Babbler	<i>Napothera danjoui</i>
Alcippe Fulvettas (Alcippeidae)	
Black-browed Fulvetta	<i>Alcippe grotei</i>
Mountain Fulvetta	<i>Alcippe peracensis</i>
Laughingthrushes & Allies (Leiothrichidae)	
Vietnamese Cutia (Endemic)	<i>Cutia legalleni</i>
Grey-crowned Crocias (Endemic)	<i>Laniellus langbianis</i>
Red-tailed Laughingthrush	<i>Trochalopteron milnei</i>
Collared Laughingthrush (Endemic) - EN	<i>Trochalopteron yersini</i>
Black-headed Sibia	<i>Heterophasia desgodinsi</i>
Blue-winged Minla	<i>Actinodura cyanouroptera</i>

Common name	Scientific name
Black-crowned Barwing	<i>Actinodura sodangorum</i>
Rufous-backed Sibia	<i>Leioptila annectens</i>
Lesser Necklaced Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax monileger</i>
Black-hooded Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax milleti</i>
Chestnut-eared Laughingthrush	<i>Ianthocincla konkakinhensis</i>
White-cheeked Laughingthrush	<i>Pterorhinus vassali</i>
Fairy-bluebirds (Irenidae)	
Asian Fairy-bluebird (H)	<i>Irena puella</i>
Nuthatches (Sittidae)	
Yellow-billed Nuthatch	<i>Sitta solangiae</i>
Chestnut-vented Nuthatch	<i>Sitta nagaensis</i>
Starlings, Rhabdornises (Sturnidae)	
Common Myna	<i>Acridotheres tristis</i>
Vinous-breasted Myna	<i>Acridotheres leucocephalus</i>
Black-collared Starling	<i>Gracupica nigricollis</i>
Chestnut-tailed Starling	<i>Sturnia malabarica</i>
Thrushes (Turdidae)	
Dark-sided Thrush	<i>Zoothera marginata</i>
Orange-headed Thrush	<i>Geokichla citrina</i>
Chats, Old World Flycatchers (Muscicapidae)	
Oriental Magpie-Robin	<i>Copsychus saularis</i>
White-rumped Shama	<i>Copsychus malabaricus</i>
Asian Brown Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa dauurica</i>
Large Niltava	<i>Niltava grandis</i>
Blue-and-white Flycatcher	<i>Cyanoptila cyanomelana</i>
Verditer Flycatcher	<i>Eumyias thalassinus</i>
White-gorgeted Flycatcher	<i>Anthipes monileger</i>

Common name	Scientific name
Rufous-browed Flycatcher	<i>Anthipes solitarius</i>
Pale Blue Flycatcher	<i>Cyornis unicolor</i>
Hainan Blue Flycatcher	<i>Cyornis hainanus</i>
Indochinese Blue Flycatcher	<i>Cyornis sumatrensis</i>
White-tailed Robin	<i>Myiomela leucura</i>
Blue Whistling Thrush	<i>Myophonus caeruleus</i>
Lesser Shortwing	<i>Brachypteryx leucophris</i>
Siberian Blue Robin	<i>Larvivora cyane</i>
Snowy-browed Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula hyperythra</i>
Mugimaki Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula mugimaki</i>
Rufous-gorgeted Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula strophciata</i>
Little Pied Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula westermanni</i>
Taiga Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula albicilla</i>
Plumbeous Water Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus fuliginosus</i>
White-throated Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola gularis</i>
Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>
Grey Bush Chat	<i>Saxicola ferreus</i>
Siberian Stonechat	<i>Saxicola maurus</i>
Leafbirds (Chloropseidae)	
Blue-winged Leafbird	<i>Chloropsis moluccensis</i>
Golden-fronted Leafbird	<i>Chloropsis aurifrons</i>
Flowerpeckers (Dicaeidae)	
Thick-billed Flowerpecker	<i>Pachyglossa agilis</i>
Fire-breasted Flowerpecker	<i>Dicaeum ignipectus</i>
Scarlet-backed Flowerpecker	<i>Dicaeum cruentatum</i>
Sunbirds (Nectariniidae)	
Ornate Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris ornatus</i>
Mrs. Gould's Sunbird	<i>Aethopyga gouldiae</i>

Common name	Scientific name
Green-tailed Sunbird	<i>Aethopyga nipalensis</i>
Black-throated Sunbird	<i>Aethopyga saturata</i>
Crimson Sunbird	<i>Aethopyga siparaja</i>
Purple-naped Spiderhunter	<i>Kurochkinogramma hypogrammicum</i>
Little Spiderhunter	<i>Arachnothera longirostra</i>
Streaked Spiderhunter	<i>Arachnothera magna</i>
Old World Sparrows, Snowfinches (Passeridae)	
Eurasian Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>
Plain-backed Sparrow	<i>Passer flaveolus</i>
House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>
Waxbills, Munias & Allies (Estrildidae)	
Scaly-breasted Munia	<i>Lonchura punctulata</i>
White-rumped Munia	<i>Lonchura striata</i>
Wagtails, Pipits (Motacillidae)	
Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>
White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>
Paddyfield Pipit	<i>Anthus rufulus</i>
Finches, Euphonias (Fringillidae)	
Vietnamese Greenfinch (Endemic)	<i>Chloris monguilloti</i>

Total seen	259
Total heard only	16
Total recorded	275

Mammal List – Following Mammal Watching (April 2024)

The following notation after species names is used to show conservation status following BirdLife International: CR = Critically Endangered, EN = Endangered, VU = Vulnerable, DD = Data Deficient.

Common name	Scientific name
Treeshrews (Tupaïidae)	
Northern Smooth-tailed Treeshrew	<i>Dendrogale murina</i>
Northern Treeshrew	<i>Tupaia belangeri</i>
Old World Monkeys (Cercopithecidae)	
Rhesus Macaque	<i>Macaca mulatta</i>
Red-shanked Douc - CR	<i>Pygathrix nemaeus</i>
Black-shanked Douc - CR	<i>Pygathrix nigripes</i>
Gibbons (Hylobatidae)	
Southern Yellow-cheeked Crested Gibbon - EN	<i>Nomascus gabriellae</i>
Squirrels (Sciuridae)	
Pallas's Squirrel	<i>Callosciurus erythraeus</i>
Asian Red-cheeked Squirrel	<i>Dremomys rufigenis</i>
Indochinese Ground Squirrel	<i>Menetes berdmorei</i>
Maritime Striped Squirrel	<i>Tamiops maritimus</i>
Cambodian Striped Squirrel	<i>Tamiops rodolphii</i>
Mustelids (Mustelidae)	
Yellow-throated Marten	<i>Martes flavigula</i>
Deer (Cervidae)	
Sambar - VU	<i>Rusa unicorn</i>
Chevrotains (Tragulidae)	
Silver-backed Chevrotain - DD	<i>Tragulus versicolor</i>
Total	14

Reptile List (following Reptiles of the World (October 2023))

Common Name	Scientific Name
Spotted Flying Dragon	<i>Draco maculatus</i>
Gekkonidae (Geckos)	
Asian House Gecko	<i>Hemidactylus platyurus</i>
Total	2

Butterfly List

Common Name	Scientific Name
Golden Birdwing	<i>Troides aeacus</i>
Common Five-Ring	<i>Ypthima baldus</i>
Yellow Coster	<i>Telchinia citrina</i>
Blue-spotted Jewel	<i>Hypolimnas misippus</i>
Chocolate Pansy	<i>Junonia iphita</i>
Panther	<i>Neurosigma siva</i>
Black-tipped Archduke	<i>Lexias pardalis</i>
Common Sailer	<i>Neptis hylas</i>
Cricula Silkmoth	<i>Cricula trifenestrata</i>
Common Mormon Swallowtail	<i>Papilio polytes</i>
Common Archduke	<i>Lexias dirtea</i>
Common Earl	<i>Tanaecia julii</i>
Grey Pansy	<i>Junonia atlites</i>
Khasi Lesser Gull	<i>Cepora nadina</i>
One-spot Grass Yellow	<i>Eurema andersonii</i>
Magpie Crow Butterfly	<i>Euploea radamanthus</i>
False Tiger Moth	<i>Dysphania militaris</i>
Striped Blue Crow	<i>Euploea mulciber</i>
Chain Swordtail	<i>Graphium aristeus</i>
Orange Gull	<i>Cepora iudith</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Dark Banded Ace	<i>Halpe porus</i>
Chocolate Grass Yellow	<i>Eurema hecabe</i>
Yellow Orange Tip	<i>Ixias pyrene</i>
Common Mapwing	<i>Cyrestis thyodamas</i>
Marbled Map	<i>Cyrestis cocles</i>
Grey Count	<i>Tanaecia lepidea</i>
Spotted Zebra	<i>Graphium aristeus</i>
Common Jay	<i>Graphium doson</i>
Tree Yellow	<i>Gandaca harina</i>
Striped Albatross	<i>Appias libythea</i>
Common Bluebottle	<i>Graphium sarpedon</i>
Great Mormon	<i>Papilio memnon</i>
Clipper	<i>Parthenos sylvia</i>
White Orange Tip	<i>Ixias marianne</i>
Straight Pierrot	<i>Caleta caleta</i>
Common Pierrot	<i>Castalius rosimon</i>
Sullied Brown Sailer	<i>Neptis soma</i>
Peacock Pansy	<i>Junonia almana</i>
Common Tiger Butterfly	<i>Danaus genutia</i>
Common Yeoman	<i>Cirrochroa tyche</i>
Fluffy Tit	<i>Zeltus amasa</i>
Five-bar Swordtail	<i>Graphium antiphates</i>
Plain Tiger Butterfly	<i>Danaus chrysippus</i>
Common Imperial	<i>Cheritra freja</i>
Common Line Blue	<i>Prosotas nora</i>
Circe	<i>Hestinalis nama</i>
Double-branded Crow	<i>Euploea sylvester</i>
Common Orange Awlet	<i>Burara harisa</i>
Little Yeoman	<i>Cirrochroa eremita</i>

Total	49
--------------	-----------

Dragonfly and Damselfly List

Common Name	Scientific Name
Slender Skimmer	<i>Orthetrum sabina</i>
Crimson-tailed Marsh Hawk	<i>Orthetrum pruinosum</i>
Blue Marsh Hawk	<i>Orthetrum glaucum</i>
Chalky Percher	<i>Diplacodes trivialis</i>
Violet Sprite	<i>Archibasis viola</i>

Total	5
--------------	----------

List of other interesting arthropods

<u>Common Name</u>	<u>Scientific Name</u>
Green-winged Bamboo-Carpenter	<i>Xylocopa nasalis</i>
Asian Honey Bee	<i>Apis cerana</i>
Black Dwarf Honey Bee	<i>Apis andreniformis</i>
Asian Weaver Ant	<i>Oecophylla smaragdina</i>
Cicada (no common name)	<i>Dundubia nagarasingna</i>
Short-winged Rice Grasshopper	<i>Pseudoxya diminuta</i>
Gray Wall Jumping Spider	<i>Menemerus bivittatus</i>

Total	7
--------------	----------